

SERVICE STATION MANUAL

854321



1200 Sport



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Revente Interdite - Revendita Vietata - Resaling Forbiden - Wiederverkauf Verboten

SERVICE STATION MANUAL 1200 Sport

This manual provides the main information to carry out regular maintenance operations on your scooter. This manual is intended to **Moto Guzzi Dealers** and their qualified mechanics; several concepts have been deliberately omitted as they are considered unnecessary. As it is not possible to include complete mechanical notions in this manual, users should have basic mechanical knowledge or minimum knowledge about the procedures involved when repairing scooters. Without this knowledge, repairing or checking the vehicle may be inefficient or even dangerous. As the vehicle repair and check procedures are not described in detail, be extremely cautious so as not to damage components or injure individuals. In order to optimise customer satisfaction when using our vehicles, **Moto Guzzi** s.p.a. commits itself to continually improve its products and the relative documentation. The main technical modifications and changes in repair procedures are communicated to all **Moto Guzzi Sales Outlets and its International Subsidiaries**. These changes will be introduced in the subsequent editions of the manual. In case of need or further queries on repair and check procedures, consult **Moto Guzzi CUSTOMER DEPARTMENT**, which will be prepared to provide any information on the subject and any further communications on updates and technical changes related to the vehicle.

NOTE Provides key information to make the procedure easier to understand and carry out.

CAUTION Refers to specific procedures to carry out for preventing damages to the vehicle.

WARNING Refers to specific procedures to carry out to prevent injuries to the repairer.



Personal safety Failure to completely observe these instructions will result in serious risk of personal injury.



Safeguarding the environment Sections marked with this symbol indicate the correct use of the vehicle to prevent damaging the environment.



Vehicle intactness The incomplete or non-observance of these regulations leads to the risk of serious damage to the vehicle and sometimes even the invalidity of the guarantee.



Revente Interdite - Revendita Vietata - Resaling Forbiden - Wiederverkauf Verboten

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Rules

Safety rules

Carbon monoxide

If you need to keep the engine running in order to carry out any procedure, please ensure that you do so in an open or very well ventilated area. Never let the engine run in an enclosed area. If you do work in an enclosed area, make sure to use a smoke-extraction system.

CAUTION



EXHAUST EMISSIONS CONTAIN CARBON MONOXIDE, A POISONOUS GAS WHICH CAN CAUSE LOSS OF CONSCIOUSNESS AND EVEN DEATH.

Fuel

CAUTION





FUEL USED TO POWER INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES IS HIGHLY FLAMMABLE AND CAN BECOME EXPLOSIVE UNDER SPECIFIC CONDITIONS. IT IS THEREFORE RECOMMENDED TO CARRY OUT REFUELLING AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES IN A VENTILATED AREA WITH THE ENGINE SHUT OFF. DO NOT SMOKE DURING REFUELLING AND NEAR FUEL VAPOURS, AVOID ANY CONTACT WITH NAKED FLAMES, SPARKS OR OTHER SOURCES WHICH MAY CAUSE THEM TO IGNITE OR EXPLODE.

DO NOT DISPOSE OF FUEL INTO THE ENVIRONMENT.

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

Hot components

The engine and the exhaust system components get very hot and remain in this condition for a certain time interval after the engine has been shut off. Before handling these components, make sure that you are wearing insulating gloves or wait until the engine and the exhaust system have cooled down.

Used engine oil and transmission oil

CAUTION





IT IS ADVISABLE TO WEAR LATEX GLOVES WHEN SERVICING THE VEHICLE.

ENGINE OR TRANSMISSION OIL MAY CAUSE SERIOUS INJURIES TO THE SKIN IF HANDLED FOR PROLONGED PERIODS OF TIME AND ON A REGULAR BASIS.

WASH YOUR HANDS CAREFULLY AFTER HANDLING OIL.

HAND THE OIL OVER TO OR HAVE IT COLLECTED BY THE NEAREST USED OIL RECYCLING COMPANY OR THE SUPPLIER.

DO NOT DISPOSE OF OIL INTO THE ENVIRONMENT

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

Brake and clutch fluid



BRAKE AND CLUTCH FLUIDS CAN DAMAGE PLASTIC OR RUBBER PAINTED SURFACES. WHEN SERVICING THE BRAKING OR THE CLUTCH SYSTEM PROTECT THESE COMPONENTS WITH A CLEAN CLOTH. ALWAYS WEAR PROTECTIVE GOGGLES WHEN SERVICING THE SYSTEMS. BRAKE AND CLUTCH FLUIDS ARE EXTREMELY HARMFUL FOR YOUR EYES. IN THE EVENT OF ACCIDENTAL CONTACT WITH THE EYES, RINSE THEM IMMEDIATELY WITH ABUNDANT COLD, CLEAN WATER AND SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE IMMEDIATELY.

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

Battery electrolyte and hydrogen gas

CAUTION



BATTERY ELECTROLYTE IS TOXIC, CORROSIVE AND AS IT CONTAINS SULPHURIC ACID, IT CAN CAUSE BURNS WHEN IN CONTACT WITH THE SKIN. WHEN HANDLING BATTERY ELECTROLYTE, WEAR TIGHT-FITTING GLOVES AND PROTECTIVE APPAREL. IF THE ELECTROLYTIC FLUID COMES INTO CONTACT WITH THE SKIN, RINSE WELL WITH ABUNDANT FRESH WATER. IT IS PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT TO PROTECT YOUR EYES AS EVEN TINY AMOUNTS OF BATTERY ACID MAY CAUSE BLINDNESS. IF THE FLUID GETS INTO CONTACT WITH YOUR EYES, WASH WITH ABUNDANT WATER FOR FIFTEEN MINUTES AND CONSULT AN EYE SPECIALIST IMMEDIATELY. IF THE FLUID IS ACCIDENTALLY SWALLOWED, DRINK LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER OR MILK, FOLLOWED BY MILK OF MAGNESIA OR VEGETABLE OIL AND SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE IMMEDIATELY. THE BATTERY RELEASES EXPLOSIVE GASES; KEEP IT AWAY FROM FLAMES, SPARKS, CIGARETTES OR ANY OTHER HEAT SOURCE. ENSURE ADEQUATE VENTILATION WHEN SERVICING OR RECHARGING THE BATTERY.

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

BATTERY LIQUID IS CORROSIVE. DO NOT POUR OR SPILL IT, PARTICULARLY ON PLASTIC COMPONENTS. ENSURE THAT THE ELECTROLYTIC ACID IS COMPATIBLE WITH THE BATTERY TO BE ACTIVATED.

Maintenance rules

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND INFORMATION

When repairing, dismantling and reassembling the vehicle follow the recommendations reported below carefully.

BEFORE DISASSEMBLING COMPONENTS

Before dismantling components, remove dirt, mud, dust and foreign bodies from the vehicle.
 Use the special tools designed for this bike, as required.

COMPONENTS REMOVAL

- Do not loosen and/or tighten screws and nuts using pliers or other tools other than the especially designed wrench.
- Mark positions on all connection joints (pipes, cables, etc.) before separating them, and identify them with distinctive symbols.
- Each component needs to be clearly marked in order to be identified during assembly.
- Clean and wash the removed components carefully using a low-flammability detergent.

- Keep coupled parts together since they have "adjusted" to each other due to normal wear and tear.
- Some components must be used together or replaced altogether.
- Keep away from heat sources.

REASSEMBLING COMPONENTS

CAUTION

BEARINGS MUST BE ABLE TO ROTATE FREELY, WITHOUT JAMMING AND/OR NOISE, OTH-ERWISE THEY NEED REPLACING.

- Only use ORIGINAL Moto Guzzi SPARE PARTS.
- Comply with lubricant and consumables usage guidelines.
- Lubricate parts (whenever possible) before reassembling them.
- When tightening nuts and screws, start from the ones with the largest section or from the internal ones, moving diagonally. Tighten nuts and screws in successive steps before applying the tightening torque.
- Always replace self-locking nuts, washers, sealing rings, circlips, O-rings, split pins and screws with new ones if their tread is damaged.
- When fitting bearings, make sure to lubricate them well.
- Check that each component is fitted correctly.
- After a repair or routine maintenance procedure, carry out pre-ride checks and test the vehicle on private grounds or in an area with low traffic density.
- Clean all junction surfaces, oil guard rims and washers before refitting them. Smear a light layer of lithium-based grease on the oil guard rims. Reassemble the oil guard and the bearings with the brand or lot number facing outward (visible side).

ELECTRIC CONNECTORS

Electric connectors must be disconnected as described below as non-compliance with the procedure so described causes irreparable damage to both the connector and the cable harness:

Press the relevant safety hooks, if any.

- Grip the two connectors and disconnect them by pulling them in opposite directions.
- If there are signs of dirt, rust, humidity, etc., clean the connector internal parts carefully using a pressurised air jet.
- Make sure that the cables are correctly linked to the connector internal terminal ends.
- Then insert the two connectors making sure that they couple correctly (if the relevant hooks are provided, you will hear them "click" into place).

CAUTION

TO DISCONNECT THE TWO CONNECTORS, DO NOT PULL THE CABLES.

NOTE

THE TWO CONNECTORS CONNECT ONLY FROM ONE SIDE: CONNECT THEM THE RIGHT WAY ROUND.

TIGHTENING TORQUE

CAUTION

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DO NOT FORGET THAT THE TIGHTENING TORQUE OF ALL FASTENING ELEMENTS ON WHEELS, BRAKES, WHEEL SPINDLES AND OTHER SUSPENSION COMPONENTS PLAY A KEY ROLE IN ENSURING THE VEHICLE'S SAFETY AND MUST COMPLY WITH SPECIFIED VALUES. CHECK THE TIGHTENING TORQUE OF FASTENING PARTS ON A REGULAR BASIS AND ALWAYS USE A TORQUE WRENCH TO REASSEMBLE THESE COMPONENTS. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THESE RECOMMENDATIONS MAY CAUSE ONE OF THESE COMPONENTS TO GET LOOSE AND EVEN DETACHED, THUS BLOCKING A WHEEL, OR OTHERWISE COMPROMISE VEHICLE HANDLING. THIS CAN LEAD TO FALLS, WITH THE RISK OF SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

Running-in

Engine run-in is essential to ensure engine long life and correct operation. Twisty roads and gradients are ideal to run in engine, brakes and suspensions effectively. Vary your driving speed during run-in. In this way, you allow for the work of components to be "loaded" and then "unloaded", thus cooling engine parts.

CAUTION

THE CLUTCH MAY EMIT A SLIGHT BURNING SMELL WHEN FIRST USED. THIS PHENOMENON SHOULD BE CONSIDERED NORMAL AND WILL DISAPPEAR AS SOON AS THE CLUTCH PLATES GET ADAPTED.

IT IS IMPORTANT TO STRAIN ENGINE COMPONENTS DURING RUN-IN, HOWEVER, MAKE SURE NOT TO OVERDO THIS.

CAUTION

ONLY AFTER THE SERVICE AT THE END OF THE RUN-IN PERIOD CAN THE BEST PERFORMANCE OF YOUR VEHICLE BE OBTAINED.

Follow the guidelines detailed below:

- Do not twist the throttle grip abruptly and completely when the engine is working at a low revs, either during or after run-in.
- During the first 100 km (62 miles) operate the brakes with caution, avoid rough and long braking. That is to permit the adequate adjustment of the pad friction material to the brake discs.



AFTER THE SPECIFIED MILEAGE, TAKE THE VEHICLE TO AN OFFICIAL Moto Guzzi DEALER FOR THE CHECKS INDICATED IN THE "AFTER-RUN" TABLE IN THE SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE SECTION TO AVOID INJURING YOURSELF, OTHERS AND /OR DAMAGING THE VEHICLE.

Vehicle identification

SERIAL NUMBER POSITION

These numbers are necessary for vehicle registration.

NOTE

ALTERING IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS CAN BE SERIOUSLY PUNISHED BY LAW, PARTICULARLY MODIFYING THE CHASSIS NUMBER WILL IMMEDIATELY INVALIDATE THE WARRANTY.

This number is composed by numbers and letters, as in the example shown below.

ZGULPM000YMXXXXXX

KEY:

ZGU: WMI (World manufacture identifier) code;

LP: model;

M00: version variation;

0: digit free

Y year of manufacture

M: production plant (M= Mandello del Lario);

XXXXXX: progressive number (6 digits);

CHASSIS NUMBER

The chassis number is stamped on the right side of the headstock.

ENGINE NUMBER

The engine number is stamped on the left side, close to the engine oil level check cap.





Dimensions and mass

WEIGHT AND DIMENSIONS

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Length	2195 mm (86.4 in)
Width	870 mm (34.2 in)
Max. height (to the windshield)	1405 - 1365 mm (55.3 - 53.7 in)
Saddle height	800 mm (31.5 in)
Minimum ground clearance	185 mm (7.3 in)
Wheelbase	1495 mm (58.8 in)
Kerb weight	246 kg (542 pounds)
Saddle height Minimum ground clearance Wheelbase	800 mm (31.5 in) 185 mm (7.3 in) 1495 mm (58.8 in)

Engine

ENGINE

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Type	90° transversal V-twin, four stroke
Cylinder quantity	2

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Specification	Desc./Quantity
Cylinder layout	90° V
Bore / stroke	95 x 81.2 mm (3.74 x 3.20 in)
Cubic capacity	1151 cm³ (70 cu.in.)
Compression ratio	9.8 :1
Maximum power	over 65 kW (90 CV) at 7500 rpm
Start-up	electric
Engine revs at idle speed	1100 ± 100 rpm
Clutch	dry, twin disc with hydraulic control
Lubrication system	Pressure-fed lubrication system adjusted through
	valves and a trochoidal pump
Air filter	cartridge, dry
Cooling	air
Supply	Electronic injection (Weber . Marelli) with Stepper
	motor
Diffuser	Ø 45 mm (1.77 in)
Fuel	Premium unleaded petrol, minimum octane rating
	of 95 (NORM) and 85 (NOMM)
Timing system diagram:	2 rod valves and rocking levers
Valid values with checking clearance between	inlet: 0.10 mm (0.0039 in)
rocking levers and valve	outlet: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

Transmission

TRANSMISSION

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Main transmission	with gears, ratio: 24/35 = 1:1.4583
Gear	Mechanical, 6 speeds with foot lever on the left-
	hand side of the engine
1st gear ratios	17/38 = 1 :2.2353
2nd gear ratios	20/34 = 1:1.7
3rd gear ratios	23/31 = 1:1.3478
4th gear ratio	26/29 = 1:1.1154
5th gear ratios	31/29 = 1:0.9355
6th gear ratios	30/24 = 1 :0.8
Final transmission	cardan shaft
Ratio	12/44 = 1:3.6667

Capacities

CAPACITY

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Engine oil	Oil and oil filter change 3600 cm ³ (219 cu.in)
Gearbox oil	500 cm ³ (30.5 cu in)
Transmission oil	380 cm³ (23.2 cu in)
Fuel (reserve included)	23 I (6.1 gal)
Fuel reserve	4 I (1.06 gal)
Fork oil	$400 \pm 2.5 \text{ cm}^3 (24.4 \pm 0.15 \text{ in}) \text{ (for each stem)}$
Seats	2
Vehicle maximum load	230 Kg (507 pounds) (rider + passenger + lug-
	gage)

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Electrical system

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Inner spark plug (long life)	NGK PMR8B
Outer spark plug	NGK BPR6ES
Electrode gap	0.6 - 0.7 mm (0.024 - 0.028 in)
Battery	12 V - 18 Ampere/hour
(Permanent magnet) Generator	12V - 540 W
Main fuses	30 A
Auxiliary fuses	3A - 15A - 20A
Tail light	12V - 5 W
Low-beam light	12 V - 55 W H7
High-beam light	12 V - 65 W H9
Turn indicators	12V - 10 W (orange bulb)
Rear tail light / stop light	LED
Instrument panel lighting	LED
License plate light	12V - 5 W
Turn indicator warning light	LED
Gear in neutral warning light	LED
Alarm warning light	LED
Side stand down warning light	LED
Low fuel warning light	LED
High-beam warning light	LED
Antitheft device warning light	LED
Gear shift warning light	LED

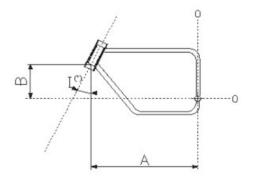
Frame and suspensions

CHASSIS AND SUSPENSIONS

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Type	high strength steel tube chassis
Trail	120 mm (4.72 in)
FRONT SUSPENSION	hydraulic telescopic fork, Ø 45 mm (1.77 in) stems,
	adjustable at spring preloading.
Headstock angle	25° 30'
Wheel travel	120 mm (4.72 in)
Rear	single arm suspension with progressive linkage,
	single shock absorber with adjustable rebound
	and ergonomic knob for spring preloading adjust-
	ment.
Wheel travel	140 mm (5.5 in)

SIZES A AND B

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Size A	758.9 +/- 1 mm (29.88 +/- 0.04 in)
Size B	345.5 mm (13.60 in)



Brakes

BRAKES

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Front	twin Ø 320 mm (12.6 in) stainless steel floating
	disc, calliper with 4 different and counteracting
	plungers
Rear	Single stainless steel disc; Ø 282 mm (11.1 in)

Wheels and tyres

WHEELS AND TYRES

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Туре	hollow 3-spoke rim in chilled cast aluminium alloy
Front wheel rim	3.50" x 17"
Rear wheel rim	5.50" x 17"
Tyres	METZELER Roadtec Z6
	MICHELIN Pilot Road
	DUNLOP D220 ST Sportmax
Tyres - front size	120/70 - ZR 17"
Inflation pressure (front)	2.5 bar (250 kPa) (36.3 PSI)
Inflation pressure with passenger (front)	2.5 bar (250 kPa) (36.3 PSI)
Tyres - Rear size	180 / 55 - ZR 17"
Inflation pressure (rear)	2.8 bar (280 kPa) (40.6 PSI)
Inflation pressure with passenger (rear)	2.8 bar (280 kPa) (40.6 PSI)

Supply

SUPPLY

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Fuel	premium unleaded petrol, minimum octane rating
	of 95 (NORM) and 85 (NOMM)
Throttle body diffuser	Ø 45 mm (1.77 in)
Type of supply	electronic multipoint sequential phased integrated electronic fuel injection, Magneti Marelli IAW5A, Alpha-N system with Stepper motor; 2 throttle bod- ies of 45 mm (1.77 in) with Weber IW031 injector, lambda probe in closed loop

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Tightening Torques

HEADS

Name	Torque in Nm
Oil cap (2)	25 Nm (18.44 lbf ft)
Exhaust system stud bolt (4)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft) - Loctite 648
Rocking lever support nut - M10x1.5 (8)	15 Nm (11.06 lbf ft) + 90° + 90°
Rocking lever nut (4)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Set screw - TE M6x16 (4)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Head cover screw - M6x25 (16)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Head fixing screw (4)	15 Nm (11.06 lbf ft) + 90°
Oil temperature sensor	11 Nm (8.11 lbf ft) - Loctite 243
Oil temperature sensor container	11 Nm (8.11 lbf ft) - Loctite 601
Outer Spark plugs	30 Nm (22.13 lbf ft) - Molikote
Inner spark plugs	15 Nm (11.06 lbf ft) - Molikote

CRANKCASE

Name	Torque in Nm
Crankcase stud bolt - cylinder (8)	25 Nm (18.44 lbf ft)
Transmission side flange stud bolt - M8x66 (3)	35 Nm (25.81 lbf ft)
Transmission side flange stud bolt - M8x75 (2)	35 Nm (25.81 lbf ft)
Crankshaft flange screw - TE M8x25 (14)	25 Nm (18.44 lbf ft)
Timing system cover screw - TCEI M8x55 (4)	25 Nm (18.44 lbf ft)
Timing system cover screw - TCEI M6x30 (10)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Oil vapour union screw - TCEI M6x20 (2)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Timing system outer cover screw - TCEI M6x16 (4)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Screw TSPEI M4x8 (2)	5 Nm (3.69 lbf ft) - Loctite 243
TCEI M6x40 Screw (2)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Timing sensor - TCEI M5x12 (2)	6 Nm (4.42 lbf ft)
Crankcase stud bolts - chassis (4)	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft) - Loctite 601

OIL SUMP

Name	Torque in Nm
Oil radiator pipe fitting on sump (2)	20 Nm (14.75 lbf ft)
Oil pipe on sump	20 Nm (14.75 lbf ft)
Oil sump lower screw - TCEI M6x30 (4)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Oil sump screw - TCEI M6x55 (14)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Oil sump screw - TCEI M6x60 (2)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Oil drainage plug - M10x1 (1)	20 Nm (14.75 lbf ft)
Oil filter (1)	15 Nm (11.06 lbf ft)
Oil filter fitting (1)	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft) - Loctite 243
Oil pipe in sump	20 Nm (14.75 lbf ft) - Loctite 648
Thermostat cap	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)
Pressure-relief plug	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)
Oil intake filter fixing screw - TCEI M6x16 (1)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft) - Loctite 648

OIL PUMP

Name	Torque in Nm
Oil pump fixing screw - TBEI M6x30 (3)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft) - Loctite 243
Oil pump gear nut - M10x1.25 (1)	20 Nm (14.75 lbf ft)
Oil delivery pipe screw (1)	17 Nm (12.54 lbf ft)

Name	Torque in Nm

Oil pressure sensor 45 Nm (33.19 lbf ft)

TIMING SYSTEM

Name Name	Torque in Nm
Camshaft flange screw - TE M6x20 (3)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Timing system gear nut on camshaft - M18 (1)	150 Nm (110.63 lbf ft)
Timing system gear nut on crankshaft - M25 (1)	120 Nm (88.51 lbf ft)
Camshaft support screw on timing system cover -	5 Nm (3.69 lbf ft) - Loctite 243
TCEI M4x10 (4)	
Belt tension	50 Nm (36.88 lbf ft)

GENERATOR

Name	Torque in Nm
Generator fixing screw - TCEI M8x45 (1)	22 Nm (16.23 lbf ft)
Generator fixing nut - M10x1.5 (1)	30 Nm (22.13 lbf ft)
Generator pulley nut on crankshaft - M16 (1)	80 Nm (59 lbf ft) - Loctite 243

CRANKSHAFT - FLYWHEEL

Name	Torque in Nm
Start-up crown fixing screw on flywheel (8)	18 Nm (13.28 lbf ft) - Loctite 243
Connecting rod screw (4) - pre-tightening	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)
Connecting rod screw (4) - final tightening	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)
Flywheel fixing screw on crankshaft - M8x25 (6)	42 Nm (30.98 lbf ft) - Loctite 243

GEAR

Name Name	Torque in Nm
Gear shift cable lever nut	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Gear shift tie rod lever nut on gear pre-selector	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Gearbox to crankcase fixing nut - M8 (5)	20 Nm (14.75 lbf ft)
TE flanged screw fixing gearbox to crankcase -	20 Nm (14.75 lbf ft)
M8x45 (1)	
Oil cap M18x1.5 (1)	28 Nm (20.65 lbf ft)
Breather cap (1)	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)
Gear in neutral sensor (1)	10 Nm (7.38 lbf ft)
Oil drainage plug - M10x1 (1)	24 Nm (17.7 lbf ft)
Transmission shaft ring nut (1)	100 Nm (73.76 lbf ft)

CHASSIS TO ENGINE UNIT

Name Name	Torque in Nm
M6x40 TCEI DA screw	8 -12 Nm
Reduction	20 Nm

FUEL SUPPLY CONTROL UNIT

Name	Torque in Nm
M5x12 TCEI screw	6 -7 Nm
Stainless steel M5x16 TBEI flanged screw	6 -7 Nm
M6x25 TCEI DA screw	8 -12 Nm

CHASSIS

Name	Torque in Nm
Electronic control unit retainer + coil plates	10 Nm
Electronic control unit retainer	10 Nm

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Name	Torque in Nm
Tank support rubber rings to chassis retainer	25 Nm
Gearbox to chassis retainer	80 Nm
Coil retainer	2 Nm
Engine retainer	80 Nm
Left and right footrest plate to chassis upper re-	20 Nm
tainer	
Right footrest plate to chassis lower retainer	30 Nm
Left footrest plate to chassis lower retainer	30 Nm
Right/left protection cover retainer	6 Nm
Plate ring to plate retainer	6 Nm
Handgrip to chassis fixing screw	25 Nm
Cover to handgrip retainer	25 Nm

FOOTRESTS AND LEVERS

Name	Torque in Nm
Footrest rubber retainer	10 Nm
Rod retainer (nut)	10 Nm
Gear shift lever / brake pin retainer	10 Nm
Gear shift lever / pre-selector retainer	10 Nm
Spring hook pin	4 Nm

SIDE STAND

Name	Torque in Nm
Stand plate to engine retainer	80 Nm
Side stand retainer pin	10 Nm
Switch fixing screw	10 Nm
Lock nut	30 Nm

CENTRE STAND

Name	Torque in Nm
Stand to plates fixing screw	50 Nm
Pipe guide ring to plates fixing screw	10 Nm

FRONT SUSPENSION

Name Name	Torque in Nm
Speed sensor retainer	10 Nm
Tube lock plate to steering base retainer	6 Nm
Fork stem to lower / upper plate retainer	25 Nm
Headstock ring nut	40 Nm
Headstock counter ring nut	manual + 90 degrees
Upper plate fixing cover	100 Nm
Fork hubs closing	10 Nm

REAR SUSPENSION

Name	Torque in Nm
Shock absorber to chassis retainer, 8.8	50 Nm
Double connecting rod/shock absorber retainer,	40 Nm
10.9	
Single connecting rod/double connecting rod re-	50 Nm
tainer, 10.9	
Single connecting rod to chassis retainer, 8.8	50 Nm
Double connecting rod/fork retainer, 10.9	50 Nm

AIR FILTER CASING

Name	Torque in Nm
Filter casing cover/filter casing bracket	3 Nm
Blow by tank to filter casing cover retainer	3 Nm
Air temperature sensor retainer	2 Nm

EXHAUST

Name	Torque in Nm
Exhaust pipe to engine retainer	25 Nm
Exhaust pipe to compensator retainer (clamp)	10 Nm
Compensator to silencer retainer (clamp)	10 Nm
Lambda probe retainer	38 Nm
Silencer to support retainer (screw +nut)	25 Nm

FRONT WHEEL

Name	Torque in Nm
Wheel pin nut	80 Nm
Disc retainer	30 Nm

REAR WHEEL

Name	Torque in Nm
Disc retainer	30 Nm
Rear wheel retainer, 10.9	110 Nm

FRONT BRAKING SYSTEM

Name	Torque in Nm
Front brake right and left calliper retainer	40 Nm

REAR BRAKING SYSTEM

Name	Torque in Nm
Rear brake calliper retainer	50 Nm
Rear brake lever pin	15 Nm
Rear brake fluid reservoir retainer	3 Nm
Rear brake fluid reservoir support to plate retainer	10 Nm
Rear brake rod lock nut	manual
Brake lever spring to plate retainer	6 Nm
Brake pump retainer	10 Nm

HANDLEBAR AND CONTROLS

Name Name	Torque in Nm
Lower U-bolt fixing screws - M8x35 (4)	25 Nm
Lower U-bolt fixing screws - M8x25 (2)	25 Nm
Upper U-bolt fixing screws - M8x35 (4)	25 Nm
Anti-vibration weights retainer	10 Nm

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Name	Torque in Nm
Horn retainer	15 Nm
Speed sensor to front fork retainer	12 Nm

INSTRUMENT PANEL AND LIGHTS

Name	Torque in Nm
Instrument panel support to light support retainer	10 Nm
Instrument panel support to fork upper plate re-	25 Nm
tainer	
Instrument panel retainer	3 Nm
Light support to fork lower plate retainer	25 Nm
Light + turn indicators retainer	10 Nm
Rear light to handgrip retainer	4 Nm

FUEL PUMP FLANGE

Name	Torque in Nm
Tank breather joint	6 Nm
Pump support to tank retainer	4 Nm

FUEL TANK

Name	Torque in Nm
Filler to tank retainer	4 Nm
Rear screw fixing the tank to the chassis - M8x45	25 Nm

CHASSIS / FAIRINGS (FRONT)

Name	Torque in Nm
Air inlet to tank retainer	4 Nm
Lug to engine retainer	25 Nm
Right to left lug retainer	4 Nm
Front mudguard retainer	4 Nm
Windshield internal fixing screw	35 Nm

CHASSIS/ FAIRINGS (REAR)

Name	Torque in Nm
Tail section + fairing retainer	4 Nm
Tail section to handgrip retainer	4 Nm
Net hooks to chassis retainer	25 Nm
reflector to support retainer	4 Nm
reflector support to license plate holder retainer	4 Nm
License plate lamp to license plate holder retainer	4 Nm
(M6) Passenger seat cover / saddle fixing screw	55 Nm

FINISHING

Name	Torque in Nm
Ignition lock retainer - shear head screw	- Nm
Ignition lock retainer	25 Nm

SWING ARM

Name	Torque in Nm
Fork on bushing clamp retainer	10 Nm
Fork on bevel gear pair retainer	50 Nm
Reaction rod to bevel gear pair retainer	50 Nm
Reaction rod to chassis retainer	50 Nm
Fork bolt to fork retainer	60 Nm
Preloading bushing to fork bolt retainer	10 Nm

Overhaul data

Assembly clearances

Cylinder - piston assy.

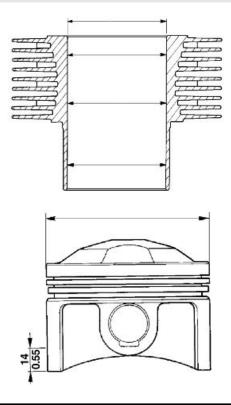
Measurement of the cylinder diameter must be done at three heights, turning the dial gauge 90°.

Check the clearance between the cylinders and pistons; if it exceeds the value specified, it is necessary to replace cylinders and pistons.

The pistons of an engine must be balanced; a weight difference of up to 1.5 (0.0033 lb) is admitted.

ADMITTED MEASUREMENTS

Specification	Desc./Quantity
cylinder diameter	95.000 - 95.020 mm (3.7401 - 3.7409 in)
piston diameter	94.942 - 94.972 mm (3.7379 - 3.7390 in)
fitting clearance	0.048 - 0.068 mm (0.00189 - 0.00268 in)



Piston rings

Check the sealing piston rings and the oil scraper.

On each piston there are:

- 1 top piston ring;
- 1 middle stepped piston ring;
- 1 oil scraper piston ring.

CHAR - 15

The ends of the fitted piston rings are out of phase.

Fitting backlash detected between the ring thickness and seats on the piston:

Sealing rings and oil scraper 0.030 - 0.065 mm (0.00118 - 0.00256 in)

Gap between the end of the piston rings inserted in the cylinder:

Upper sealing ring and stepped ring 0.40 - 0.65 mm (0.00158 - 0.00255 in)

Oil scraper ring 0.30 - 0.60 mm (0.00118 - 0.00236 in).

Turn the rings so that the coupling ends are 120 degrees from each other.

Crankcase - crankshaft - connecting rod

CAMSHAFT (CAM) SUPPORT DIAMETER AND THEIR SEATS ON THE CRANKCASE (TIMING SYSTEM SIDE)

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Shaft support diameter	47.000 - 46.984 mm
	(1.85039 ÷ 1.84976 inch)
Seat diameter on base	47.025 - 47.050 mm
	(1.85137 ÷ 1.85236 inch)
fitting clearance	0.025 - 0.066 mm
	(0.00098 ÷ 0.00260 inch)

CAMSHAFT (CAM) SUPPORT DIAMETER AND THEIR SEATS ON THE CRANKCASE (FLYWHEEL SIDE)

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Shaft support diameter	32.000 - 31.984 mm
	(1.25984 ÷ 1.25921 inch)
Seat diameter on base	32.025 - 32.050 mm
	(1.26082 ÷ 1.26181 inch)
fitting clearance	0.025 - 0.066 mm
	(0.00098 ÷ 0.00260 inch)

TAPPET-SEAT COUPLING ON CRANKCASE DATA (PRODUCTION)

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Seats diameter	22.021 - 22.000 mm
	(0.86697 ÷ 0.86614 inch)
Tappet external diameter	21.996 - 21.978 mm
	(0.86598 ÷ 0.86527 inch)
Fitting clearances	0.004 - 0.043 mm
	(0.00016 ÷ 0.00169 in.)

Recommended products chart

RECOMMENDED PRODUCTS

Product	Description	Specifications
AGIP RACING 4T 10W-60	Engine oil	SAE 10W - 60. Top-branded oils
		that meet or exceed the require-
		ments of CCMC G-4 API SG
		specifications can be used as an

Product	Description	Specifications
		alternative for recommended
		oils.
AGIP GEAR SAE 80 W 90	Transmission oil	-
AGIP GEAR MG/S SAE 85 W 90	Gearbox oil	-
AGIP FORK 7.5W	Fork oil	SAE 5W / SAE 20W
AGIP GREASE SM2	Lithium grease with molybdenum	NLGI 2
	for bearings and other points	
	needing lubrication	
Neutral grease or petroleum jelly.	Battery poles	
AGIP BRAKE 4 / BRAKE 5.1	Brake fluid	Top-branded fluids that meet or
		exceed the requirements of SAE
		J1703, NHTSA 116 DOT 4, ISO
		4925 Synthetic fluid specifica-
		tions can be used as an alterna-
		tive for recommended fluids.
AGIP BRAKE 4 / BRAKE 5.1	Clutch fluid	Top-branded fluids that meet or
		exceed the requirements of SAE
		J1703, NHTSA 116 DOT 4, ISO
		4925 Synthetic fluid specifica-
		tions can be used as an alterna-
		tive for recommended fluids.
NOTE		

USE ONLY NEW BRAKE FLUID. DO NOT MIX DIFFERENT BRANDS OR TYPES OF OIL WITHOUT CHECKING THEIR BASE COMPATIBILITY.

INDEX OF TOPICS

SPECIAL TOOLS S-TOOLS

Special tools 1200 Sport

SPECIAL TOOLS

	SPECIAL TOOLS	
Stores code	Description	
05.94.86.30	Belt tension tool	
05.91.17.30	Front cover insertion cone	
05.91.25.30	Gearbox opening	
05.90.19.30	Inner spark plug removal	
05.92.80.30	Piston ring clamp	
05.92.72.30	Timing system cover sealing ring punch	

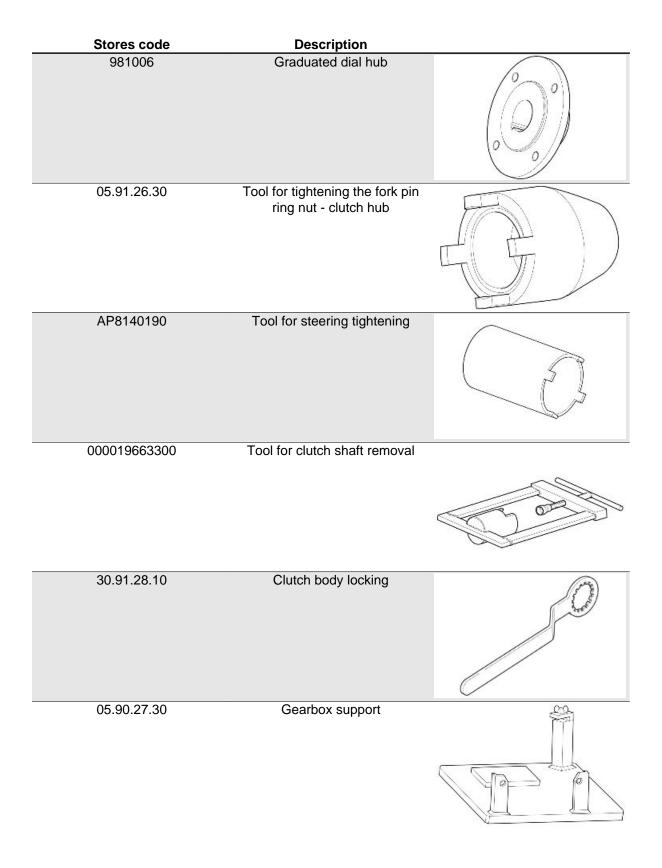
1200 Sport Special tools

Stores code	Description	
01.92.91.00	Wrench for removing the cover on sump and filter	
05.90.25.30	Gearbox support	
19.92.96.00	Graduated dial to control ignition timing	
17.94.75.60	Arrow to control ignition timing	
12.91.18.01	Tool to lock flywheel and start-up crown gear	
12.91.36.00	Tool to remove the flywheel-side flange	

Special tools 1200 Sport

Stores code	Description	
10.90.72.00	Tool for valve removal and refit- ting	
30.90.65.10	Tool for clutch fitting	
14.92.71.00	Tool to fit the sealing ring on the flywheel-side flange	
12.91.20.00	Tool to fit the flywheel-side flange together with sealing ring on the crankshaft	
19.92.71.00	Tool to fit the sealing ring on the flywheel-side flange	
14.92.73.00	Tool for camshaft gear sealing	

1200 Sport Special tools



Special tools 1200 Sport

Stores code	Description	
05.90.27.31	Gearbox oil seal buffer	
05.90.27.32	Buffer handgrip	
05.90.27.33	Ball joint sealing buffer	
05.90.27.34	Wrench for pinion ring nut	
05.90.27.35	Pinion oil seal buffer	
05.90.27.36	Bevel gear pair support	

INDEX OF TOPICS

MAINTENANCE MAIN

Maintenance 1200 Sport

Maintenance chart

NOTE

CARRY OUT THE MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AT HALF THE INTERVALS SHOWN IF THE VEHICLE IS USED IN WET OR DUSTY AREAS, OFF ROAD OR FOR SPORTS APPLICATIONS.

AT EVERY START-UP

Action

Engine oil pressure warning light - check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

BEFORE EACH RIDE AND EVERY 2000 KM (1250 MI)

Action

Tyre pressure - Adjust

Brake pad wear - Check and clean, adjust or replace if necessary

AFTER RUN-IN (1,500 км (932 мі)

Action

Exhaust pipe flange fixing bolts - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Transmission cables and controls - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Steering bearings and steering clearance - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Disc brakes - Check and clean, adjust or replace if necessary

Engine oil filter - Replace

Fork - Check and clean, adjust and lubricate

General vehicle operation - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary.

Braking systems - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Light circuit - Check and clean, adjust or replace if necessary

Safety switches - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Gearbox oil - Change

Engine oil - Change

Final transmission oil - Change

Tyres - Check and clean, adjust or replace if necessary

Tyre pressure - Adjust

Engine revs at idle speed - Adjust

Valve clearance adjustment - Adjust

Wheels - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Bolt, nut and screw tightening - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Battery terminal tightening - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Cylinder synchronisation - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Suspensions and position adjustment - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Brake pad wear - Check and clean, adjust or replace if necessary

EVERY 4 YEARS

Action

Fuel pipes - Replace

Brake pipes - Replace

EVERY 5000 KM (3125 MI) - IF THE VEHICLE IS USED FOR RACING

Action

Outer spark plugs - Replace

Engine oil filter - Replace

Engine oil - Change

Purge fluid present in oil drainage pipe from the filter casing - Clean

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1200 Sport Maintenance

Action

Clutch wear - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

EVERY 10,000 км (6250 мі) ок 12 MONTHS

Action

Outer spark plugs - Replace

Idle mixture (CO) - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Transmission cables and controls - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Steering bearings and steering clearance - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Wheel bearings - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Disc brakes - Check and clean, adjust or replace if necessary

Air filter - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Engine oil filter - Replace

General vehicle operation - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary.

Braking systems - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Gearbox oil - Change

Engine oil - Change

Final transmission oil - Change

Valve clearance adjustment - Adjust

Wheels - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Bolt, nut and screw tightening - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Cylinder synchronisation - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Purge fluid present in oil drainage pipe from the filter casing - Clean

Fuel pipes - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Brake pipes - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Clutch wear - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

AFTER THE FIRST 10,000 KM (6,250 MILES) AND THEN AFTER EVERY 20,000 KM (12,500

MILES)

Action

Fork oil - Change

Fork oil seals - Replace

EVERY 20,000 KM (12,500 MI) OR 24 MONTHS

Action

Inner spark plugs - Replace

Alternator belt - Adjust; EVERY 50,000 km (31,050 mi)

Air filter - Replace

Fork - Check and clean, adjust and lubricate

Brake fluid - Change

Suspensions and position adjustment - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Brake pad wear - Check and clean, adjust or replace if necessary

Transmission fluid

Maintenance 1200 Sport

Check

- Keep the vehicle upright with both wheels on the ground.
- Unscrew and remove the level plug (1).
- The level is correct if the oil is close to the hole of the level plug (1).
- If the oil is lower than specified, top-up until it reaches the level plug hole (1).

CAUTION



DO NOT ADD ADDITIVES OR ANY OTHER SUBSTANCE TO THE FLUID. WHEN USING A FUNNEL OR ANY OTHER ELEMENT, MAKE SURE IT IS PERFECTLY CLEAN.



Replacement

CAUTION

THE UNIT MUST BE HOT WHEN THE OIL IS CHANGED AS UNDER SUCH CONDITIONS OIL IS FLUID AND THEREFORE EASY TO DRAIN.

NOTE

RIDE SOME km (miles) TO WARM UP ENGINE OIL

- Place a container with + 400 cm³ (25 cu in) capacity under the drainage plug (3).
- Unscrew and remove the drainage plug (3).
- Unscrew and remove the breather cap (2).
- Drain the oil into the container; allow several minutes for oil to drain out completely.
- Check and if necessary, replace the sealing washer of drainage plug (3).
- Remove any metal scrap attached to the drainage plug (3) magnet.
- Screw and tighten the drainage plug (3).
- Pour new oil through the fill opening (1) until it reaches the level plug hole (1).

CAUTION

DO NOT ADD ADDITIVES OR ANY OTHER SUBSTANCE TO THE FLUID. WHEN USING A FUNNEL OR ANY OTHER ELEMENT, MAKE SURE IT IS PERFECTLY CLEAN.

1200 Sport Maintenance

• Screw and tighten the caps (1 - 2).



Engine oil

Check

CAUTION

ENGINE MUST BE WARM TO CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL

NOTE

DO NOT LET THE ENGINE IDLE WITH THE VEHICLE AT STANDSTILL TO WARM UP THE ENGINE AND REACH THE OPERATING TEMPERATURE OF ENGINE OIL. OIL IS BEST CHECKED AFTER RUNNING FOR ABOUT 15 KM (10 miles).

- Shut off the engine.
- Keep the vehicle upright with the two wheels on the ground.
- Unscrew and remove the dipstick (1).
- Clean the dipstick (1).
- Reinsert the dipstick (1) into the opening but do not screw it.
- Remove the dipstick (1).
- Check oil level on the dipstick (1).
- The oil level is correct when it close to the "MAX" mark.

MAX = maximum level

MIN = minimum level

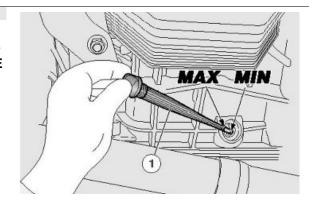
Add engine oil if required:

- Unscrew and remove the dipstick (1).
- Top-up with engine oil until it goes above the minimum level marked "MIN".

Maintenance 1200 Sport

CAUTION

DO NOT ADD ADDITIVES OR OTHER SUBSTANCES TO THE OIL. WHEN USING A FUNNEL OR ANY OTHER ELEMENT, MAKE SURE IT IS PERFECTLY CLEAN.

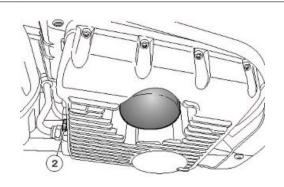


Replacement

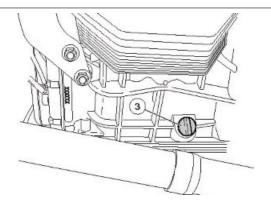
NOTE

HOT OIL IS MORE FLUID AND WILL DRAIN OUT MORE EASILY AND COMPLETELY.

- Place a container with + 4000 cm³ (245 cu in) capacity under the drainage plug
 (2).
- Unscrew and remove the drainage plug (2).



- Unscrew and remove the filler plug (3).
- Drain the oil into the container; allow several minutes for oil to drain out completely.
- Check and if necessary, replace the sealing washers of drainage plug (2).
- Remove any metal scrap attached to the drainage plug (2) magnet.
- Screw and tighten the drainage plug
 (2).
- Pour new oil until it goes above the minimum level marked "MIN".



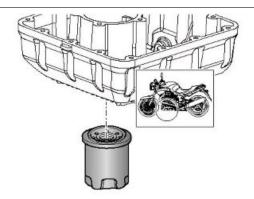
1200 Sport Maintenance

Engine oil filter

 Unscrew and remove the engine oil filter from its seat.

NOTE

NEVER REUSE A FILTER.



- Spread a thin layer of oil on the sealing ring of the new engine oil filter.
- Fit and screw the new oil filter in its seat.

Gearbox Oil

Inspection

CHECKING AND TOPPING UP

CAUTION

ENGINE MUST BE WARM TO CHECK GEARBOX OIL LEVEL.

NOTE

DO NOT LET THE ENGINE IDLE WITH THE VEHICLE AT STANDSTILL TO WARM UP THE ENGINE AND REACH THE OPERATING TEMPERATURE OF ENGINE OIL. OIL IS BEST CHECKED AFTER RUNNING FOR ABOUT 15 KM (10 miles).

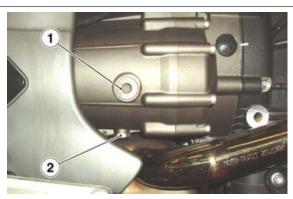
- Shut off the engine.
- Keep the vehicle upright with both wheels on the ground.
- Unscrew and remove the cap/dipstick
 (1) placed on the gearbox right side.
- The level is correct if the oil is on the rim of the hole of the level plug (1).

If necessary:

 Top-up with oil until it reaches the dipstick opening (1).

CAUTION

DO NOT ADD ADDITIVES OR ANY OTHER SUBSTANCE TO THE FLUID. WHEN USING A FUNNEL OR ANY OTHER ELEMENT, MAKE SURE IT IS PERFECTLY CLEAN.



Maintenance 1200 Sport

Replacement

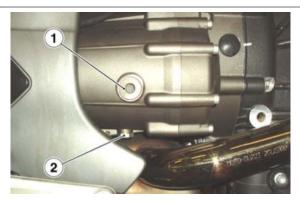
NOTE

HOT OIL IS MORE FLUID AND WILL DRAIN OUT MORE EASILY AND COMPLETELY.

- Place a container with suitable capacity under the drainage plug (2).
- Unscrew and remove the drainage plug (2).
- Unscrew and remove the filler cap (1).
- Drain the oil into the container; allow several minutes for oil to drain out completely.
- Check and replace, if necessary, the sealing washers of drainage plug (2).
- Remove any metal scrap attached to the drainage plug (2) magnet.
- Screw and tighten the drainage plug (2).
- Pour in new oil until it reaches the dipstick opening (1).
- Tighten the filler cap (1).



DO NOT ADD ADDITIVES OR ANY OTHER SUBSTANCE TO THE FLUID. WHEN USING A FUNNEL OR ANY OTHER ELEMENT, MAKE SURE IT IS PERFECTLY CLEAN.



Air filter

- Remove the fuel tank.
- Disconnect the connector from the air temperature sensor.



1200 Sport Maintenance

Slide off the oil breather pipe.



Unscrew and remove the five screws.



- Lift the filter casing cover.
- Remove the acoustic insulation panel.
- Remove the air filter.
- Cover the inlet duct with a clean cloth so that no foreign bodies could get into.

NOTE

DO NOT START THE ENGINE WITHOUT THE AIR FILTER. TO CLEAN THE FILTERING ELEMENT, USE A PRESSURE AIR JET FROM THE INSIDE TO THE OUTSIDE.



Checking the valve clearance

If the timing system is very noisy, check the clearance between valves and rocking levers.

NOTE

ADJUST WITH COLD ENGINE, WITH PISTON AT TOP DEAD CENTRE (TDC) IN COMPRESSION STROKE (VALVES CLOSED).

Maintenance 1200 Sport

- Remove the fuel tank.
- Unscrew and remove the two screws.
- Remove the spark plugs protection.
- Disconnect both spark plug tubes.



- Unscrew and remove the eight screws.
- Remove the head cover.



- loosen the nut (1);
- use a screwdriver on the set screw (2) until the following clearances are obtained:
- inlet valve: 0.10 mm (0.0039 in)
- outlet valve: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in).
 - The measurement must be done using a thickness gauge (3).



CAUTION

IF CLEARANCE IS LARGER THAN RECOMMENDED, THE TAPPET WILL BE NOISY. OTHERWISE, THE VALVES DO NOT CLOSE CORRECTLY, WHICH CAN LEAD TO PROBLEMS SUCH AS:

- PRESSURE DROP;
- ENGINE OVERHEAT;
- VALVE BURNOUT, ETC.

Braking system

Level check

Brake fluid check

- Place the vehicle on the service stand.
- For the front brake, turn the handlebar fully to the right.

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1200 Sport Maintenance

• For the rear brake, keep the vehicle upright so that the fluid in the reservoir is at the same level with the plug.

• Make sure that the fluid level in the reservoir is above the "MIN" reference mark:

MIN = minimum level

MAX = maximum level

If the fluid does not reach at least the "MIN" reference mark:

- Check brake pads and disc for wear.
- If the pads and/or the disc do not need replacing, top-up the fluid.

Top-up

Front brake:

- Undo the two screws (1) of the brake fluid reservoir (2) using a Phillips screwdriver.
- Lift and remove the cover (3) and screws (1) as well.
- Remove the gasket (4).

Rear brake:

- Unscrew and remove the cap (5).
- Remove the gasket (6).
- Top-up the reservoir with brake fluid to the correct level, which is between the two "MIN" and "MAX" reference marks.

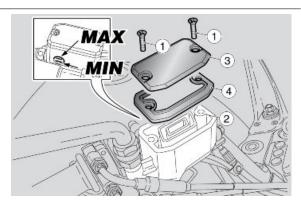


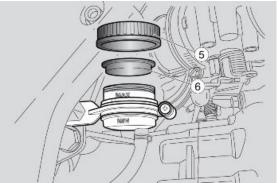
RISK OF BRAKE FLUID SPILLS. DO NOT OP-ERATE THE BRAKE LEVER WITH BRAKE FLU-ID RESERVOIR CAP LOOSENED OR RE-MOVED.



AVOID PROLONGED AIR EXPOSURE OF THE BRAKE FLUID. BRAKE FLUID IS HYGRO-SCOPIC AND ABSORBS MOISTURE WHEN IN CONTACT WITH AIR. LEAVE THE BRAKE FLUID RESERVOIR OPEN ONLY FOR THE TIME NEEDED TO COMPLETE THE TOPPING UP PROCEDURE.







Maintenance 1200 Sport

TO AVOID SPILLING FLUID WHILE TOPPING-UP, KEEP THE TANK PARALLEL TO THE RES-ERVOIR EDGE (IN HORIZONTAL POSITION).

DO NOT ADD ADDITIVES OR OTHER SUBSTANCES TO THE FLUID.

WHEN USING A FUNNEL OR ANY OTHER ELEMENT, MAKE SURE IT IS PERFECTLY CLEAN.



DO NOT EXCEED THE "MAX" LEVEL MARK WHEN TOPPING UP.

TOP-UP TO "MAX" LEVEL MARK ONLY WHEN BRAKE PADS ARE NEW. WHEN TOPPING UP DO NOT EXCEED THE "MAX" LEVEL MARK WHEN BRAKE PADS ARE WORN AS YOU RISK SPILLING FLUID WHEN CHANGING THE BRAKE PADS.

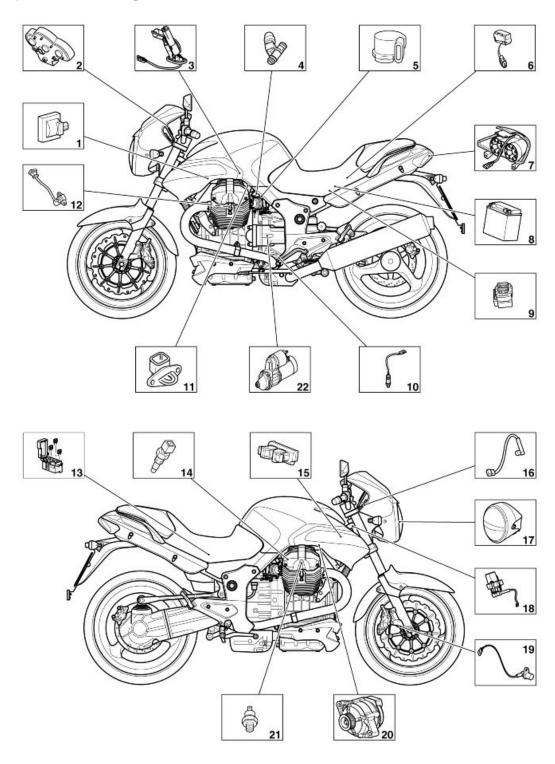
CHECK BRAKING EFFICIENCY. IN CASE OF EXCESSIVE TRAVEL OF THE BRAKE LEVER OR POOR PERFORMANCE OF THE BRAKING SYSTEM, TAKE YOUR VEHICLE TO AN Official Moto Guzzi Dealer, AS IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO PURGE THE AIR IN THE SYSTEM.

INDEX OF TOPICS

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

ELE SYS

Components arrangement



Key:

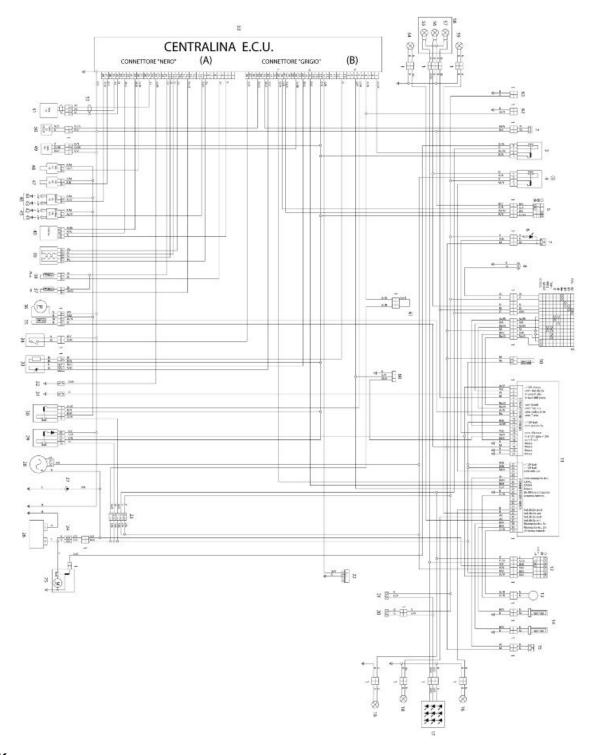
- 1 Coil
- 2 Instrument panel
- 3 Fuel pump
- 4 Injector

ELE SYS - 2

- 5 Throttle valve potentiometer
- 6 Fall sensor
- 7 Rear light
- 8 Battery
- 9 Main fuses
- 10 Lambda probe
- 11 Intake air temperature sensor
- 12 Engine revolution sensor
- 13 Auxiliary fuses
- 14 Head temperature sensor
- 15 Engine control unit
- 16 Instrument panel air temperature sensor
- 17 Front headlamp
- 18 Key lock with integrated immobilizer aerial
- 19 Speed sensor
- 20 Alternator
- 21 Oil pressure sensor
- 22 Starter motor

Electrical system installation

General wiring diagram



Key:

- 1. Multiple connectors
- 2. Clutch switch
- 3. Start-up relay
- 4. Lights relay
- 5. Right light switch

ELE SYS - 4

- 6. HAZARD button lighting LED
- 7. HAZARD button
- 8. Horn
- 9. Left light switch
- 10. Instrument panel air temperature thermistor
- 11. Instrument panel
- 12. Key switch
- 13. Immobilizer aerial
- 14. Heated hand grips
- 15. Heated hand grips control
- 16. Right rear turn indicator
- 17. Rear light (with LED)
- 18. Left rear turn indicator
- 19. License plate light rear stop witch
- 20. Front stop switch
- 21. Diagnosis connector
- 22. Secondary fuses
- 23. Main fuses
- 24. Starter motor
- 25. Battery
- 26. Plug socket
- 27. Alternator
- 28. Main injection relay
- 29. Secondary injection relay
- 30. Oil pressure sensor
- 31. Neutral switch
- 32. Lambda probe
- 33. Side stand switch
- 34. Fuel reserve sensor
- 35. Fuel pump
- 36. Intake air temperature thermistor
- 37. Head temperature sensor
- 38. Automatic air
- 39. Throttle sensor
- 40. Right cylinder inner spark plug
- 41. Right cylinder outer spark plug
- 42. Left cylinder inner spark plug
- 43. Left cylinder outer spark plug

- 44. Right cylinder double coil
- 45. Left cylinder double coil
- 46. Right injector
- 47. Left injector
- 48. Speed sensor
- 49. Fall sensor
- 50. Flywheel pick up
- 51. Pick up cable shielding
- 52. ECU
- 53. Left front turn indicator
- 54. Tail light bulb
- 55. Low-beam bulb
- 56. High-beam bulb
- 57. Front headlamp
- 58. Right front turn indicator
- 59. Instrument panel diagnosis
- 60. Diode pre-installation
- 61. Condenser pre-installation
- 62. GPS Connector

Cable colour:

Ar orange

Az sky blue

B blue

Bi white

G yellow

Gr grey

M brown

N black

R red

Ro pink

V green

Vi violet

Checks and inspections

Dashboard

ELE SYS - 6

Diagnosis

Changing the CODE

If you know the code, just enter it and then a new code that will be automatically stored in the memory. If the vehicle is new, the user code is: 00000

Resetting the CODE

This function is used to set a new code when the old one is not available; in this case, at least two of the programmed keys have to be inserted in the ignition lock.

After the first key has been inserted, the second one is requested with the following message:

INSERT KEY II

If the second key is not inserted within 20 seconds, the operation is finished.

After recognising the second key, the new code is required with the message:

ENTER NEW CODE

Once the operation is finished, the instrument panel goes back to the SET-UP menu.

DIAGNOSIS

Access to this menu (diagnosis functions), for the technical service only, after requesting a service code.

It will read: ENTER THE SERVICE CODE For this vehicle the code is: 36421

The functions in this menu are

- Exit
- ECU errors
- Instrument Panel Errors
- Delete errors
- Reset Service
- Update
- Change Keys

ECU ERRORS

The instrument panel receives only the current errors from the control unit.

Description Error code

Throttle Valve Error DC V DC ECU 10

Throttle Valve Error DC Gnd ECU 11

Engine Temperature Error DC V DC ECU 14

Engine Temperature Error DC Gnd ECU 15

Air Temperature Error DC V DC ECU 16

Air Temperature Error DC Gnd ECU 17

Low Battery Error ECU 20

Lambda Probe Error ECU 21

Coil 1 Error DC V DC ECU 22

Coil 1 Error DC Gnd ECU 23

Coil 2 Error DC V DC ECU 24

Coil 2 Error DC Gnd ECU 25

Injector 1 Error DC V DC ECU 26

Injector 1 Error DC Gnd ECU 27

Injector 2 Error DC V DC ECU 30

Pump Relay Error ECU 36

Local Loopback Error ECU 37

Start-up Remote Error DC V DC ECU 44

Remote Error Start-up DC Gnd ECU 45

Canister Error DC V DC ECU 46

Canister Error DC Gnd ECU 47

Battery Error Hig ECU 50

Generic ECU Error ECU 51

Rpm Sensor Error ECU 54

Self-adaptability Value Error ECU 55

Vehicle Speed Error ECU 56

Stepper Error AC ECU 60

Stepper Error DC V DC ECU 61

Stepper Error DC Gnd ECU 62

Not recognised error ECU 00

INSTRUMENT PANEL ERRORS

In this mode a chart is displayed showing potential errors in the immobilizer and its sensors.

This is the error decoding chart:

Description Error code

Immobilizer failure: Key code read but not recognised DSB 01 Immobilizer failure: Key code not read (Key not present

or transponder not working) DSB 02

Immobilizer failure: Aerial

not working (Open or short-circuited) DSB 03

Immobilizer failure: Failure of internal controller DSB 04
Fuel sensor failure DSB 05

Air temperature sensor failure DSB 06

Oil sensor failure DSB 07
Oil pressure failure DSB 08

The instrument panel keeps all previous errors stored in its memory.

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ERROR CLEARING

This option deletes instrument panel errors only, a further confirmation is requested.

INSTRUMENT PANEL SOFTWARE UPGRADE

This function is used to program the instrument panel again with a new software through Axone. The Display reads: "Instrument panel disconnected. Now connect the diagnosis instrument"; the instrument panel will connect normally after the key is extracted-inserted.

The white connector is placed under the saddle, beside the fuse box, close to the diagnosis connector for the injection system.

Use the Ditech connector in the Axone 2000 **Aprilia-Moto Guzzi** package to connect to the Axone cable.



KEY CHANGE FUNCTION

This function can be used:

- 1) if one key is lost; the dealer can disable this key;
- 2) to activate up to 4 keys;
- 3) should a new key lock be necessary and thus program the new set of keys.

In the first phase the user code must be entered and, after confirming the inserted key (key I) has been programmed, the other keys must be entered too.

The procedure finishes once the 4 keys have been programmed or after 20 seconds.

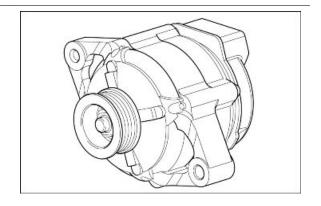
Should a new key lock be necessary, the procedure is: once the key is set to ON but the instrument panel does not recognise it, the user code is requested: enter the user code.

Now enter MENU, DIAGNOSIS (entering the service code), KEY CHANGE and program the new keys.

Battery recharge circuit

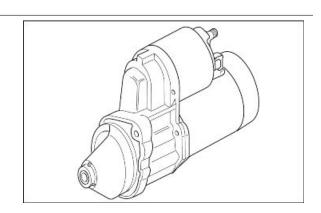
Checking the stator

Single-phase generator with regulated voltage Maximum load 40A (550W) Charging voltage 14.2 - 14.8 V (5000 rpm)



Start-up system check

pick-up input about 100 A



level indicators

Petrol pump:

Input: 3.5 A (to be measured between pins 1 and 2 with 12V voltage)

Fuel level sensor:

Resistance (to be measured between pins 3 and $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1$

4)

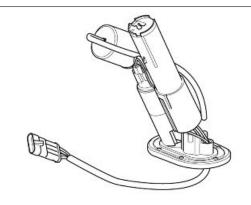
pt)

250-300 Ohm with fuel level equal to 0 litre

100 Ohm with fuel level equal to 11.25 litres (20.43

10-20 Ohm with fuel level equal to 22.5 litres (40.86 pt)

The low fuel warning light turns on with values over 230 Ohm.

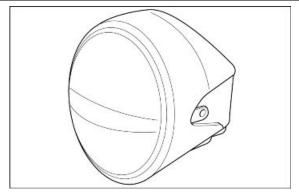


Lights list

FRONT HEADLAMP

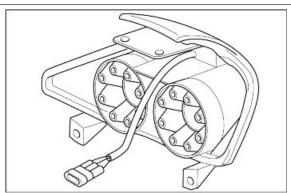
Tail light: 12V - 5W

Low-beam light: 12 V - 55 W H7 High-beam light: 12 V - 65 W H9



REAR LIGHT

LED



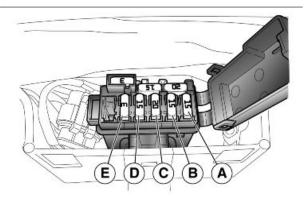
Fuses

AUXILIARY FUSES

- A Stop, horn, Hazard button lighting, relay coil lights (15 A).
- B Tail lights, ignition relay coil, passing (15 A).
- C Fuel pump, coils, injectors (20 A).
- D Lambda burner, auxiliary injection relay coil, start-up relay coil, speed sensor power supply (15 A).
- E Permanent positive, ECU power supply (3A).

NOTE

THERE ARE THREE SPARE FUSES (3, 15, 20 A).

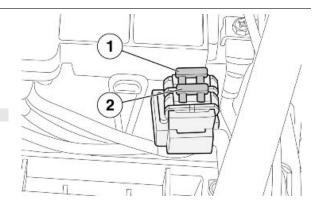


MAIN FUSES

- 1 From battery to voltage regulator (30 A).
- 2 From battery to key and auxiliary fuses C D (30 A).

NOTE

THERE IS ONE SPARE FUSE.



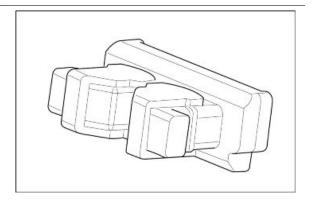
Control unit

Model: Magneti Marelli IAW 5 AM2

Black connector pins

Pin Use

- 1 Not used
- 2 Not used
- 3 Ignition potentiometer signal
- 4 Not used
- 5 Engine temperature signal
- 6 Not used
- 7 Not used
- 8 Not used
- 9 Stepper motor (+)
- 10 Right cylinder coil control
- 11 Not used
- 12 Not used
- 13 Not used
- 14 Air temperature signal
- 15 Not used
- 16 Not used
- 17 Stepper motor (+)
- 18 Stepper motor (-)
- 19 Stepper motor (-)
- 20 5V power supply (NTC sensors)
- 21 Not used
- 22 Not used
- 23 Neutral sensor signal
- 24 Not used



- 25 Engine revolution sensor signal
- 26 Not used
- 27 Not used
- 28 Left cylinder injector control
- 29 Ignition potentiometer power supply
- 30 Not used
- 31 Not used
- 32 Ignition potentiometer negative
- 33 Not used
- 34 Revolution sensor anti-jamming cable
- 35 Engine revolution sensor signal
- 36 Not used
- 37 Right cylinder injector control
- 38 Left cylinder coil control

Grey connector pins

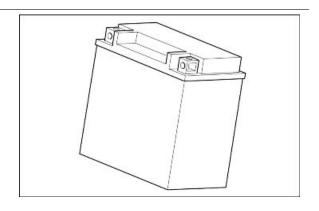
Pin Use

- 1 Pin 85 ignition relay control
- 2 Not used
- 3 Not used
- 4 Power supply protected from instrument panel
- 5 Not used
- 6 Pin 86 auxiliary relay control
- 7 Immobilizer line
- 8 Pin 85 ignition relay control
- 9 Not used
- 10 Not used
- 11 Oxygen probe negative control
- 12 Not used
- 13 Not used
- 14 Not used
- 15 Not used
- 16 K line (diagnosis)
- 17 Power supply from main relay
- 18 Not used
- 19 Not used
- 20 CAN H line (ccm/instrument panel)
- 21 Not used
- 22 Oxygen probe signal

- 23 Not used
- 24 Vehicle speed signal input
- 25 Not used
- 26 Not used
- 27 "Engine stop" signal input
- 28 Ignition signal input
- 29 CAN L line (ccm/instrument panel)
- 30 Not used
- 31 Not used
- 32 Oxygen probe power supply
- 33 Clutch sensor signal
- 34 Not used
- 35 Fall sensor signal
- 36 Not used
- 37 Not used
- 38 Side stand sensor signal

Battery

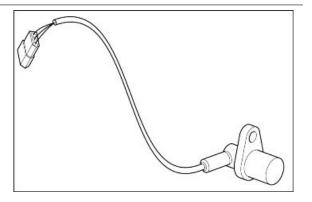
12 V - 18 Ampere/hour



Speed sensor

Active inductive sensor

3-pin connector (Power supply - Signal-Earth connection).



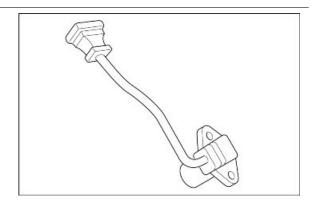
Engine rpm sensor

Measures the engine revolution speed and each cylinder timing in relation to the TDC

Inductive type sensor, with three-way connector:

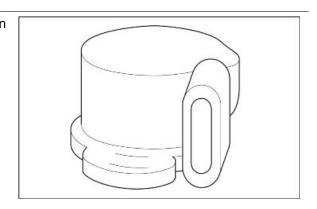
- positive voltage pin;
- negative voltage pin: resistance from 650 to 720 Ohm (to be measured between pins 1 and 2);
- shielding pin.

Air gap value: (measure sensor length with a depth gauge): 0.5 - 0.7 mm (0.0197 - 0.0276 in).



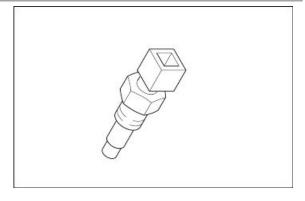
Throttle position sensor

Output voltage 0.55 - 4.4 V (variable depending on the position of the throttle valve, to be measured between pins C and A)



Engine temperature sensor

This sensor, 5V powered, features NTC specifications and sends the control unit a signal which varies depending on temperature to help manage the stoichiometric ratios during engine speed adjustment.



ENGINE TEMPERATURE SENSOR RESISTANCE

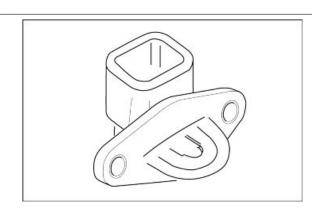
	Specification	Desc./Quantity
1	Resistance at -40 °C (-104 °F)	100.950 kOhm
2	Resistance at -30 °C (-22 °F)	53.100 kOhm
3	Resistance at -20 °C (-4 °F)	29.120 kOhm
4	Resistance at -10 °C (14 °F)	16.600 kOhm

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	Specification	Desc./Quantity
5	Resistance at 0 °C (32 °F)	9.750 kOhm
6	Resistance at +10 °C (50 °F)	5.970 kOhm
7	Resistance at +20 °C (68 °F)	3.750 kOhm
8	Resistance at +30 °C (86 °F)	2.420 kOhm
9	Resistance at +40 °C (104 °F)	1.600 kOhm
10	Resistance at +50 °C (122 °F)	1.080 kOhm
11	Resistance at +60 °C (140 °F)	0.750 kOhm
12	Resistance at +70 °C (158 °F)	0.530 kOhm
13	Resistance at +80 °C (176 °F)	0.380 kOhm
14	Resistance at +90 °C (194 °F)	0.280 kOhm
15	Resistance at +100 °C (212 °F)	0.204 kOhm
16	Resistance at +110 °C (230 °F)	0.153 kOhm
17	Resistance at +120 °C (257 °F)	0.102 kOhm

Air temperature sensor

NTC type sensor



AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR RESISTANCE

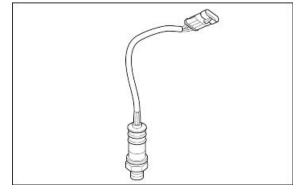
	Specification	Desc./Quantity
1	Resistance at -40 °C (-104 °F)	100.950 kOhm
2	Resistance at 0 °C (32 °F)	9.750 kOhm
3	Resistance at 10 °C (50 °F)	5.970 kOhm
4	Resistance at 20 °C (68 °F)	3.750 kOhm
5	Resistance at 30 °C (86 °F)	2.420 kOhm
6	Resistance at 40 °C (104 °F)	1.600 kOhm
7	Resistance at 90 °C (194 °F)	0.280 kOhm

Lambda sensor

Oxygen sensor with heater.

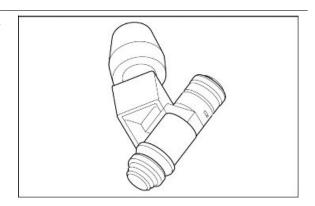
Sensor voltage between 0 and 0.9 V (to be measured between pins 1 and 2).

Heater resistance 12.8 Ohm (to be measured between pins 3 and 4 at 20°C - 68°F).



Injector

Resistance 14 Ohm ± 2 Ohm measured at 20 °C (68 °F)



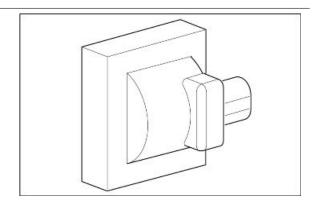
Coil

Characteristic

Primary resistance:

0.9 - $1.1~\Omega$ (measured between pins 1 and 15) **Secondary resistance:**

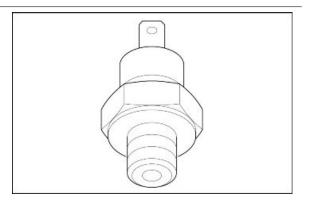
 $6.5 - 7.2 \text{ K}\Omega.$



Engine oil pressure sensor

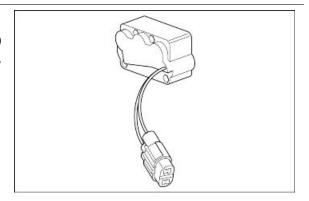
There is a failure in the oil pressure sensor when it is detected as not conducting (open) with the engine off and the key set to ON. This problem is signalled by the lighting of the "service" warning light, which should remain lit also when the engine is on.

There is an oil pressure failure indication when, with engine on and over 2000 rpm, the sensor is detected as conducting (closed). In this case, the error is indicated by the lighting of the "bulb" icon. In both cases, the instrument panel diagnosis memory is stored.



Bank angle sensor

Normally open contact, 62 kOhm resistance, with vehicle upright (straight sensor); Closed contact, 0 Ohm resistance, when the sensor is turned by 90° with respect to its fitting position.



Air temperature sensor - instrument panel

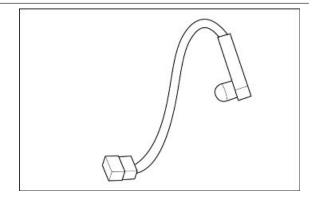
Characteristic

Resistance

10 kOhm (at 25°C - 77°F)

Resistance

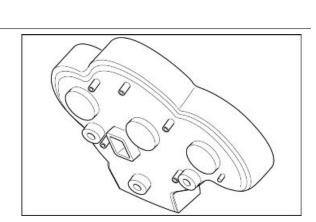
32.5 kOhm (at 0°C - 32°F)



Dashboard

PIN USE

- 1 + KEY
- 2 RIGHT TURN INDICATOR CONTROL
- 3 OIL PRESSURE SENSOR
- 4 HIGH-BEAM LIGHT INPUT
- 5 -
- 6 SELECT 1
- 7 SELECT 2
- 8 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR
- 9 AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR
- 10 -
- 11 + BATTERY
- 12 LEFT TURN INDICATOR CONTROL
- 13 -
- 14 HAZARD



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- 15 ANTITHEFT DEVICE LED (IF CONNECTED)
- 16 SELECT 3
- 17 SENSORS EARTH CONNECTION
- 18 GENERAL EARTH CONNECTION
- 19 GENERAL EARTH CONNECTION
- 20 GENERAL EARTH CONNECTION
- 21 + BATTERY
- 22 + BATTERY
- 23 LOW-BEAM LIGHT RELAY ACTIVATION
- 24 -
- 25 HEATED HANDGRIP CONTROL
- 26 CAN L
- 27 CAN H
- 28 K LINE
- 29 -
- 30 AERIAL 1
- 31 -
- 32 -
- 33 -
- 34 RIGHT REAR TURN INDICATOR ACTIVA-

TION

35 RIGHT FRONT TURN INDICATOR ACTIVA-

TION

- 36 LEFT REAR TURN INDICATOR ACTIVATION
- 37 LEFT FRONT TURN INDICATOR ACTIVA-

TION

- 38 LEFT HEATED HANDGRIP ACTIVATION
- 39 RIGHT HEATED HANDGRIP ACTIVATION
- 40 AERIAL 2

INDEX OF TOPICS

ENGINE FROM VEHICLE

ENG VE

Engine from vehicle 1200 Sport

Removing the engine from the vehicle

To remove the engine block, first remove the air filter casing, the oil pan guard and disconnect the battery.

Remove the fork and the bevel gear pair.



Disconnect the spark plug tubes.



• Disconnect the injectors connectors.



Disconnect the throttle cables.



1200 Sport Engine from vehicle



• Disconnect the idle motor connector.



 Disconnect the engine temperature sensor connector.



 Disconnect the throttle valve position sensor connector.



Engine from vehicle 1200 Sport

 Disconnect the revolution sensor connector.



Disconnect the alternator connector.





Disconnect the neutral sensor connector.



1200 Sport Engine from vehicle

- Unscrew and remove the two screws.
- Remove the starter motor protection.



- Unscrew and remove the screw.
- Disconnect the earth leads.





Disconnect the starter motor connectors.



Engine from vehicle 1200 Sport

Disconnect the Lambda probe connector.



- Place a container to collect the oil.
- Open the clutch bleed pipe.
- Drain clutch oil completely.



- Unscrew and remove the screw fixing the oil clutch pipe and collect the washer.
- Release the clutch pipe.



• Disconnect the horn connectors.



1200 Sport Engine from vehicle

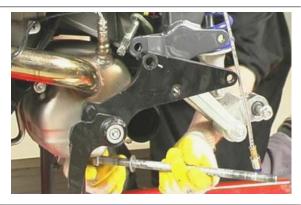
Unscrew and remove the radiator upper fixing column.



 Unscrew and remove the lower pin nut and collect the washer.



 Remove the lower pin and collect the washer.



Remove the centre stand.



Engine from vehicle 1200 Sport

Loosen the clamp.



 Unscrew and remove the screws and collect the washers.



• Remove the exhaust manifolds.



• Remove the catalytic converter.



1200 Sport Engine from vehicle

- Place the engine service stand.
- Operating from both sides, unscrew and remove the front fixing screw.
- Remove the clamps from the cable harness.



- Unscrew and remove the two screws fixing the oil vapour union tube.
- Move the oil vapour union tube aside.



 Helped by a second operator, unscrew and remove the engine upper fixing nut and collect the washer.

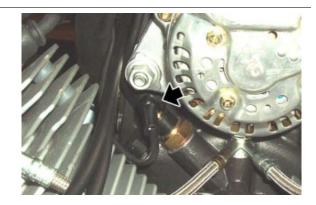


 Remove the upper pin and collect the washer.



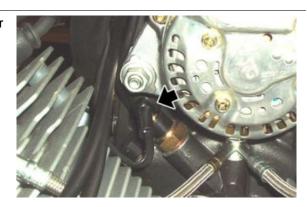
Engine from vehicle 1200 Sport

- Partially lower the engine.
- Disconnect the oil pressure sensor connector.
- Lower the engine completely.



Installing the engine to the vehicle

- Fasten the vehicle chassis to a hoister and lift the engine to place it in its position.
- During this operation, restore the oil pressure transmitter connection.



• Insert the upper pin and its washer.



 Fit the washer and tighten the engine upper fixing nut to the specified torque.



1200 Sport Engine from vehicle

- Fit the oil vapour union tube.
- Tighten the two screws.



 Operating from both sides, tighten the front fixing screw.



• Fit the catalytic converter.



• Fit the exhaust manifolds.



Engine from vehicle 1200 Sport

• Fit the washers and tighten the nuts.



• Tighten the clamp.



• Fit the centre stand.



• Insert the lower pin and its washer.



1200 Sport Engine from vehicle

• Fit the washer and tighten the engine lower fixing nut to the specified torque.



- Fit the oil radiator.
- Screw the upper fixing column.



Connect the horn connectors.

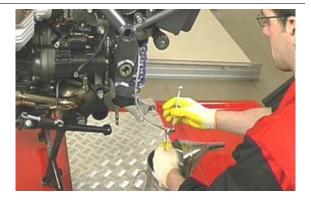


 Fasten the clutch oil pipe with the screw and its washers.



Engine from vehicle 1200 Sport

- Fit the clutch bleed pipe.
- Fill up the clutch system.



• Connect the Lambda probe connector.



- Fit the starter motor connector.
- Screw the nut and place the rubber cover.



• Fit the earth leads.



1200 Sport Engine from vehicle

• Tighten the screw.



- Fit the starter motor protection.
- Tighten the two screws.



• Connect the neutral sensor connector.



• Connect the alternator connectors.



Engine from vehicle 1200 Sport



Connect the revolution sensor connector.



Connect the throttle valve position sensor connector.



Connect the engine temperature sensor connector.



1200 Sport Engine from vehicle

• Connect the idle motor connector.



 Correctly fit the throttle cables, adjusting clearance.





• Connect the injector connectors.



Engine from vehicle 1200 Sport

• Connect the four spark plug tubes.



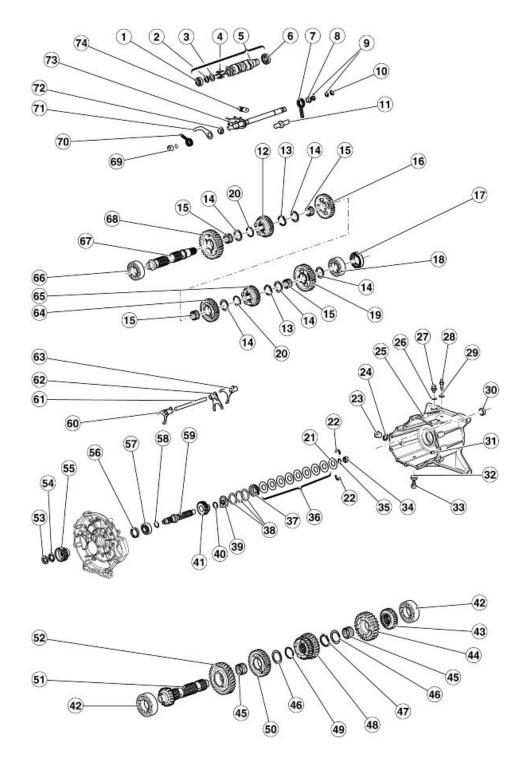
 Refit the entire fork, reaction rod, connecting rod assembly, brake calliper and the rear wheel.



INDEX OF TOPICS

Gearbox

Diagram



KEY:

- 1. Ball bearing
- 2. Circlip

ENG - 2

- 3. Shim washer
- **4.** Pin
- **5.** Desmodromic compl.
- 6. Ball bearing
- 7. Spring
- 8. Spacer
- 9. Circlip
- 10. Fifth wheel
- 11. Linking pin
- **12.** Gear
- 13. Circlip
- 14. Shoulder washer
- 15. Ball bearing cage
- **16.** Gear
- 17. Sealing ring
- 18. Ball bearing
- **19.** Gear
- 20. Circlip
- 21. Washer
- 22. Half ring
- 23. Oil cap
- 24. Washer
- 25. Gearbox
- 26. Aluminium gasket
- 27. Bleed cap
- 28. Neutral sensor
- 29. Gasket
- 30. Sealing ring
- 31. Bushing
- 32. Gasket
- 33. Oil drainage cap
- 34. Roller bearing
- 35. Circlip
- 36. Belleville spring
- 37. Pressure plate
- 38. Shaped washers
- 39. Sleeve
- 40. Circlip

1200 Sport

- 41. Transmission gear
- 42. Ball bearing
- **43.** Gear
- **44.** Gear
- 45. Ball bearing cage
- 46. Shoulder washer
- 47. Circlip
- **48.** Gear
- 49. Circlip
- **50.** Gear
- 51. Main shaft
- 52. Transmission gear
- 53. Ring nut
- 54. Washer
- 55. Clutch internal body
- 56. Sealing ring
- 57. Ball bearing
- **58.** O-Ring
- 59. Clutch shaft
- **60.** Fork
- 61. Fork shaft
- **62.** Fork
- **63.** Fork
- **64.** Gear
- **65.** Gear
- 66. Ball bearing
- 67. Secondary shaft
- **68.** Gear
- 69. Spacer
- 70. Spring
- 71. Index lever
- 72. Bushing
- 73. Pre-selector compl.
- 74. Spring

Gearbox

Removing the gearbox

- Remove the starter motor.
- Make sure the transmission is in idle.
- Undo and remove the screw and remove the gearbox lever.



Unscrew and remove the cap.



 Place a container of suitable capacity under it, unscrew and remove the cap and then bleed all gearbox oil.



Undo and remove the three screws.



• Undo and remove the two screws.



• Undo and remove the screw.



• Remove the gearbox.



See also

Removing the starter motor Replacement

Gearbox shafts

Disassembling the gearbox

Remove the gearbox.



• Place the gearbox on the specific gearbox support tool and on a vice.

Specific tooling

05.90.25.30 Gearbox support

 Unscrew and slide off the odometer gear and collect the abutment washer that is inside the gearbox.



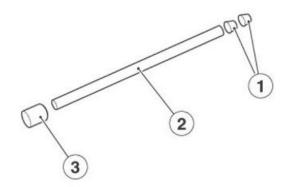
 From the outside, slide off the thrust cylinder and collect the O-Ring and the washer.



 Remove the thrust bearing and the washer.



Slide off the two bushings (1) and remove the rod (2), collect the bushing
 (3).



• Fold the washer fins.



 Using the adequate ring nut spanner and the clutch body locking tool, unscrew and remove the ring nut, and collect the clutch internal body.

Specific tooling

05.91.26.30 Tool for tightening the fork pin ring nut - clutch hub

30.91.28.10 Clutch body locking

Open the gearbox using the specific tool.

Specific tooling

05.91.25.30 Gearbox opening



Release the spring.



 Pressing the selector, slide off the whole transmission lever.



Unscrew and remove the threaded reference pin.



 Use rubber bands to tie down the transmission shaft unit and extract it.



 Remove the bearings from the gearbox if necessary.



- Once the transmission shaft unit is in on a bench, remove the rubber bands, being careful with the group.
- Detach the shafts and label the forks before removal.



• Remove the forks and collect the shaft.









Replace bearings if necessary and remove the clutch shaft.



Removing the primary shaft

- Remove the main shaft.
- Operate on the main shaft from the second gear side.



 Remove the gear of the second gear and collect the ball bearing cage.



 Remove the gear of the sixth gear and collect the shoulder washer.



• Remove the circlip.



• Remove the gear of the third and fourth gears.



 Remove the circlip and collect the shoulder washer.



 Remove the gear of the fifth gear and collect the ball bearing cage.



 Heat the shaft with a specific heater and remove the helical transmission gear.



Removing the secondary shaft

- Remove the transmission shaft.
- Operate on the shaft from the grooved side.



• Remove the shoulder washer.



 Remove the gear of the second gear and collect the ball bearing cage and the shoulder washer.



• Remove the circlip.



• Remove the gear of the sixth gear.



 Remove the circlip and collect the shoulder washer.



 Remove the gear of the fourth gear and collect the ball bearing cage.



 Remove the gear of the third gear and collect the ball bearing cage and the shoulder washer.



Remove the circlip.



• Remove the gear of the fifth gear.



- Remove the circlip, the shoulder washer and remove the gear of the first gear, collect the ball bearing cage.
- Remove the bearing if necessary.



See also

Disassembling the gearbox

Disassembling the clutch shaft

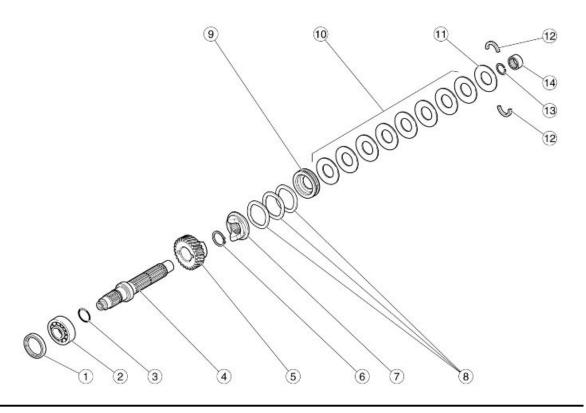
- Remove the gearbox from the engine block.
- Remove the gearbox.
- Insert the clutch shaft in the special tool for removal.

Specific tooling

000019663300 Tool for clutch shaft removal



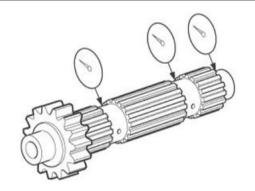
- Compress the Belleville springs (10) until releasing the two half-rings (12).
- Remove the Belleville springs (10).
- Remove the washer (11).
- Remove the shaped washers (8).
- Remove the sleeve (7).
- Remove the circlip (6).
- Remove the transmission gear (5).
- Collect the clutch shaft (4).



Checking the primary shaft

Measure coaxiality of the main shaft with a dial gauge and a centring device and replace it if not complying with specifications.

Characteristic Shaft coaxiality limit 0.08 mm (0.0031 in)



Check transmission gears for signs of pitting and wear and replace damaged gears if necessary.

Check the gear fitting teeth for cracks, damage and wear and replace those damaged if necessary.

Check the transmission gears movement and, if it is not regular, replace the damaged part.

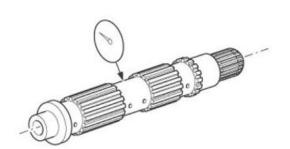
Checking the secondary shaft

Measure the coaxiality of the transmission shaft with a dial gauge and a centring device and replace it if not complying with specifications.

Characteristic

Shaft coaxiality limit

0.08 mm (0.0031 in)



Check transmission gears for signs of pitting and wear and replace damaged gears if necessary.

Check the gear fitting teeth for cracks, damage and wear and replace those damaged if necessary.

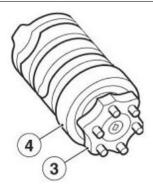
Check the transmission gears movement and, if it is not regular, replace the damaged part.

Checking the desmodromic drum

Check gear drum for damage, scratches and wear and replace the desmodromic if necessary.

Check the desmodromic segment **«3»** for damage and wear and replace it if necessary.

Check the desmodromic bearing **«4»** for damage and cracks and replace it if necessary.

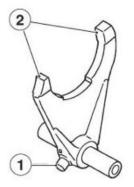


Checking the forks

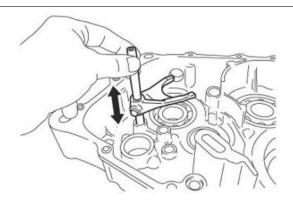
NOTE

THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE IS VALID FOR ALL TRANSMISSION FORKS.

- Check the transmission fork cam roller
 «1» and the transmission fork tooth
 «2» for damage, deformation and
 wear.
- Replace the transmission fork if necessary.



 Check the transmission fork movement and if it is not regular, replace the transmission forks.



See also

Disassembling the gearbox

Fitting the primary shaft

NOTE

TO REFIT, FOLLOW THE SAME INSTRUCTIONS AS FOR REMOVAL BUT IN REVERSE ORDER. REMEMBER TO REPLACE ALL SEALING RINGS, CIRCLIPS AND SAFETY RINGS PREVIOUSLY REMOVED.

See also

Removing the primary shaft

Fitting the secondary shaft

NOTE

TO REFIT, FOLLOW THE SAME INSTRUCTIONS AS FOR REMOVAL BUT IN REVERSE ORDER. REMEMBER TO REPLACE ALL SEALING RINGS, CIRCLIPS AND SAFETY RINGS PREVIOUSLY REMOVED.

See also

Removing the secondary shaft

Assembling the clutch shaft

NOTE

TO REFIT, FOLLOW THE SAME INSTRUCTIONS AS FOR REMOVAL BUT IN REVERSE ORDER. REMEMBER TO REPLACE ALL SEALING RINGS, CIRCLIPS AND SAFETY RINGS PREVIOUSLY REMOVED.

See also

Disassembling the clutch shaft

Assembling the gearbox

NOTE

TO REFIT, FOLLOW THE SAME INSTRUCTIONS AS FOR REMOVAL BUT IN REVERSE ORDER. REMEMBER TO REPLACE ALL SEALING RINGS, CIRCLIPS AND SAFETY RINGS PREVIOUSLY REMOVED.

See also

Disassembling the gearbox

ENG - 19

Flywheel

Removing the flywheel

- Remove the clutch.
- Place the locking tool on the flywheel and undo the six sealing screws of the flywheel, operating diagonally and in stages.
- Remove the locking tool.

Specific tooling

12.91.18.01 Tool to lock flywheel and start-up crown gear

• Remove the flywheel.





See also

Disassembling the clutch

Checking

- Check that the flywheel shows no scorings on the disc faying surface.
- Check that the support surfaces on the crankshaft are not deformed; if they are, replace the flywheel.

Installing the flywheel

Position the flywheel.

NOTE

RESPECT THE FLYWHEEL POSITIONING REFERENCES.

CAUTION

THE SCREWS MUST BE REPLACED WITH NEW ONES AT THE FOLLOWING REFITTING AS THEY ARE SUBJECT TO HIGH LOADS AND STRESS.



- Position the locking tool on the flywheel and tighten the six flywheel sealing screws operating diagonally and in stages.
- Fit the clutch.

Specific tooling

12.91.18.01 Tool to lock flywheel and start-up crown gear



Assembling the clutch

Generator

Removing the generator

 Unscrew and remove the six screws and collect the bushings.



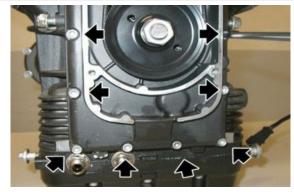


cod.12.91.18.01

• Remove the cover.



Undo and remove the eight screws.



• Undo and remove the two screws.



Unscrew the nut and collect the screw.



• Loosen the screw.



 Loosen the nut and undo the set screw so that the alternator slides down.



Completely loosen and remove the screw.



Remove the belt and the alternator with pulley.

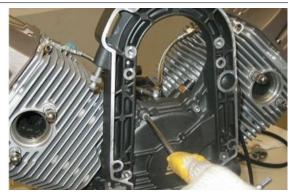


 Using a compressed air gun, unscrew and remove the nut and collect the spacer.

• Remove the lower pulley.



• Undo and remove the two screws.



- Remove the alternator frame.
- Remove the sealing ring if necessary.



Tensioning the belt

- Remove both fuel tank side fairings.
- Remove the right exhaust manifold.
- Remove the control unit.
- Undo and remove the fixing screw of the engine oil scavenge reservoir.



Unscrew and remove the spacer.



- Undo and remove the five fixing screws of the timing system cover.
- Remove the timing system cover.
- Loosen the set screw lock nut.



- Using the belt tensioning tool (code 05.94.86.30), tension the belt to the prescribed torque.
- Screw the set screw.
- Tighten the lock nut.

Specific tooling

05.94.86.30 Belt tension tool



Installing the generator

 If the sealing ring has been previously removed, replace it using the punch of the timing system cover sealing ring.

Specific tooling

05.92.72.30 Timing system cover sealing ring punch



 Replace the gasket and place the alternator frame using the front cover insertion cone.

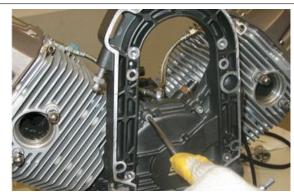
• Remove the insertion cone afterwards.

Specific tooling

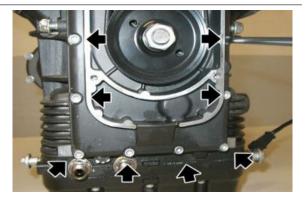
05.91.17.30 Front cover insertion cone



• Tighten the two screws.



- Tighten the eight lower screws.
- Operating diagonally and in stages, tighten the ten fixing screws on the alternator fitting.



- Position the lower pulley and the spacer.
- Tighten the nut to the prescribed torque.



 Position the alternator and the timing system belt.



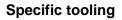
• Position the screw and pre-tighten it.



• Position the screw and tighten the nut.



- Using the belt tensioning tool (code 05.94.86.30), tension the belt to the prescribed torque and screw the set screw.
- Remove the belt tensioning tool.
- Lock the set screw in position by screwing the lock nut.



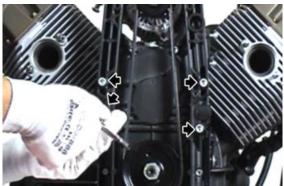
05.94.86.30 Belt tension tool



• Tighten the alternator fixing screws.



Tighten the four screws, operating diagonally and in stages.



- Position the timing system cover.
- Tighten the five screws, operating in oblique direction and in stages.



Starter motor

Removing the starter motor

 Undo and remove the two screws and collect the washers.



• Slide off the starter motor.



Clutch side

Disassembling the clutch

- Remove the gearbox from the engine.
- Use the locking tool and the clutch spring compression tool on the flywheel.

Specific tooling

30.90.65.10 Tool for clutch fitting 12.91.18.01 Tool to lock flywheel and start-up crown gear

> Undo and remove the eight sealing screws from the crown gear on the engine flywheel.





Remove the start-up crown gear.



Extract from the inside of the engine flywheel:

• the clutch disc.



• The intermediate plate.



• The second clutch disc.



• The pressure plate disc cover.



The pressure plate disc with springs.



Checking the clutch plates

Driven plates

Check that the supporting surfaces with the driven plates are perfectly smooth and even and that the external toothing that works inside the flywheel is not damaged, otherwise, replace the plate.

Crown gear for start-up

Check that the supporting surface with the driven plate is perfectly smooth and even.

Also check that the toothing where the starter motor pinion works is not chipped or scratched; otherwise, replace it.

Checking the clutch housing

Check that the teeth do not show any marks on the plate faying areas and that the toothing inside the clutch bell is in good conditions.

Checking the pusher plate

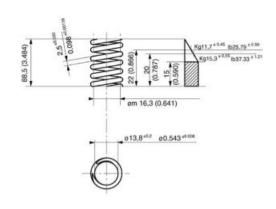
Pressure plate

Check that the plate does not show signs of wear on the opening where the control cap works, and that the supporting surfaces with the driven plate are perfectly even.

Checking the springs

Check that the springs are still flexible and are not deformed:

- Springs compressed at 22 mm (0.8661 in) must bear a load of 11.25 ÷ 11.70 kg (24.80 ÷ 25.79 pounds);
- Springs compressed at 20 mm (0.7874 in) must bear a load of 14.75 ÷ 15.30 kg (32.52 ÷ 33.73 pounds).



Assembling the clutch

Insert the components in the clutch bell in the following order:

• the pressure plate with springs.



 Make sure that the reference marked on the pressure plate tooth is aligned with the reference on the flywheel.





 Use the locking tool and the clutch spring compression tool on the flywheel.

Specific tooling
30.90.65.10 Tool for clutch fitting
12.91.18.01 Tool to lock flywheel and start-up crown gear



- Remove the locking tool.
- Fit the clutch disc.

Specific tooling

12.91.18.01 Tool to lock flywheel and start-up crown gear



• The intermediate disc.



• The clutch disc.



Place the crown gear aligning its reference with that on the flywheel.



- Tighten the eight screws sealing the crown gear to the flywheel to the prescribed torque
- Remove the special tool for clutch spring compression.

Specific tooling

30.90.65.10 Tool for clutch fitting

- Insert the pressure plate disc cover.
- Install the gearbox unit.





Head and timing

Removing the head cover

NOTE

THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS REFER TO REMOVING ONLY ONE COVER BUT APPLY TO BOTH COVERS.

 Unscrew and remove the eight screws and collect the bushings.

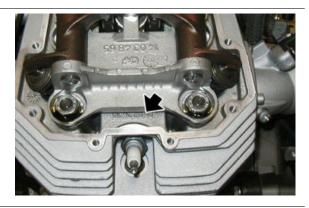


Remove the head cover and collect the gasket.



Removing the cylinder head

- Remove the rocking arm rods.
- Unscrew and remove the outer spark plug.



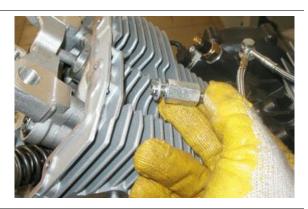
 Loosen the nut and disconnect the pipes that deliver oil to the head.



Unscrew and remove the threaded cap.



 Unscrew and remove the joint of the pipe that delivers oil to the head and collect the washer.



 Using the suitable special tool, unscrew and remove the inner spark plug.

Specific tooling

05.90.19.30 Inner spark plug removal



 Undo and remove the two screws and collect the two washers.





 Slightly detach the cylinder head and remove the four O-rings.



 Remove the head and collect the gasket.



Cylinder head

Removing the rocker arms

NOTE

THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS REFER TO REMOVING ONLY ONE HEAD BUT APPLY TO BOTH HEADS.

- Remove the head cover.
- Rotate the crankshaft to TDC position in combustion phase (closed valves) for the left cylinder.
- Unscrew and remove the two screws.



• Remove the rocking lever shafts.



 Remove the rocking levers and collect the three washers.



See also

Removing the head cover

Removing the valves

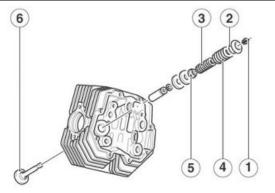
- Remove the head.
- Place the special tool on the upper cap and at the centre of the head of the valve to be removed.

Specific tooling

10.90.72.00 Tool for valve removal and refitting



- Tighten the tool screw until fitted, and then hit the tool head (where the upper retainer works) with a mallet so that the two cotters (1) get detached from the upper retainer (2).
- Once the two cotters (1) are detached, screw these cotters until they can be slid off the valve seats; unscrew the tool and remove it from the head.



- Remove the upper retainer (2).
- Remove the internal spring (3).
- Remove the external spring (4).
- Remove the lower retainer (5) and the shimming washers if necessary.
- Remove the valve (6) from inside the head.

Checking the valve guides

Use a punch to extract the valve guides from the heads.

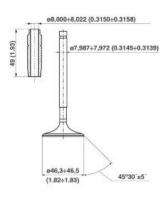
The valve guides should be replaced only if the clearance between them and the stem cannot be eliminated by simply replacing the valves.

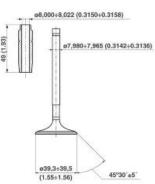
To refit the valve guides on the head, follow this procedure:

- Heat the head in an oven at about 60°
 C (140°F).
- Lubricate the valve guide.
- Fit the circlips.
- Press the valve guide with a punch.
- Use a reamer to bore the holes the valve stems slide through so that the inside diameter is at the prescribed value. The interference between the seat on the head and the valve guide must be 0.046 0.075 mm (0.0018 0.0030 in)

VALVE AND GUIDES COUPLING DATA CHART (INLET)

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Valve guide inside di-	8.000 ÷ 8.022 (0.3150 ÷
ameter mm (in)	0.3158)
Valve stem diameter	7.972 ÷ 7.987 (0.3139 ÷
	0.3145)
Fitting clearance mm	0.013 ÷ 0.050 (0.0005 ÷
(in)	0.0020)





VALVE AND GUIDES COUPLING DATA CHART (OUTLET)

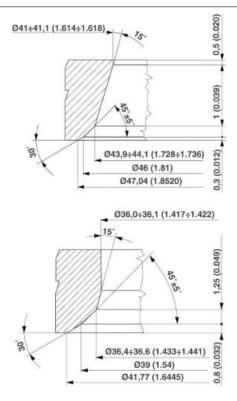
Specification	Desc./Quantity
Valve guide inside di-	8.005 ÷ 8.022 (0.3152 ÷
ameter mm (in)	0.3158)
Valve stem diameter	7.965 ÷ 7.980 (0.3136 ÷
mm (in)	0.3142)
Fitting clearance mm	0.025 ÷ 0.057 (0.0010 ÷
(in)	0.0022)

Checking the cylinder head

Check that:

- the faying surfaces with the cover and the cylinder are not scored or damaged, jeopardising a perfect sealing.
- Check that the tolerance between the valve guide holes and the valve stems is within the prescribed limits.
- Check the valve seats are in good conditions.

The valve seats should be reamed with a mill. The seat inclination angle is 45° +/- 5'. After milling, it is necessary to grind them to ensure a good coupling and a perfect sealing between the ring nuts and the valve heads.

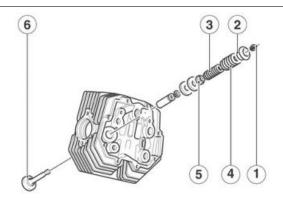


Installing the valves

NOTE

THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS REFER TO REMOVING ONLY ONE HEAD BUT APPLY TO BOTH HEADS.

- Place the valve (6) inside the head.
- Place the lower retainer (5) and the shimming washers.
- Place the external spring (4).
- Place the internal spring (3).
- Insert the upper retainer (2).
- Place the two cotters (1) on the seats on the valves.
- Compressing the spring with the special valve tool, install the valve cotters.



Specific tooling

10.90.72.00 Tool for valve removal and refitting

NOTE

UPON REFITTING, PLACE THE O-RING CORRECTLY ON THE VALVE.



• Remove the special tool



Installing the rocker arms

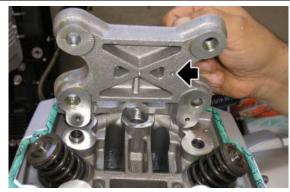
CAUTION

UPON REFITTING, ALWAYS REPLACE THE ORINGS



CAUTION

UPON REFITTING, DO NOT INVERT THE POSITION OF THE ROCKING LEVER SUPPORTS SO AS NOT TO COMPROMISE LUBRICATION.



- Install the rocking lever rods if they have been previously removed.
- Install the rocking lever support and replace the four O-rings.



 Place the four washers and screw the four nuts.



 Place the six washers and install the rocking levers.



• Insert the rocking lever shafts.



- Rotate the crankshaft to TDC position in combustion phase (closed valves) for the left cylinder.
- Tighten the two screws.



See also

Installing the rods

Timing

Chain removal

- Remove the engine assembly.
- Remove the alternator.
- Clearly indicate the distribution timing marks that should be restored at the next refitting (left cylinder TDC).



Using the adequate tool, lock the ignition crown.

Specific tooling

12.91.18.01 Tool to lock flywheel and start-up crown gear



 Unscrew the central sealing nut of the camshaft gear and collect the washer.



Remove the cotter.



 Unscrew and remove the central sealing nut of the timing system control gear on the crankshaft and collect the washer.



 Unscrew and remove the oil pump gear nut and collect the washer.



- Remove the chain tensioner and collect the spring.
- Slide off the three gears together with the chain.

CAUTION

BE CAREFUL WITH THE OIL PUMP PULLING COTTER.



See also

Removing the engine from the vehicle

Removing the rods

- Remove the rocking levers.
- Unscrew and remove the four nuts and collect their washers.



• Remove the rocking lever support.



Remove the two rocking lever rods



See also

Removing the rocker arms

Removing the tappets

- Remove the engine assembly.
- Remove both heads.
- Slide off and remove the tappets from their seat on both sides.



See also

Removing the engine from the vehicle

Removing the phonic wheel

- Remove the timing chain.
- Slide off the tone wheel and collect the plug.



See also

Chain removal

Removing the camshaft

- Remove the timing chain.
- Remove the tone wheel.
- Remove the tappets.
- Remove the rods.
- Unscrew and remove the three screws and collect the washers.



Remove the flange.



Remove the camshaft.



See also

Chain removal
Removing the phonic wheel
Removing the tappets
Removing the rods

Installing the camshaft

NOTE

FOR TIMING SYSTEM REFITTING, IT IS NECESSARY TO HEAT THE ENGINE WITH A SUITABLE HEATER IN ORDER TO INSERT THE CAMSHAFT CORRECTLY AND WITHOUT DAMAGING IT.

Follow the camshaft removal instructions but in reverse order.

Installing the rods

- Install the head if it has been previously removed.
- Replace the four O-rings.



Install the two rocking lever rods.



Installing the chain

For the installation of the three gears and of the timing chain carry out the operations indicated in section "Timing".

Cam timing

- On the crankcase, fit the crankshaft and the camshaft.
- Fit the cylinders and the heads.
- Fit the rods.
- Do not fit the rocking levers before carrying out engine timing so as not to damage the valves during the rotation of the camshaft.
- Turn the crankshaft until the left cylinder piston reaches the top dead centre (TDC).
- Fit the flywheel on the crankshaft aligning the stamp arrow on the flywheel with the fixed reference on the crankcase.
- Position the locking tool on the flywheel and tighten the six flywheel sealing screws operating diagonally and in stages.
- Fit the clutch.

Specific tooling

12.91.18.01 Tool to lock flywheel and start-up crown gear

- Fit the plug on the camshaft.
- Introduce the tone wheel with the smooth side facing outward.







 Place the shim washer adequately so that the timing chain do not wear out the crankcase.

 Fit the three timing system gears and the chain aligning the references on the camshaft and crankshaft gears.





 Introduce the belleville spring and the nut to fasten the camshaft gear.



 Introduce the washer and the nut to fasten the crankshaft gear.



 Turn the oil pump shaft and introduce the gear pulling woodruff key.



• Introduce the chain tensioner.



- Remove the flywheel locking tool.
- Check the crankshaft rotation.
- Fit the rocking levers.

Specific tooling

12.91.18.01 Tool to lock flywheel and start-up crown gear

Timing

To check distribution timing, follow these instructions:

- Obtain a clearance between rocking levers and valves equal to 1.5 mm (0.059 in);
- Place the hub for graduated dial and the relative graduated dial on the crankshaft slot, inserting the spacer and fixing it to the shaft with the nut.



Specific tooling

981006 Graduated dial hub

19.92.96.00 Graduated dial to control ignition timing

 With a screw, fasten the specific arrow to the threaded hole to the left of the crankcase.

Specific tooling

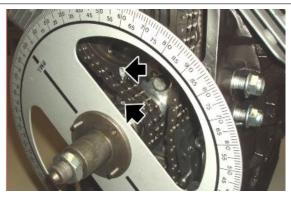
17.94.75.60 Arrow to control ignition timing



 Fit the dial gauge support and then the gauge itself on the left outer spark plug hole.



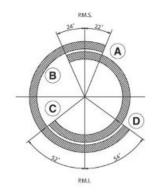
- Rotate the crankshaft until the left cylinder piston is actually at the top dead centre (with valves closed).
- the references (on the timing system gears and the engine pinion) are perfectly aligned, so that looking through the checking hole on the gearbox, the reference line marked 'S' is perfectly aligned with the reference marked at the centre of the hole.
- Align the arrow point with the TDC zero on the graduated dial.







- Observing the timing system diagram, check timing considering that:
- A intake start opens 22° before TDC
- B outlet end closes 24° after TDC
- C outlet start opens 52° before BDC
- D intake end closes 54° after BDC



- Screw the dial gauge support and then the gauge itself on the right cylinder outer spark plug hole.
- With a screw, fix the arrow to the threaded hole to the right of the crankcase.
- Turn the disc clockwise until the reference marked with letter 'D' is aligned with the reference at the centre of the checking hole on the gearbox (valves closed).
- Repeat the operations described above for the left cylinder.





- After the check and if everything is correct, operate as follows to restore the operation clearance between rocking levers and valves (intake 0.10 mm (0.0039 in), outlet 0.15 mm (0.0059 in).
- Remove the graduated dial hub, the graduated dial, the arrow, the dial gauge support and the gauge itself.

Refit the spark plugs and finish the refit.

Specific tooling

981006 Graduated dial hub

19.92.96.00 Graduated dial to control ignition timing

17.94.75.60 Arrow to control ignition timing

Measuring air gap

 Undo and remove the two screws and remove the sensor.



 Insert a suitable plain washer on the sensor and note its thickness.





 Place the sensor on the timing system cover and cause it to make contact with the tone wheel.



Measure the clearance between the fixing plate and the cover with a thickness gauge. Subtract the plain washer value from this measurement to obtain the clearance between the sensor and the tone wheel.



• Remove the washer and fit the sensor after applying adequate sealing paste on the fixing plate, then tighten the screws to the prescribed torque.

Cylinder-piston assembly

Removing the cylinder

NOTE

THE OPERATIONS DESCRIBED BELOW REFER TO REMOVING ONLY ONE HEAD BUT APPLY TO BOTH HEADS.

- Remove the head.
- Remove the gasket.



 Slide off the cylinder from the stud bolts, paying attention not to damage the piston.



See also

Removing the cylinder head

Disassembling the piston

NOTE

THE OPERATIONS DESCRIBED BELOW REFER TO REMOVING ONLY ONE HEAD BUT APPLY TO BOTH HEADS.

- Remove the cylinder.
- Cover the crankcase opening with a clean cloth.
- Disengage the pin clip.



• Remove the pin.



 Mark the piston crown on the outlet side to remember its position when refitting.

• Remove the piston.



See also

Removing the cylinder

Fitting the piston

NOTE

THE OPERATIONS DESCRIBED BELOW REFER TO REMOVING ONLY ONE HEAD BUT APPLY TO BOTH HEADS.

Fit the piston.

NOTE

CHECK THE PISTON DIRECTION ACCORDING TO THE REFERENCES MARKED ON THE PISTON CROWN. DO NOT ASSEMBLE PISTONS AND CYLINDERS OF DIFFERENT SELECTOR TYPES.



Insert the pin.



Insert the pin clip.



Installing the cylinder

- Fit the piston.
- Remove the cloth used to prevent foreign bodies coming into the crankcase.
- Turn the rings so that the junction ends are 120 degrees from each other.
- Lubricate piston and cylinder.
- Using a specific tool for piston ring clamps, place the cylinder.

CAUTION

DURING THIS OPERATION, PAY ATTENTION NOT TO DAMAGE THE PISTON.

Specific tooling

05.92.80.30 Piston ring clamp

 Remove the piston ring clamp tool and finish positioning the cylinder.

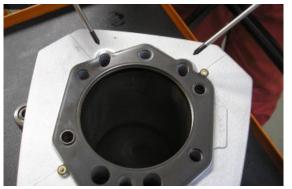
Specific tooling

05.92.80.30 Piston ring clamp



CAUTION

UPON REFITTING DO NOT INVERT THE POSITION OF THE CYLINDER GASKET SO AS NOT TO COMPROMISE LUBRICATION.



Place the gasket on the cylinder base.



Fit the head.

See also

Fitting the piston Installing the cylinder head

Installing the cylinder head

- Fit the valves if they have been previously removed.
- Replace the gasket between head and cylinder.
- Fit the head.



 Place the two washers and tighten the two screws.





 Using the suitable special tool, screw the inner spark plug.

Specific tooling

05.90.19.30 Inner spark plug removal



 Insert the washer and screw the joint of the pipe that delivers oil to the head.



• Screw the threaded cap.



 Connect the pipes that deliver oil to the head and screw the nut.



• Install the outer spark plug.



 Replace the gasket and install the head cover.



See also

Installing the valves
Installing the head cover

Installing the head cover

- Replace the gasket and fit the head cover.
- Place the bushings and cross tighten the eight screws.

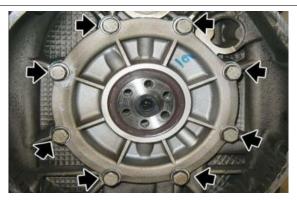




Crankcase - crankshaft

Removing the crankshaft

- Remove the connecting rods.
- Undo and remove the eight fixing screws and collect the washers.



- Hold the crankshaft during flange removal
- Using the suitable special tool, remove the crankshaft flange.
- Remove the sealing ring from the flange, if necessary.

Specific tooling

12.91.36.00 Tool to remove the flywheel-side flange



Remove the crankshaft afterwards.

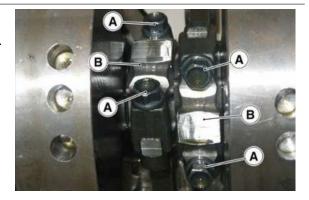


See also

Disassembling the connecting rod

Disassembling the connecting rod

- Remove the heads.
- Remove the cylinders and the pistons.
- Remove the clutch.
- Remove the flywheel.
- Remove the timing system.
- Remove the oil sump.
- Loosen the coupling screws 'A' from inside the crankcase and remove the connecting rods 'B'.



See also

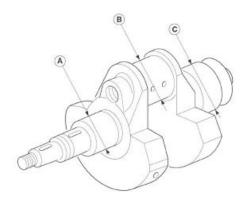
Removing the flywheel
Disassembling the piston
Removing the cylinder
Removing the cylinder head

Inspecting the crankshaft components

Check the surfaces of the main journals; if they are scored or oval-shaped, reface them (observing the undersize charts), and replace the flanges and the main journals.

FITTING CLEARANCES

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Between the bearing and the main journal on the	0.028 ÷ 0.060 mm (0.00110 ÷ 0.00236 in);
timing system side	
Between the bearing and the main journal on the	0.040 ÷ 0.075 mm (0.00157 ÷ 0.00295 in)
flywheel side	
Between the bearing and the connecting rod pin	0.022 ÷ 0.064 mm (0.00087 ÷ 0.00252 in)



MAIN JOURNAL DIAMETER ON THE TIMING SYSTEM SIDE (A)

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Main journal regular production	37.975 mm (1.49507 inch) 37.959 mm (1.49444 inch)

CRANKPIN DIAMETER (B)

_	Specification	Desc./Quantity
	Regular production	44.008 ÷ 44.020 mm - (1.73259 ÷ 1.73307 in)
	'Blue' bushing half-shell regular production	44.008 ÷ 44.014 mm (1.73259 ÷ 1.73283 in)
	'Red' bushing half-shell regular production	44.014 ÷ 44.020 mm (1.73283 ÷ 1.73307 in)

FLYWHEEL SIDE MAIN JOURNAL DIAMETER (C)

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Regular production	52.970 mm (2.08542 inch)
	53.951 mm (2.12405 inch)

Checking the connecting rod

CONNECTING RODS

When examining the connecting rods, check that:

- Bushings are in good conditions, their clearance and the pins;
- Shaft parallelism;
- Connecting rod bearings.

These are thin shell bearings, anti-friction alloy that does not allow for any adaptation; replace them immediately if seizing or wear marks are found.

Upon replacing the bearings it may be necessary to ream the crankshaft pin.

Before reaming the crankpin, measure the pin diameter comparing it with the maximum wear allowed, as indicated in the figure; this defines what kind of undersizing the bearing should have and to which diameter the pin should be reamed.

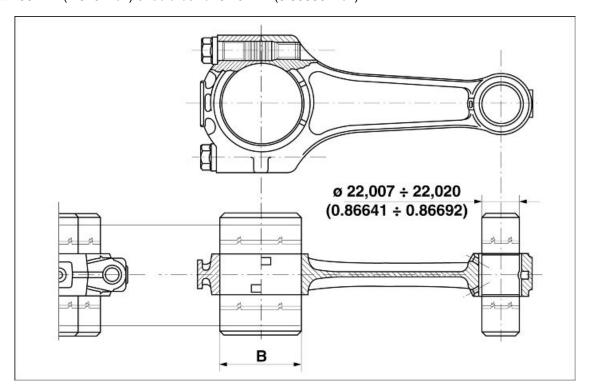
Checking shaft parallelism

Check shafts for squaring before fitting them.

It is therefore necessary to check that the head holes and the rod small end are parallel and on the same plane.

1200 Sport Engine

The maximum parallelism and plane error of the two shafts of the head and rod small end, measured at 200 mm (7.873 inch) should be \pm 0.10 mm (0.00393 inch).



CONNECTING ROD BEARING THICKNESS

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Connecting rod bearing regular (production)	1.535 - 1.544 mm (0.06043 - 0.06079 in)
Regular 'Blue' connecting rod bearing (production)	1.539 - 1.544 mm (0.06059 - 0.06079 in)
Regular 'Red' connecting rod bearing (production)	1.535 - 1.540 mm (0.06043 - 0.06063 in)

CRANKPIN DIAMETER (B)

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Regular production	44.008 ÷ 44.020 mm - (1.73259 ÷ 1.73307 in)
'Blue' bushing half-shell regular production	44.008 ÷ 44.014 mm (1.73259 ÷ 1.73283 in)
'Red' bushing half-shell regular production	44.014 ÷ 44.020 mm (1.73283 ÷ 1.73307 in)

PIN-BUSHING COUPLING DATA

Specification	Desc./Quantity
fitted and machined bushing inside Ø mm (inch)	22.007 mm (0.86641 inch) - 22.020 mm (0.86692
	inch)
pin Ø mm (inch)	21.994 mm (0.86590 inch) - 21.998 mm (0.86606
	inch)
Clearance between pin and bushing mm (inch)	0.009 ÷ 0.026 mm (0.000354 ÷ 0.001024 inch)

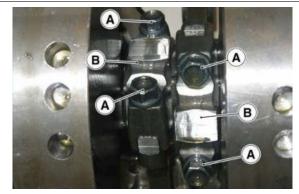
Engine 1200 Sport

Assembling the connecting rod

- The references on the connecting rods should be facing the flywheel.
- Do not interchange left and right connecting rods.



- Place the connecting rods and the caps (B) on the crankshaft and fasten them with new screws (A).
- Remember these recommendations:



- The screws fixing the connecting rods to the crankshaft must be replaced with new ones at the following refitting as they are subject to high loads and stress;
- The fitting clearance between bearing and connecting rod pin is 0.028 mm (0.0011 inch) minimum and 0.052 mm (0.0020 inch) maximum;
- The clearance between the shim washers of the connecting rod and those of the crankshaft is comprised between 0.30 mm (0.01181 in) and 0.50 mm (0.01968 in);
- Lock the screws (A) on the caps (B) with a torque wrench at the prescribed torque.

Installing the crankshaft

Use the sealing ring fitting tool on the flywheel-side flange to fit the sealing ring on the flange.

Specific tooling

19.92.71.00 Tool to fit the sealing ring on the flywheel-side flange

Fit a new gasket between the crankcase and the crankshaft flange, flywheel side.

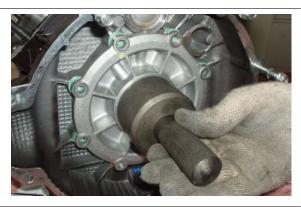
1200 Sport Engine

- Introduce the crankshaft.
- Place the flywheel side crankshaft support flange, taking into account the fitting order indicated by the holes.

Specific tooling

19.92.71.00 Tool to fit the sealing ring on the flywheel-side flange

- Apply Teflon tape on the two lower fixing screws at the back in order to prevent oil leaks.
- Screw the eight flange screws on the flywheel side proceeding diagonally.





Lubrication

Oil pump

Removing

- Drain all the engine oil.
- Remove the alternator.
- Remove the timing system.
- Remove the shim washer.



Engine 1200 Sport

 Unscrew and remove the three screws fixing the oil pump.

• Remove the oil pump.



Installing

- Place the oil pump.
- Tighten the three screws fixing the oil pump.



- Place the shim washer adequately so that the timing chain do not wear out the crankcase.
- Fit the timing system.
- Fit the alternator.
- Top-up with engine oil.



Removing the oil sump

NOTE

TO REMOVE THE OIL SUMP, PLACE A SUITABLE CONTAINER UNDER IT TO COLLECT THE USED OIL AND DRAIN OUT ALL OIL.

• If necessary, the filter can be removed with the suitable special tool.

Specific tooling

01.92.91.00 Wrench for removing the cover on sump and filter

1200 Sport Engine

 Unscrew and remove the oil level plug and collect the O-Ring.



 Undo and remove the fourteen screws fixing the oil sump to the engine crankcase.



 Unscrew and remove the four screws and remove the engine oil sump cover.



Unscrew and remove the two screws.



Engine 1200 Sport

- Unscrew and remove the two screws.
- Remove the mesh filter and collect the gasket.



• Remove the black flange and collect the gasket.



• Unscrew and remove the plug.



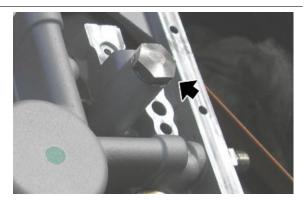
• Remove the thermostatic valve.



1200 Sport Engine

 Unscrew and remove the pressure relief valve plug.

 Remove the pressure relief valve components





Refitting the oil sump

- Place the pressure relief valve components correctly.
- Screw the pressure relief valve plug.





Engine 1200 Sport

 In case of overpressure, the engine oil goes back into the oil sump through the hole indicated in the picture.



Place the thermostatic valve.



CHECK THAT THE ENGINE OIL PASSAGE HOLE IS NOT CLOGGED.



• Tighten the thermostatic valve plug.

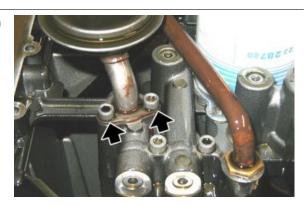


 Place a new gasket and refit the black flange.

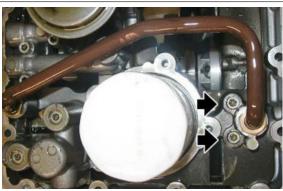


1200 Sport Engine

 Place a new gasket and refit the mesh filter tightening the two screws.



Tighten the two screws.



- Place the oil sump cover.
- Tighten the four screws.
- Refit the oil sump on the base.
- Fill engine oil up to the correct level.



Blow-by

 Loosen the oil return pipe sealing joint and remove the oil return pipe from the crankcase.



Engine 1200 Sport

• Remove the clamp.



 Release the two straps retaining the oil breather pipe.



• Remove the two oil breather pipes.



- Unscrew and remove the oil return pipe positioning screw.
- Release the oil return pipe



1200 Sport Engine

• Remove the complete blow-by system.



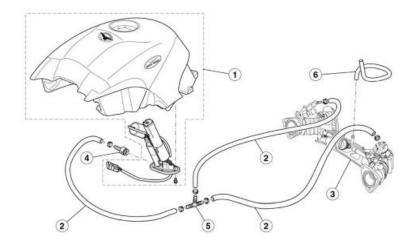
Engine 1200 Sport

INDEX OF TOPICS

Power supply P SUPP

Power supply 1200 Sport

Circuit diagram



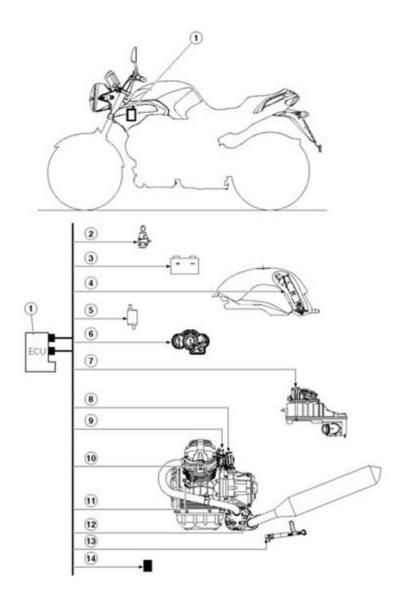
Key:

- 1. Fuel tank assembly
- 2. Fuel pipe
- 3. Throttle body
- 4. Joint
- 5. Three-way joint
- 6. Pipe

Injection

1200 Sport Power supply

Diagram



Key:

- 1. Control unit
- 2. Ignition switch
- 3. Battery
- 4. Fuel pump
- 5. Coils
- 6. Instrument panel
- 7. Air temperature sensor
- 8. Throttle valve position sensor
- 9. Injectors
- 10. Engine temperature sensor
- 11. Crankshaft position sensor
- 12. Lambda probe

Power supply 1200 Sport

- 13. Side stand
- 14. Fall sensor

Cylinders synchronisation

 With engine off, connect the Axone 2000 tool to the diagnosis connector and to the vehicle battery.





- Turn on the scanner.
- Screw the joints connecting the vacuometer pipes on the inlet pipe holes.
- Connect the vacuometer pipes to the relative joints.
- Set the key to ON.
- Make sure there are no errors in the control unit; otherwise, solve them and repeat the procedure.
- Make sure the left throttle is fully in.



DO NOT TOUCH THE THROTTLE ABUTMENT SCREW OR THE THROTTLE BODY MUST BE REPLACED. CHECK THAT THE THROTTLE RETURN CABLE IS NOT TAUT.



- The Axone should display the adjustable parameters screen.
- Autodetect the throttle position.

1200 Sport Power supply

- Turn the key to "OFF" and leave it for at least 30 seconds.
- Turn the key back to "ON" and restore the Axone session.
- Check that the "Throttle" value reading is 4.7 +/- 0.2°. If the value is incorrect, replace the control unit and repeat the procedure from the start.
- Completely close the two by-pass screws on the throttle bodies.
- Start the engine.
- Take the engine to the prescribe temperature: 60 °C (140 °F).
- Make the engine rev at 2000/3000 rpm and with the vacuometer check that the difference between the two pressures is maximum 1 cm Hg (1.33 kPa).

If this condition is detected:

 take the engine back to idle and check the depression values so that they are aligned between the two cylinders.
 Otherwise, open only the screw with higher depression, using the by-pass screws, to compensate.

If there is a larger difference:

- work on the set screw of the throttle body connecting rod to reduce the pressure difference in the two pipes.
- Repeat the procedure "Throttle position autodetection" as explained above.
- Bring the engine back to idle and check the depression values so that they are aligned between the two cylinders.
- Otherwise, open only the screw with higher depression, using the by-pass screws, to compensate.







Power supply 1200 Sport

Recovery function

If the signal of the following sensors is interrupted, the control unit determines some values to keep the engine running or it uses a different parameter. The instrument panel and the Axone also signal the problem.

RECOVERY FUNCTION

Specification	Desc./Quantity
air temperature	25 °C (77 °F)
engine temperature	30 °C (86 °F)
	with linear increase from the air temperature at ig-
	nition
barometric pressure	1010 hPa
throttle valve potentiometer	2.9° at idle, otherwise variable.
idle motor	fixed value variable depending on the vehicle

Using axone for injection system

Injection

Iso screen page

ISO

This display shows general data regarding the control unit, for example software type, mapping, control unit programming date



ISO DISPLAY

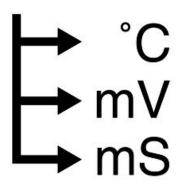
Specification	Desc./Quantity
Mapping	-
wapping	•

1200 Sport Power supply

Engine parameter reading screen page

ENGINE PARAMETER READING

This display shows the parameters measured by the several sensors (engine revs, engine temperature, etc.) or values set by the control unit (injection time, ignition advance, etc.)



ENGINE PARAMETER READING SCREEN PAGE

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Engine rpm	Engine revolutions per minute: the minimum value is set by the control unit cannot be adjusted
Injection time	- ms
Ignition advance	- °
Air temperature	°C
	Temperature of the air taken in by the engine,
	measured by the sensor in the filter casing. This is
	not the temperature indicated by the instrument
	panel
Engine temperature	°C
Battery voltage	V
Throttle	Value corresponding to the throttle when closed
	(approximate value between 4.5 and 4.9°) (left
	throttle supported by the end of stroke screw). If a
	different value is read, it is necessary to activate
	the parameter "Throttle positioner autodetection"
	and obtain this value.
Atmospheric pressure	1015 mPa (approximate values)
	The sensor is inside the instrument panel
Lambda probe	100 - 900 mV (approximate values)
	Signal when energised that the control unit re-
	ceives from the lambda probe: inversely propor-
	tional to the presence of oxygen
Lambda integrator	When the control unit uses the lambda probe sig-
	nal (see the 'Lambda' parameter on the 'Device
	status' display) this value should be close to 0%
Vehicle speed	- km/h
Target engine revs	1150 rpm (approximate values)
	Parameter valid at idle, setting depends especially
	on the engine temperature: the control unit will try
	to keep the engine running at this revs, acting on
•	the ignition advance and the Stepper motor
Stepper base	70 - 100 (approximate values)
	Steps corresponding to the Stepper motor refer-
	ence position
CL Stepper	70 - 150 (approximate values)

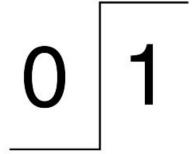
Power supply 1200 Sport

Specification	Desc./Quantity
	Steps set by the control unit for the Stepper motor.
	At idle, steps so that the engine keeps the target
	engine revs set by the control unit
Stepper regulator	Difference between current steps of motor at idle
	and those at the reference position
Virtual throttle angle from Stepper	0°
	With engine not at idle speed, this value indicates
	the throttle degrees corresponding to the Stepper
	motor air flow

Device status screen page

DEVICE STATUS

This screen page shows the status (ON/OFF only) of the vehicle devices or the operation condition of some vehicle systems (for example, lambda probe functioning status)



DEVICE STATUS

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Engine status	ON/run/power-latch/stopped
	operation conditions
Throttle position	Released / pressed
	indicates if the throttle potentiometer is open or
	closed
Stand	Retracted / expanded
	indicates the position of the side stand (only with
	gear engaged)
IGNITION	Enabled / disabled
	indicates if the control unit consents engine start-
	up
RUN / STOP switch	Run / stop
	indicates the position of the safety switch
Clutch	No / Yes
	indicates the clutch sensor status
Gear engaged	No / Yes
	indicates the gear sensor status
Fall sensor	Normal / Tip over
	indicates the vehicle fall sensor status
Lambda	Open loop / Closed loop
	Indicates if the control unit is using (CLOSED) the
	lambda probe signal to keep the stoichiometric
	combustion. At idle CLOSED only if: Air T over 20°
	C (68°F) and engine T over 30°C (86°F) and en-
	gine on for at least 2-3 minutes
Synchronisation	Synchronised / Not synchronised

1200 Sport Power supply

Specification

Desc./Quantity

Indicates if the control unit detects the revolution sensor signal correctly

Devices activation screen page

DEVICES ACTIVATION

This displays is used to delete errors in the control unit memory and activate some systems controlled by the control unit



DEVICES ACTIVATION

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Left coil	operation for 2.5 m, 5 times
Right coil	operation for 2.5 m, 5 times
Left injector	Operation for 4 m, 5 times
Right injector	Operation for 4 m, 5 times
Error clearing	By pressing the 'enter' button, the stored errors (MEM) become part of the historical data (STO). In the next connection between the Axone and the control unit, the historical errors (STO) are no longer shown
Fuel pump	Operation for 30"
Stepper control	For 4", advancement control of 32 steps; for the next 4", retrocession control of 32 steps and so on for 30"

Errors display screen page

ERRORS DISPLAY

This screen page shows potential errors detected in the vehicle (ATT) or stored in the control unit (MEM) and it is possible to check error deletion (STO)



ERRORS DISPLAY

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Pressure sensor	Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or
	open circuit: recovery function noticeable for cus-

Power supply 1200 Sport

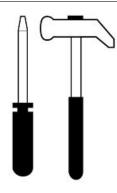
Specification	Desc./Quantity
	tomer. Careful with the air pressure sensor in the instrument panel
Air temperature	Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit: recovery function hardly noticeable for customer.
Engine temperature	Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit: recovery function.
Throttle actuator position sensor	Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit: recovery function noticeable for customer.
Lambda probe	Possible short circuit on the earth lead, battery or open circuit or plausibility: recovery function hardly noticeable for customer.
Left injector	Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit. If both injectors do not work, the engine does not work
Right injector	Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit. If both injectors do not work, the engine does not work
Fuel pump relay	Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit: the engine does not start.
Left coil	Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit. If both coils do not work, the engine does not work.
Right coil	Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit. If both coils do not work, the engine does not work.
Idle regulator	Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit: recovery function noticeable for the customer due to no idle management
Battery voltage	Battery voltage detected is too low (7V) or too high (16V) for a certain period
Starter diagnosis	Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit.
Engine revolution sensor	Possible open circuit.
Lambda heater	Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or lambda probe heating circuit open.
SPEED SENSOR	Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or speed sensor circuit open: also possible lack of supply from the control unit
CAN line diagnosis	Possible error on the CAN line: short circuit or line break or no signal or plausibility error detected.
RAM memory	Possible internal control unit error. Also check the control unit supply and earth connections
ROM memory	Possible internal control unit error. Also check the control unit supply and earth connections
Microprocessor	Possible internal control unit error. Also check the control unit supply and earth connections
Checksum EPROM	Possible internal control unit error. Also check the control unit supply and earth connections

1200 Sport Power supply

Adjustable parameters screen page

ADJUSTABLE PARAMETERS

This screen page is used to adjust some control unit parameters



ADJUSTABLE PARAMETERS

Specification	Desc./Quantity
Throttle positioner autodetection	Allows the control unit to detect the closed throttle
	position: just press the enter button
	position. Just press the effet button

Power supply 1200 Sport

INDEX OF TOPICS

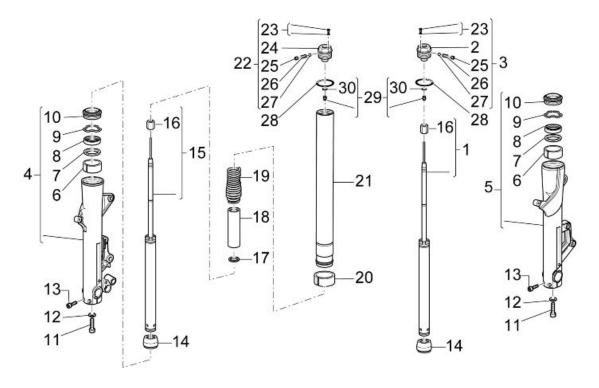
Suspensions

Suspensions 1200 Sport

Front

Front fork

Diagram



Key:

- 1. Left pumping member rod
- 2 . Adhesive
- 3. Complete cover
- 4. Right sleeve
- 5. Left sleeve
- 6. Upper bushing
- 7. Cap
- 8. Sealing ring
- 9. Locking ring
- 10. Dust guard
- 11. Screw
- 12. Washer
- 13. TCEI Screw
- 14. Buffer
- 15. Right pumping member rod

1200 Sport Suspensions

- 16. Lock nut
- 17. Washer
- 18. Preloading pipe
- 19. Spring
- 20. Lower bushing
- 21. Stem
- 22. Complete cover
- 23. Screw and O-Ring
- 24. Adhesive
- 25. Pin
- 26. Spring
- 27. Ball
- 28. O-Ring
- 29. Set screw
- 30. O-Ring

Removing the fork legs

 Undo the screws fixing the front mudguard and remove it.



- Unscrew the speed sensor screw, remove the clamps from the cable harness.
- Remove the speed sensor.



Suspensions 1200 Sport

 Undo the screws fixing the front brake callipers and remove them from their seat.



- Support the front part of the vehicle.
- Remove the nut fixing the wheel pin.
- Collect the sealing washer.



Loosen the screws on the wheel pin terminals.



 Hit the wheel pin slightly with a rubber hammer so that the hole on the opposite side is exposed.



1200 Sport Suspensions

 Remove the wheel pin by inserting a screwdriver in the holes on the pin.



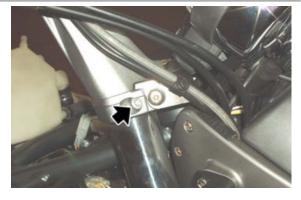
 During extraction, support the wheel and then remove it.



• Collect the spacer from the front wheel right side.



 Support the fork stem and loosen the screws on the upper and then the lower plate.



Suspensions 1200 Sport



• Remove the fork stem.



Draining oil

To drain out the oil follow these operations:

- Remove the fork.
- Unscrew the complete upper closing cap. Pay attention to the possible thrust that the spring can cause to the loosened cap.
- Be careful not damage the O-Ring during extraction.
- Press the stem inside the wheel holder sleeve.
- Remove the spring.
- Be careful not damage the O-Ring during extraction.





1200 Sport Suspensions

- Press the stem inside the wheel holder sleeve.
- Remove the spring.



- Drain out all the oil inside the stem.
- Collect the preload tube.



NOTE

FOR EASY DRAINAGE OF THE OIL INSIDE THE PUMPING MEMBER ROD, PRESS THE STEM IN THE WHEEL HOLDER SLEEVE TO PUMP OIL OUT.



- Carefully check each part of the stem and make sure that there are no damaged elements.
- If there are no damaged or worn elements, refill the stem; otherwise, replace the damaged elements.

Disassembling the fork

- Drain out all the oil in the stem.
- Block the wheel holder sleeve with a vice.
- Undo the bottom screw and remove it together with its gasket.



Suspensions 1200 Sport

 Remove the dust scraper using a screwdriver as a lever.

CAUTION

BE CAREFUL NOT TO DAMAGE THE SLEEVE RIM AND THE DUST SCRAPER.





 Remove the locking ring inside the sleeve using a thin screwdriver.

CAUTION

BE CAREFUL NOT TO DAMAGE THE SLEEVE RIM.



 Slide off the stem from the wheel holder sleeve together with the lower bushing, sealing ring, cap, upper bushing and the entire pumping member.

NOTE

WHEN REMOVING THE STEM FROM THE WHEEL HOLDER SLEEVE SOME PARTS MAY REMAIN INSIDE THE SLEEVE. IF THIS OCCURS, THESE PARTS MUST BE REMOVED AFTERWARDS, BEING CAREFUL NOT TO DAMAGE THE SLEEVE RIM AND THE UPPER BUSHING SEAT



1200 Sport Suspensions







Checking the components

Stem

Check the sliding surface for scorings and/or scratches.

These scorings can be eliminated by rubbing them with wet sandpaper (grain 1).

If the scorings are deep, replace the stem.

Use a dial gauge to check that the stem bending is below the limit value.

If over the value, replace the stem.

CAUTION

A BENT STEM SHOULD NEVER BE STRAIGHTENED BECAUSE ITS STRUCTURE WOULD BE WEAKENED AND USING THE VEHICLE MAY BECOME DANGEROUS.

Characteristic

Bending limit:

0.2 mm (0.00787 in)

SUSP - 9

Suspensions 1200 Sport

Sleeve

Check that there are no damages and/or cracks; otherwise, replace it.

Spring

Check the spring is in good conditions.

Check that the following components are in good conditions:

· upper bushing;



- lower bushing;
- pumping member.

If there are signs of excessive wear or damage, replace the affected component.

CAUTION

REMOVE ANY IMPURITY IN THE BUSHINGS, TAKING CARE NOT TO SCRATCH THEIR SURFACE.

Replace the following components with new ones:

sealing ring;



• dust guard;



1200 Sport Suspensions

• O-Ring on the cap.

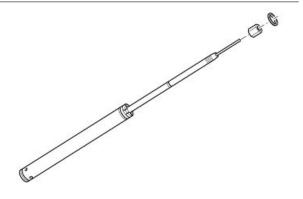


Reassembling the fork

CAUTION

ALL COMPONENTS MUST BE CAREFULLY WASHED AND DRIED WITH COMPRESSED AIR BEFORE REFITTING.

- Carry out any necessary service operation.
- On the stem, fit the entire pumping unit together with the lock nut and the washer.



 Check that the upper guide bushing is fitted on the wheel holder fork leg.



- Insert the lower sliding bushing in the seat on the stem.
- Refit the stem in the wheel holder fork leg pressing it until it stops.



Suspensions 1200 Sport

 Screw the bottom screw and tighten it to the prescribed torque.



- Insert the cap and the well lubricated sealing ring in the stem.
- Use a suitable inserting tool to push the sealing ring in the fork leg until it stops.





• Fit the locking ring.



1200 Sport Suspensions

• Fit the dust scraper.



Filling oil

- Place the sleeve upright in a vice fitted with protection shoes.
- Compress the sleeve in the stem.
- Pour part of the fork oil into the sleeve.
- Wait some minutes until the oil fills all the ducts.
- Pour the remaining oil.
- Pump out oil a few times.
- Measure the air gap between the oil level and the rim.



THE SLEEVE MUST BE PERFECTLY VERTICAL FOR A CORRECT OIL LEVEL MEASUREMENT. THE OIL LEVEL MUST BE THE SAME IN BOTH STEMS.

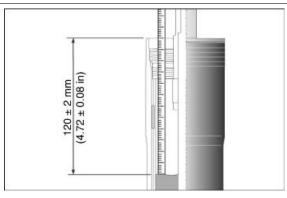
Characteristic

Oil quantity (for each stem):

 $400 \pm 2.5 \text{ cm}^3 (24.4 \pm 0.15 \text{ cu in}).$

Oil level (from sleeve rim, without the spring and preloading pipe)

120 +/- 2 mm (4.72 +/- 0.08 in)





Suspensions 1200 Sport

• Insert the preload tube and the spring.





 Place the cap on the bearing tube, taking care not to damage the O-ring.



• Then, tighten the cap to the prescribed torque.



1200 Sport Suspensions

Installing the fork legs

Insert the fork stem in position.



 Insert the wheel pin so that the stems are aligned.



• Tighten the screws on the fork plates to the prescribed torque.





Suspensions 1200 Sport

- Remove the wheel pin
- Place the right side wheel with spacer.
- Insert the pin.



Tighten the terminal screws (nut side)
 to lock the wheel pin



- Insert the sealing washer on the wheel pin.
- Tighten the nut fixing the wheel pin to the prescribed torque
- Make sure the stems are aligned making the fork work.



• Tighten the terminal screws that lock the wheel pin to the prescribed torque.



1200 Sport Suspensions

• Fit the brake callipers tightening the fixing screws to the prescribed torque.

CAUTION

AFTER FITTING THE BRAKE CALLIPERS, OPERATE THE FRONT BRAKE LEVER SEVERAL TIMES



- Fit the speed sensor.
- Tighten the speed sensor screw.
- Secure the speed sensor cable harness with clamps.



• Fit the front mud guard.



Steering bearing

Adjusting play

 Unscrew the upper bolt on the headstock.



Suspensions 1200 Sport

Operating on both half-handlebars, remove the lower fastening screw to the fork plate.



- Operating on both half-handlebars, remove the two upper fastening screws to the fork plate.
- Remove both half-handlebars but keep them connected to the cables.



 Operating from both sides, remove the fastening screw of the front cowl under the instrument panel.



 Lift the front cowl towards the instrument panel being careful not to force the hazard button and the temperature sensor cables.



1200 Sport Suspensions

 Remove the upper screw fastening the light holder fitting.



 Operating from both sides, remove the screw fastening the light holder fitting to the lower fork plate.



 Operating from both sides, remove the screw fixing the fork stems to the upper plate.



 Move the light holder fitting a few centimetres forward, together with the headlamp and instrument panel.



Suspensions 1200 Sport

 Slide off the fork upper plate moving it towards the instrument panel.



 Rivet the safety washer on the headstock.

CAUTION

UPON REFITTING REPLACE THE SAFETY WASHER WITH A NEW ONE.



• Unscrew the upper ring nut.

CAUTION

UPON REFITTING TIGHTEN THE UPPER RING NUT MANUALLY AND THEN FORCE IT SLIGHTLY UNTIL THE NOTCHES ARE ALIGNED WITH THE RING NUTS.



Remove the safety washer.



1200 Sport Suspensions

 Adjust the preloading of the steering bearings with the special tool.

NOTE

GET THE ADEQUATE SPECIAL TOOL.

Specific tooling

AP8140190 Tool for steering tightening



Suspensions 1200 Sport

INDEX OF TOPICS

Chassis

Swinging arm

Removing

- To remove the fork, first remove both footrest supporting plates and the exhaust silencer.
- Slide off the rear brake calliper from the disc and release the brake pipe.
- Remove the cover.



- Engage first gear.
- Undo and remove the four screws, collect the spacers and the dust-protection ring.



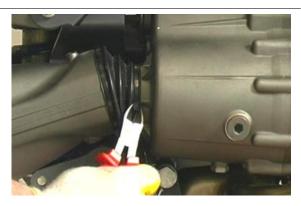
 Unscrew and remove the fixing nut of the connecting rod assembly and collect the screw.



- Unscrew and remove the nut fixing the reaction rod.
- Remove the screw.
- Fasten the reaction rod to the chassis with a clamp.



 Remove the clamp from the dust guard cap.



Loosen the two fork terminal screws.



• Loosen the ring nut.

Specific tooling

05.91.26.30 Tool for tightening the fork pin ring nut - clutch hub



 Helped by a second operator, remove the pin and remove the fork with cardan shaft.



Checking

- Check that the universal joint is not damaged, the gear teeth inserting in the sleeve grooves and the grooves on the joint are not deformed or damaged; otherwise, replace the joint.
- Check that the rubber bellows are not cut or pierced; otherwise, replace it.
- Check that the fork pin threads and the fork fixing nuts are not damaged, deformed or flattened; otherwise, replace them.
- Check that the sleeve grooves are not damaged, deformed or deteriorated; otherwise, replace the sleeve.
- Check that the sleeve outer toothing and grooves are not damaged.



Installing

- Spread a thin layer of lubricating grease all along the fork pin.
- Fit the ring nut in the fork pin and screw it manually.



- Working from both sides, grease the cardan shaft cables with the recommended product from the recommended products table.
- Block the fork, insert the universal joint, align the holes and, at the same time, helped by a second operator, insert the pin completely.
- Tighten the fork pin.



 Use the suitable box-spanner to tighten the ring nut.

Specific tooling

05.91.26.30 Tool for tightening the fork pin ring nut - clutch hub



Tighten the two fork terminal screws.



- Fit the dust guard cap in the gearbox.
- Lock the dust guard cap with a new clamp.



- Place the reaction rod into its seat.
- Insert the screw.
- Screw the nut fixing the reaction rod.



 Place the connecting rod assembly on the fork.

- Insert the screw.
- Tighten the fixing nut of the connecting rod assembly.



 Place the dust-protection ring between the rim and the cardan shaft taking care to mount it with the collar facing the transmission unit.



- Place the rear wheel on the fork.
- Tighten the four screws with their spacers and the dust-protection ring.
- Place the cover.
- Place the rear brake calliper on the disc and the brake pipe on the fork.



Bevel gears

Removing

 To remove the gearbox, first remove the exhaust silencer and the rear wheel.



- Unscrew and remove the nut fixing the reaction rod.
- Remove the screw.
- Fasten the reaction rod to the chassis with a clamp.



• Undo and remove the four screws.

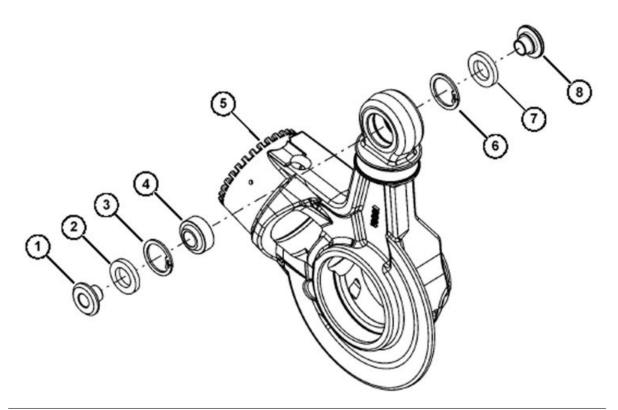


 Remove the transmission casing sliding off the universal joint.



Checking

Support unit



REMOVAL

Remove the bushing (1) with a punch.

Turn the support (5) over and remove the other bushing (8).

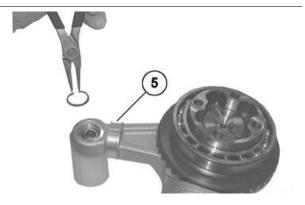


Remove the sealing rings (2) and (7) with a screwdriver.

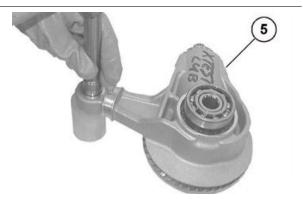
Remove the stop rings (3) and (6) from the support (5) with suitable pliers.

NOTE

THIS OPERATION DESTROYS THE SEALING RING.

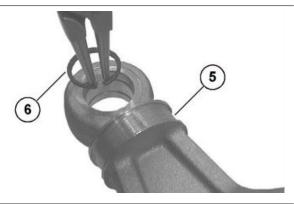


Remove the ball joint (4) with a suitable buffer and a rubber hammer.



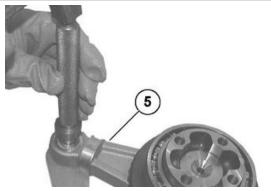
FITTING

Fit the stop ring (6) in the support (5) with suitable pliers.

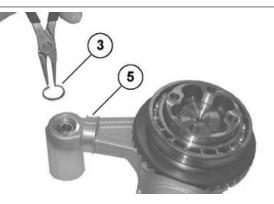


Turn the support (5) over.

Assemble the ball joint (4) with the buffer and a rubber hammer.



Fit the stop ring (3) in the support (5) with suitable pliers.



Manually assemble the new sealing rings (2) and (7).

Assemble the bushing (1).



Drive the bushing (1) in with a plastic hammer.

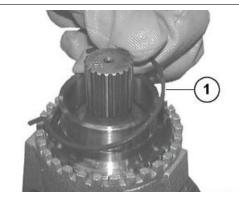
Turn the support (5) over and assemble the other bushing (8).



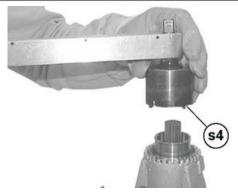
Pinion unit

REMOVAL

Remove the stop ring (1) from the ring nut.



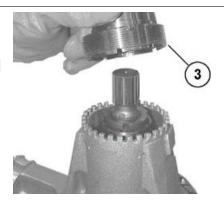
Unscrew the ring nut (2) with the special spanner (s4).



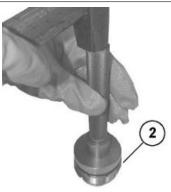
Remove the ring nut (2) and remove the sealing ring from the ring nut.

NOTE

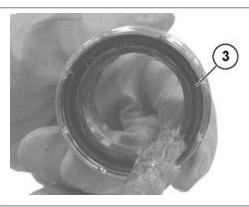
THIS OPERATION DESTROYS THE SEALING RING.



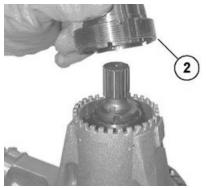
Assemble the sealing ring (3) to the ring nut (2) with the buffer CA715855 (see Fig.1) and a hammer.



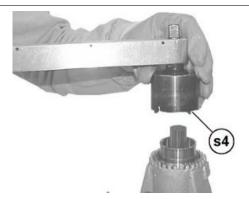
Lubricate the sealing ring (3).



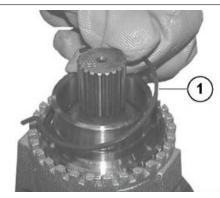
Assemble the ring nut (2).



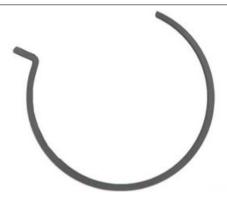
Tighten the ring nut (2) with the special spanner (s4) to the prescribe torque.



Insert the stop ring (1) in the ring nut (2) in the indicated direction.

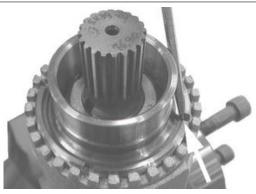


Assembly position of the stop ring (1).



CAUTION

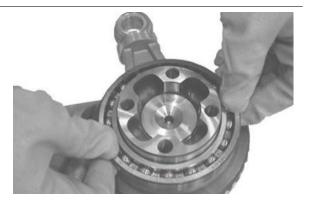
MAKE SURE THE STOP RING IS IN ITS SEAT.



Wheel axle unit

REMOVAL

Remove the bearing from the wheel axle with a suitable extractor.



Turn the unit over.

Remove the bearing from the wheel axle with a suitable extractor.



FITTING

Heat the bearings to 100°C (212 °F).



Assemble the bearings to the wheel axle.



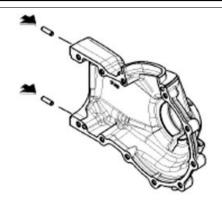
Turn the unit over.

Assemble the bearings to the wheel axle.



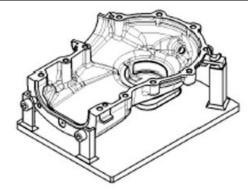
Casing unit fitting

Assemble the dowel pins to the casing with the buffer and a hammer.



Assemble the casing to the special fastening tool.

Clean the casing faying surfaces carefully.



Heat the casing.



Insert the support group in the casing.



Assemble the cap and the ring.



Fit the cap on the support.

Fit the clamp.



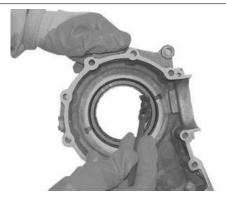
Screw the clamp with the specific pliers.



Apply the prescribed sealant to the casing.



Fit a new sealing ring using the buffer. Lubricate the sealing ring.



Assemble two centring stud bolts with M8 thread in the threaded holes of the casing as shown in the picture.



Fit the casing.

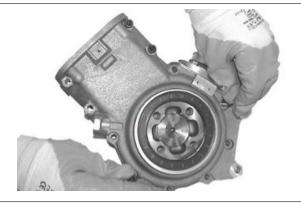
Remove the two dowel pins.



Assemble the fixing screws (7).

Tighten the screws (7) to the prescribed torque.

Remove excessive sealant.



Assemble the ring to the casing.



Tighten the fixing screws to the prescribed torque.



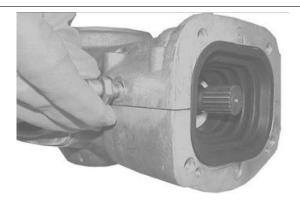
Fit the cap with the washer.

Screw the cap to the prescribed torque.



Fit the breather with the washer.

Screw the breather to the prescribed torque.



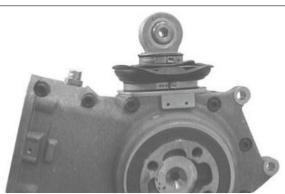
Fill the transmission with the prescribed oil.

Fit the cap with the washer.

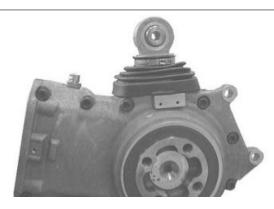
Screw the cap to the prescribed torque.



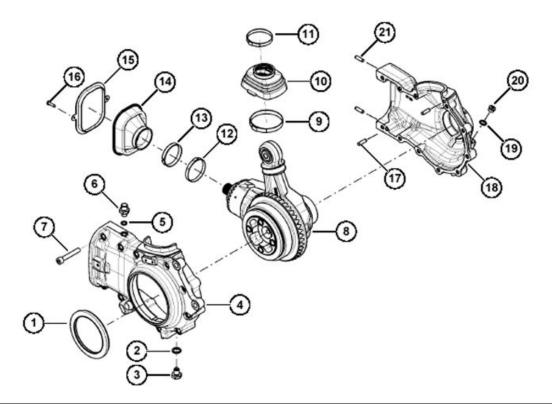
Assemble the cap with the clamps.



Fit the cap in its seat.



Casing unit removal

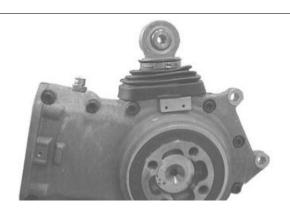


Remove the cover (20).

Remove the plug (3) to drain out the oil.

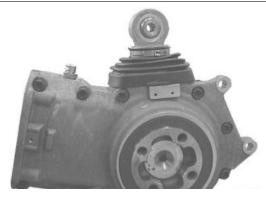


Lift the cap (10).



Remove the clamps (9) and (11).

Remove the cap (14).



Remove the screws (16).



Collect the ring (15).



Remove the screws (7).

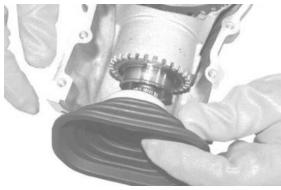
Remove the casing (4).



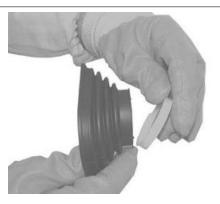
Remove the clamp (12).



Remove the cap (14).



Collect the ring (13).



Remove the support unit (8).



TROUBLESHOOTING

Possible Cause

Operation

1. Fitting error of the radial seal or seal damaged 1. Replace the sealing ring and fit it correctly with

2. Sliding surface of the wheel axle seal spoiled or the suitable tool

damaged

2. Replace the wheel axle

Possible Cause	Operation
1. Casing not sealed 2. Closing screws of the cas-	1. Open the casing shells, clean the surfaces, seal
ing shells not tightened to the prescribed torque.	it and reassemble the casing
	2. Tighten the closing screws to the correct torque
1. Dirt between sealing ring and casing 2. Worn	 Clean and tighten to the correct torque
sealing ring fitted 3. Plug not tightened to the pre-	Replace the sealing ring
scribed torque	3. Tighten the plug to the correct torque
1. Damaged cap 2. Retaining clamps or closing	 Replace the cap
cover slacken 3. Fitting error of the radial seal or	Screw the clamp with suitable pliers
seal damaged 4. Sliding surface of the wheel	3. Replace the sealing ring and fit it correctly with
spacer seal spoiled or damaged	the suitable tool
	Replace the spacer
1. Cap damaged 2. Internal retaining clamp or ex-	1. Replace the cap
ternal closing clamp loose	2. Screw the internal or external clamp with suita-
	ble pliers
1. Bevel gear pair fitting error 2. Bevel gear pair	 Replace the bevel gear pair
toothing spoiled or damaged	
Ball bearings on the wheel axle damaged	 Replace the wheel bearings

Installing

 Insert the transmission casing on the fork making sure that the universal joint engages correctly.



 Tighten the four screws to the prescribed torque operating diagonally.



- Place the reaction rod into its seat.
- Insert the screw.
- Screw the nut fixing the reaction rod.



 Place the dust-protection ring between the rim and the cardan shaft taking care to mount it with the collar facing the transmission unit.



- Place the rear wheel on the fork.
- Tighten the four screws with their spacers and the dust-protection ring.
- Place the cover.
- Place the rear brake calliper on the disc and the brake pipe on the fork.



Exhaust

Removing the tail pipe

The engine and the exhaust system components get very hot and remain in this condition for a certain time interval after the engine has been shut off. Before handling these components, make sure that you are wearing insulating gloves or wait until the engine and the exhaust system have cooled down.

 Release and remove the spring between the exhaust end and the catalytic converter.



- Loosen the clamp between the exhaust end and the catalytic converter.
- Unscrew and remove the silencer fixing nut and collect the screw and the bushing.
- Remove the exhaust end.



Removing the manifold - tail pipe

- Remove both exhaust manifolds.
- Remove the exhaust end.
- Remove the lambda probe.
- Slide the manifold end coupling off the anti-vibration rubber rings.



Remove the manifold - end coupling.



See also

Removing the exhaust manifold Removing the tail pipe

Removing the lambda sensor

Removing the exhaust manifold

The engine and the exhaust system components get very hot and remain in this condition for a certain time interval after the engine has been shut off. Before handling these components, make sure that you are wearing insulating gloves or wait until the engine and the exhaust system have cooled down.

- Unscrew and remove the two nuts on the head exhaust stud bolts.
- Collect the washers.



- Loosen the clamp.
- Remove the exhaust manifold.



Removing the lambda sensor

- Disconnect the lambda probe connector.
- Unscrew and remove the lambda probe.



INDEX OF TOPICS

BRAKING SYSTEM

BRAK SYS

Braking system 1200 Sport

Interventions rules

CAUTION

THE FRONT BRAKE DISC SHAPE DOES NOT CHANGE THE OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE SYSTEM.

Front brake pads

Removal

Turn the pins and remove both split pins.



Remove both pins.



• Remove the vibration-damping plate.



1200 Sport Braking system

Extract one pad at a time.

CAUTION

AFTER REMOVING THE PADS, DO NOT OPERATE THE BRAKE CONTROL LEVER OR THE CALLIPER PLUNGERS COULD GO OUT OF THEIR SEATS RESULTING IN BRAKE FLUID LEAKS.



Rear brake pads

Removal

- Undo and remove the two screws.
- Remove the brake calliper from the disc.
- Turn the pin and remove the split pin.
- Remove the split pin.





• Remove the pin.



Braking system 1200 Sport

Extract one pad at a time.

CAUTION

AFTER REMOVING THE PADS, DO NOT OPERATE THE BRAKE CONTROL LEVER OR THE CALLIPER PLUNGERS COULD GO OUT OF THEIR SEATS RESULTING IN BRAKE FLUID LEAKS.

Insert two new pads, placing them so that the holes are aligned with the calliper holes.

CAUTION

ALWAYS REPLACE BOTH PADS AND MAKE SURE THEY ARE CORRECTLY POSITIONED INSIDE THE CALLIPER.

- Insert the pin.
- Place the split pin.
- Check the brake fluid level in the reservoir.



Bleeding the braking system

Front

If there is air in the hydraulic system, it acts as a bearing, absorbing a large part of the pressure from the brake pump and minimising calliper efficiency during braking.

The presence of air is signalled by the "sponginess" of the brake control and poor braking efficiency.



CONSIDERING THE DANGER FOR VEHICLE AND RIDER, IT IS STRICTLY NECESSARY, AFTER REFITTING BRAKES AND RESTORING THE BREAKING SYSTEM TO THE REGULAR USE CONDITIONS, THAT THE HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT BE AIR PURGED.

NOTE

THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS REFER TO ONLY ONE FRONT BRAKE CALLIPER BUT APPLY TO BOTH CALLIPERS. THE VEHICLE MUST BE ON LEVEL GROUND TO BE PURGED. WHILE PURGING THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM, FILL THE RESERVOIR WITH THE NECESSARY QUANTITY OF BRAKE FLUID. CHECK THAT, DURING THE OPERATION,



1200 Sport Braking system

THERE IS ALWAYS BRAKE FLUID IN THE RESERVOIR.

- Remove the rubber protection cover from the bleed valve.
- Insert the transparent plastic pipe in the front brake calliper bleed valve and slide the other end of this pipe in a container to collect the fluid.
- Remove the front brake oil reservoir cap.
- Quickly press and release the front brake lever several times and then keep it fully pressed.
- Loosen the bleed valve 1/4 of a turn so that the brake fluid flows into the container. This will release the tension on the brake lever and will make it reach the end of stroke.
- Close the bleed valve before the lever reaches its end of stroke.
- Repeat the operation until the fluid draining into the container is air-bubble free.

NOTE

WHILE PURGING THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM, FILL THE RESERVOIR WITH THE NECESSARY QUANTITY OF BRAKE FLUID. CHECK THAT, DURING THE OPERATION, THERE IS ALWAYS BRAKE FLUID IN THE RESERVOIR.

- Screw the bleed valve and remove the pipe.
- Top-up the reservoir until the correct brake fluid level is obtained.
- Refit and block the front brake oil reservoir cap.
- Refit the rubber protection cover.

Rear

If there is air in the hydraulic system, it acts as a bearing, absorbing a large part of the pressure from the brake pump and minimising calliper efficiency during braking.

The presence of air is signalled by the "sponginess" of the brake control and poor braking efficiency.

CAUTION

CONSIDERING THE DANGER FOR VEHICLE AND RIDER, IT IS STRICTLY NECESSARY, AFTER REFITTING BRAKES AND RESTORING THE BRAKING SYSTEM TO THE REGULAR USE CON-



Braking system 1200 Sport

DITIONS, THAT THE HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT BE AIR PURGED. THE VEHICLE MUST BE ON LEVEL GROUND TO BE PURGED. WHILE PURGING THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM, FILL THE RESERVOIR WITH THE NECESSARY QUANTITY OF BRAKE FLUID. CHECK THAT, DURING THE OPERATION, THERE IS ALWAYS BRAKE FLUID IN THE RESERVOIR.

- Remove the rubber protection cover from the bleed valve.
- Insert the transparent plastic pipe in the rear brake calliper bleed valve and insert the other end of this pipe into a container to collect the fluid.
- Remove the rear brake oil reservoir cap.
- Quickly press and release the rear brake lever several times and then keep it fully pressed.
- Loosen the bleed valve 1/4 of a turn so that the brake fluid flows into the container. This will release the tension on the brake lever and will make it reach the end of stroke.
- Close the bleed valve before the lever reaches its end of stroke.
- Repeat the operation until the fluid draining into the container is air-bubble free.

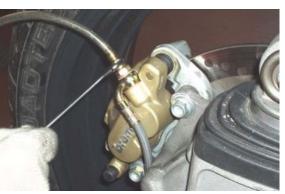
NOTE

WHILE PURGING THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM, FILL THE RESERVOIR WITH THE NECESSARY QUANTITY OF BRAKE FLUID CHECK THAT, DURING THE OPERATION, THERE IS ALWAYS BRAKE FLUID IN THE RESERVOIR.

- Screw the bleed valve and remove the pipe.
- Top-up the reservoir until the right brake fluid level is obtained.
- Refit and lock the rear brake oil reservoir cap.
- Refit the rubber protection cover.







INDEX OF TOPICS

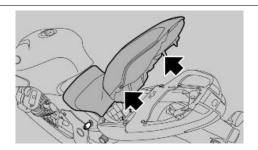
Bodywork BODYW

Bodywork 1200 Sport

Seat

PASSENGER SEAT COVER REMOVAL

- Raise the saddle and rest it on the fuel tank.
- Loosen and remove the two screws.
- Pull the passenger seat cover up towards the top fairing.



Headlight assy.

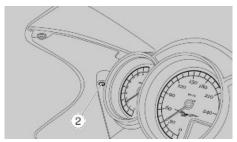
REMOVAL OF FRONT HEADLIGHT ASSEMBLY

- Working from both sides, loosen and remove the two lateral screws (1).
- Working from both sides, loosen and remove the two screws (2) on the instrument panel.



Support the front headlight assembly then remove from its mountings.





Working from the left right-hand side:

- Disconnect the throttle cable.
- Disconnect the cable to the front headlight assembly.

Working from the front:

- Reconnect the front headlight.
- Reconnect the top fairing.

1200 Sport Bodywork

Air box

- Remove the fuel tank.
- Disconnect the connector from the air temperature sensor.



Remove the oil breather pipe.



 Undo and remove the two screws from the oil vapour recovery reservoir.



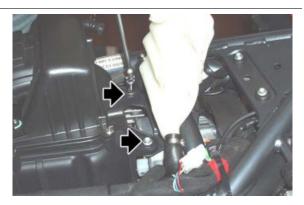
 Unscrew and remove the tube guide screw on the air filter casing.



Bodywork 1200 Sport

Move the oil vapour recovery reservoir aside.

 Unscrew and remove the two front screws from the air filter casing.



 Operating from both sides, loosen the clamp and slide off the sleeve from the throttle body.



- Lift the air filter casing and slide off the fuel depression pipe.
- Remove the air filter casing.



Fuel tank

- Remove the saddle.
- Operating from both sides, unscrew and remove the screw.

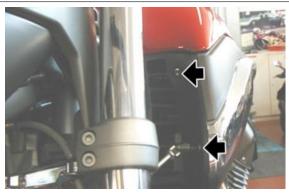


1200 Sport Bodywork

 Operating from both sides, lift the side fairing to remove it and slide it off the pin.



 Operating from both sides, unscrew and remove the two front screws.



• Unscrew and remove the rear screw.



 Lift the fuel tank and remove the pipes from the union tee.



Bodywork 1200 Sport

• Disconnect the connector.



• Disconnect the fuel pipe.



 Remove the fuel tank by sliding it off and back.

