

SERVICE STATION MANUAL

854300



BREVA V1100



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SERVICE STATION MANUAL BREVA V1100

This manual provides the main information to carry out regular maintenance operations on your scooter.

This manual is intended to **Moto Guzzi Dealers** and their qualified mechanics; several concepts have been deliberately omitted as they are considered unnecessary. As it is not possible to include complete mechanical notions in this manual, users should have basic mechanical knowledge or minimum knowledge about the procedures involved when repairing scooters. Without this knowledge, repairing or checking the vehicle may be inefficient or even dangerous. As the vehicle repair and check procedures are not described in detail, be extremely cautious so as not to damage components or injure individuals. In order to optimise customer satisfaction when using our vehicles, **Moto Guzzi** s.p.a. commits itself to continually improve its products and the relative documentation. The main technical modifications and changes in repair procedures are communicated to all **Moto Guzzi Sales Outlets and its International Subsidiaries**. These changes will be introduced in the subsequent editions of the manual. In case of need or further queries on repair and check procedures, consult **Moto Guzzi CUSTOMER DEPARTMENT**, which will be prepared to provide any information on the subject and any further communications on updates and technical changes related to the vehicle.

NOTE Provides key information to make the procedure easier to understand and carry out.

CAUTION Refers to specific procedures to carry out for preventing damages to the vehicle.

WARNING Refers to specific procedures to carry out to prevent injuries to the repairer.



Personal safety Failure to completely observe these instructions will result in serious risk of personal injury.



Safeguarding the environment Sections marked with this symbol indicate the correct use of the vehicle to prevent damaging the environment.



Vehicle intactness The incomplete or non-observance of these regulations leads to the risk of serious damage to the vehicle and sometimes even the invalidity of the guarantee.



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INDEX OF TOPICS

CHARACTERISTICS

Rules

Safety rules

Carbon monoxide

If you need to keep the engine running in order to carry out any procedure, please ensure that you do so in an open or very well ventilated area. Never let the engine run in an enclosed area. If you do work in an enclosed area, make sure to use a smoke-extraction system.

CAUTION



EXHAUST EMISSIONS CONTAIN CARBON MONOXIDE, A POISONOUS GAS WHICH CAN CAUSE LOSS OF CONSCIOUSNESS AND EVEN DEATH.

Fuel

CAUTION





FUEL USED TO POWER INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES IS HIGHLY FLAMMABLE AND CAN BECOME EXPLOSIVE UNDER SPECIFIC CONDITIONS. IT IS THEREFORE RECOMMENDED TO CARRY OUT REFUELLING AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES IN A VENTILATED AREA WITH THE ENGINE SWITCHED OFF. DO NOT SMOKE DURING REFUELLING AND NEAR FUEL VAPOURS, AVOIDING ANY CONTACT WITH NAKED FLAMES, SPARKS OR OTHER SOURCES WHICH MAY CAUSE THEM TO IGNITE OR EXPLODE.

DO NOT DISPERSE FUEL IN THE ENVIRONMENT.

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

Hot components

The engine and the exhaust system components get very hot and remain in this condition for a certain time interval after the engine has been switched off. Before handling these components, make sure that you are wearing insulating gloves or wait until the engine and the exhaust system have cooled down.

Used engine oil and transmission oil

CAUTION





IT IS ADVISABLE TO WEAR LATEX GLOVES WHEN SERVICING THE VEHICLE. THE ENGINE OR TRANSMISSION OIL MAY CAUSE SERIOUS INJURIES TO THE SKIN IF HANDLED FOR PROLONGED PERIODS OF TIME AND ON A REGULAR BASIS. WASH YOUR HANDS THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING IT. HAND THE OIL OVER TO OR HAVE IT COLLECTED BY THE NEAREST USED OIL RECYCLING COMPANY OR THE SUPPLIER. IT IS ADVISABLE TO WEAR LATEX GLOVES WHEN SERVICING THE VEHICLE.

DO NOT DISPOSE OF OIL IN THE ENVIRONMENT KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

Brake and clutch fluid



THE BRAKE AND CLUTCH FLUIDS CAN DAMAGE THE PLASTIC OR RUBBER PAINTED SURFACES. WHEN SERVICING THE BRAKING SYSTEM OR THE CLUTCH SYSTEM PROTECT THESE COMPONENTS WITH A CLEAN CLOTH. ALWAYS WEAR PROTECTIVE GOGGLES WHEN SERVICING THE SYSTEMS. BRAKE AND CLUTCH FLUIDS ARE EXTREMELY HARMFUL FOR YOUR EYES. IN THE EVENT OF ACCIDENTAL CONTACT WITH THE EYES, RINSE THEM IMMEDIATELY WITH ABUNDANT COLD, CLEAN WATER AND SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

Battery electrolyte and hydrogen gas

CAUTION



THE BATTERY ELECTROLYTE IS TOXIC, CORROSIVE AND AS IT CONTAINS SULPHURIC ACID, IT CAN CAUSE BURNS WHEN IN CONTACT WITH THE SKIN. WHEN HANDLING BATTERY ELECTROLYTE, WEAR TIGHT-FITTING GLOVES AND PROTECTIVE APPAREL. IF THE FLUID GETS INTO CONTACT WITH THE SKIN, RINSE WELL WITH ABUNDANT FRESH WATER. IT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT TO PROTECT THE EYES BECAUSE EVEN A SMALL QUANTITY OF BATTERY ACID CAN CAUSE BLINDNESS. IF THE FLUID GETS INTO CONTACT WITH THE EYES, WASH WITH ABUNDANT WATER FOR FIFTEEN MINUTES AND CONSULT AN EYE SPECIALIST IMMEDIATELY. IF THE FLUID IS ACCIDENTALLY SWALLOWED, DRINK LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER OR MILK, FOLLOWED BY MILK OF MAGNESIA OR VEGETABLE OIL AND SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE IMMEDIATELY. THE BATTERY RELEASES EXPLOSIVE GASES; KEEP IT AWAY FROM FLAMES, SPARKS, CIGARETTES OR ANY OTHER HEAT SOURCES. ENSURE ADEQUATE VENTILATION WHEN SERVICING OR RECHARGING THE

BATTERY.

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

BATTERY LIQUID IS CORROSIVE. DO NOT POUR IT OR SPILL IT, PARTICULARLY ON PLASTIC COMPONENTS. ENSURE THAT THE ELECTROLYTIC ACID IS COMPATIBLE WITH THE BATTERY TO BE ACTIVATED.

Maintenance rules

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND INFORMATION

When repairing, dismantling and reassembling the vehicle follow the recommendations reported below carefully.

BEFORE REMOVING COMPONENTS

 Before dismantling components, remove dirt, mud, dust and foreign bodies from the vehicle. Use the special tools designed for this bike, as required.

COMPONENTS REMOVAL

- Do not loosen and/or tighten screws and nuts using pliers or other tools than the especially designed wrench.
- Mark positions on all connection joints (pipes, cables etc.) before separating them, and identify them with distinctive symbols.
- Each component needs to be clearly marked in order to be identified during reassembly.
- Clean and wash the dismantled components carefully using a low-flammability detergent.
- Keep coupled parts together since they have "adjusted" to each other due to normal wear and tear.
- Some components must be used together or replaced altogether.
- Keep away from heat sources.

REASSEMBLY OF COMPONENTS

CAUTION

THE BEARINGS MUST BE ABLE TO ROTATE FREELY, WITHOUT BINDING AND/OR NOISE, OTHERWISE THEY NEED REPLACING.

- Only use ORIGINAL Moto Guzzi SPARE PARTS.
- Comply with lubricant and consumables usage guidelines.
- Lubricate parts (whenever possible) before reassembling them.
- When tightening nuts and screws, start from the ones with the largest section or from the internal ones, moving diagonally. Tighten nuts and screws in successive steps before ap-

- plying the tightening torque.
- Always replace self-locking nuts, washers, sealing rings, circlips, O-rings(OR), split pins
 and screws with new ones if their tread is damaged.
- When assembling the bearings, make sure to lubricate them well.
- Check that each component is assembled correctly.
- After a repair or routine maintenance procedure, carry out pre-ride checks and test the vehicle on private grounds or in an area with low traffic density.
- Clean all junction surfaces, oil guard rims and washers before refitting them. Smear a light layer of lithium-based grease on the oil guard rims. Reassembly the oil guard and the bearings with the brand or lot number facing outward (visible side).

ELECTRIC CONNECTORS

Electric connectors must be disconnected as described below; failure to comply with this procedure causes irreparable damages to both the connector and the cable harness:

Press the relevant safety hooks, if any.

- Grip the two connectors and disconnect them by pulling them in opposite directions.
- If there are signs of dirt, rust, humidity, etc., clean the connector internal parts carefully
 using a pressurised air jet.
- Make sure that the cables are correctly linked to the connector internal terminal ends.
- Then insert the two connectors making sure that they couple correctly (if the relevant hooks are provided, you will hear them "click" into place).

CAUTION

TO DISCONNECT THE TWO CONNECTORS, DO NOT PULL THE CABLES.

NOTE

THE TWO CONNECTORS CONNECT ONLY FROM ONE SIDE: CONNECT THEM THE RIGHT WAY ROUND.

TIGHTENING TORQUE

CAUTION

DO NOT FORGET THAT TIGHTENING TORQUES OF ALL FASTENING ELEMENTS ON WHEELS, BRAKES, WHEEL PINS AND ANY OTHER SUSPENSION COMPONENTS PLAY A KEY ROLE IN ENSURING VEHICLE SAFETY AND MUST COMPLY WITH SPECIFIED VALUES. CHECK THE TIGHTENING TORQUES OF FASTENING PARTS ON A REGULAR BASIS AND ALWAYS USE A TORQUE WRENCH TO REASSEMBLE THESE COMPONENTS. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THESE RECOMMENDATIONS MAY CAUSE ONE OF THESE COMPONENTS TO GET LOOSE AND EVEN DETACHED, THUS BLOCKING A WHEEL, OR OTHERWISE COM-

PROMISE VEHICLE HANDLING. THIS CAN LEAD TO FALLS, WITH THE RISK OF SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

Running-in

Engine run-in is essential to ensure engine long life and correct operation. Twisty roads and gradients are ideal to run in engine, brakes and suspensions effectively. Vary your driving speed during run-in. In this way, you allow for the work of components to be "loaded" and then "unloaded", thus cooling engine parts.

CAUTION

THE CLUTCH MAY EMIT A SLIGHT BURNING SMELL WHEN FIRST USED. THIS PHENOMEN-ON SHOULD BE CONSIDERED NORMAL AND WILL DISAPPEAR AS SOON AS THE CLUTCH DISCS GET ADAPTED.

IT IS IMPORTANT TO STRAIN ENGINE COMPONENTS DURING RUN-IN, HOWEVER, MAKE SURE NOT TO OVERDO THIS.

CAUTION

ONLY AFTER THE SERVICE AT THE END OF THE RUN-IN PERIOD CAN THE BEST PERFORM-ANCE OF YOUR VEHICLE BE OBTAINED.

Follow the guidelines detailed below:

- Do not twist the throttle grip abruptly and completely when the engine is working at a low revs, either during or after run-in.
- During the first 100 km (62 miles) operate the brakes with caution avoid rough and long braking. That is to permit the adequate adjustment of the pad friction material to the brake discs.



AFTER THE SPECIFIED MILEAGE, TAKE THE VEHICLE TO AN OFFICIAL Moto Guzzi DEALER FOR THE CHECKS INDICATED IN THE "AFTER RUN-IN" TABLE IN THE SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE SECTION TO AVOID INJURING YOURSELF, OTHERS AND /OR DAMAGING THE VEHICLE.

- Between 1000 km (625 miles) and 2000 km (1250 miles) travelled, ride more vigourously, vary speeds and twist throttle fully for some short periods for best coupling of the components; do not exceed 6000 rpm.
- After 2000 km (1250 miles) a better engine performance may be expected, but without exceeding the engine maximum rpm allowed (7600 rpm).

Vehicle identification

SERIAL NUMBER POSITION

These numbers are necessary for vehicle registration.

NOTE

ALTERING IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS CAN BE SERIOUSLY PUNISHED BY LAW, PARTICU-LARLY MODIFYING THE CHASSIS NUMBER WILL IMMEDIATELY INVALIDATE THE WAR-RANTY.

This number is composed by numbers and letters, as in the example shown below.

ZGULP0000YMXXXXXX

KEY:

ZGU: WMI (World manufacture identifier) code;

LP: model;

000: version variation;

0: digit free

Y year of manufacture

M: production plant (M= Mandello del Lario);

XXXXXX: progressive number (6 digits);

CHASSIS NUMBER

The chassis number is stamped on the right side of the headstock.



ENGINE NUMBER

The engine number is stamped on the left side, close to the engine oil level check cap.



Dimensions and mass

WEIGHT AND DIMENSIONS

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Length | 2195 mm (86.4 in) |
| Width | 870 mm (34.2 in) |
| Maximum height | 1125 mm (44.3 in) |
| Saddle height | 800 mm (31.5 in) |
| Minimum ground clearance | 185 mm (7.3 in) |
| Wheelbase | 1495 mm (58.8 in) |
| Kerb weight | 248 kg (547 pounds) |

Engine

ENGINE

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|---|---|
| Туре | 90° transversal V-twin, four stroke |
| Cylinder quantity | 2 |
| Cylinder layout | 90° V |
| Total engine capacity | 1064 cm³ (65 cu.in) |
| Bore / stroke | 92 x 80 mm (3.6 x 3.1 in) |
| Compression ratio | 9.8 :1 |
| Ignition | electronic |
| Engine revs at idle speed | 1100 ± 100 rpm |
| Clutch | dry, twin discs |
| Lubrication system | Pressure system regulated by valves and troch- oidal pump |
| Air filter | dry cartridge air filter |
| Cooling | air |
| Fuel supply | Electronic injection (Weber . Marelli) with stepper engine |
| Diffuser | diameter: 45 mm (1.77 in) |
| Fuel | Premium unleaded petrol, minimum octane rating of 95 (NORM) and 85 (NOMM) |
| Timing system diagram: | 2 rod valves and rocking levers |
| Valid values with checking clearance between rocking levers and valve | inlet: 0.10 mm (0.0039 in) outlet: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in) |

Transmission

TRANSMISSION

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|--------------------|--|
| Main transmission | with gear, ratio: 26/35 = 1 :1.3461 |
| Gearbox | Mechanical, 6 speeds with foot lever on the left hand side of the engine |
| Gear ratios: | 1st gear: 17/38 = 1:2.2353 2nd gear: 20/34 = 1:1.7 3rd gear: 23/31 = 1:1.3478 4th gear: 26/29 = 1:1.1154 5th gear: 31/30 = 1:0.9677 6th gear: 29/25 = 1:0.8621 |
| Final transmission | cardan shaft |
| Ratio | 12/44 = 1:3.6667 |

Capacities

CAPACITY

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|-------------------------|---|
| Engine oil | Oil and oil filter change 3600 cm³ (219 cu.in) |
| Gearbox oil | 500 cm³ (30.5 cu.in) |
| Transmission oil | 380 cm³ (23.2 cu.in) |
| Fuel (reserve included) | 23 I (6.1 gal) |
| Fuel reserve | 4 I (1.06 gal) |
| Fork oil | $400 \pm 2.5 \text{ cm}^3 (24.4 \pm 0.15 \text{ in}) \text{ (for each stem)}$ |
| Seats | 2 |
| Vehicle maximum load | 230 kg (507 lb) (rider + passenger + luggage) |

Electrical system

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Outer spark plug | NGK BPR6ES |
| Inner spark plug (long life) (only for 1100 - 1200 models) | NGK PMR8B |
| Electrode gap | 0.6 - 0.7 mm (0.024 - 0.028 in) |
| Battery | 12 V - 18 Ampere/hour |
| (Permanent-magnet) Generator | 12V - 550W |
| Main fuses | 30 A |
| ABS fuses | 40 - 25A |
| Secondary fuses | 3 - 15 - 20 A (only 10A for ABS) |

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Tail light | 12V - 5 W |
| Low-beam light | 12 V - 55 W H7 |
| High-beam light | 12 V - 65 W H9 |
| Turn indicators | 12V - 10 W (orange bulb) |
| Rear tail light /stop light | LED |
| Instrument panel lighting | LED |
| License plate light | 12V - 5 W |
| Turn indicator warning light | LED |
| ABS warning light | LED |
| Gear in neutral warning light | LED |
| Alarm warning light | LED |
| Side stand down warning light | LED |
| Low fuel warning light | LED |
| High-beam warning light | LED |
| Antitheft device warning light | LED |
| Gear shift warning light | LED |

Frame and suspensions

CHASSIS

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|-----------------|--|
| Туре | high strength steel tube chassis |
| Trail | 120 mm (4.72 in) |
| Headstock angle | 25° 30' |
| Front: | hydraulic telescopic fork; Ø 45 mm (1.77 in) |
| Wheel travel | 120 mm (4.72 in) |
| Rear | single arm suspension with progressive rising- rate linkage, single shock absorber with ad- justable rebound and ergonomic knob for spring preloading adjustment. |
| Wheel travel | 140 mm (5.5 in) |
| | |

Brakes

BRAKES

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|---------------|--|
| Front: | twin Ø 320 mm (12.6 in) stainless steel floating |

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|---------------|--|
| | disc, calliper with 4 different and counteracting plungers |
| Rear | Single stainless steel disc; Ø 282 mm (11.1 in) |

Wheels and tyres

WHEELS AND TYRES

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|---|---|
| Туре | hollow 3-spoke rim in chilled cast aluminium alloy |
| Front wheel rim | 3.50" x 17" |
| Rear wheel rim | 5.50" x 17" |
| Tyres | METZELER Roadtec Z6 MICHELIN Pilot Road DUNLOP D220 ST Sportmax |
| Front: | 120/70 - ZR 17" 58 W |
| Inflation pressure (front) | 250 kPa (36.3 PSI) |
| Inflation pressure with passenger (front) | 250 kPa (36.3 PSI) |
| Rear | 180/55 - ZR 17" 73 W |
| Inflation pressure (rear) | 280 kPa (40.6 PSI) |
| Inflation pressure with passenger (rear) | 280 kPa (40.6 PSI) |

Tightening Torques

HEAD UNIT

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|---|--------------|
| Head conical cover | 4 Nm |
| M8x42 Stud bolt | 35 Nm |
| Set screw | - Nm |
| Nut | 8 -11 Nm |
| M6x16 TE DA screw | 6 -8 Nm |
| Stainless M6x25 TBEI screw | 10 Nm |
| Stainless M5x16 TBEI flanged screw | 6 -7 Nm |
| M12x1.5 head / oil temperature sensor | - |
| M10x1.5 head temperature sensor container | 10 -12 Nm |
| | |

TIMING SYSTEM UNIT

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|-------------------|--------------|
| M6x20 TE DA screw | 8 -12 Nm |
| | |

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--|-------------------|
| M18x1.5 Man. Nut | 150 Nm |
| Belt tension | 50 Nm |
| TORQUES | |
| Name | Torque in Nm |
| M10x38 Stud bolt | 40 Nm |
| Tie rod (valid up to engine No. KP14270) | 42 Nm |
| Stud bolts (valid from engine No. KP14271) | 15 Nm + 90° + 90° |
| Dadi su prigionieri testa EA ZB M10x1,5 (valido fino al motore n° KP14270) | 40-42 Nm |
| Dadi su prigionieri testa EA ZB M10x1,5 (valido dal motore n° KP14271) | 15 Nm + 90° + 90° |
| Head fixing screw (valid up to engine No. KP14270) | 40 -42 Nm |
| Head fixing screw (valid from engine No. KP14271) | 15 Nm + 90° + 90° |
| M8x75 stud bolt | 35 Nm |
| M8x66 Stud bolt | 35 Nm |
| M8x25 TE DA screw | 25 Nm |
| M4x8 UNI 5933 TSPEI screw | 5 Nm |
| M4x10 TCEI screw | 25 Nm |
| M8x25 TE DA screw | 25 Nm |
| M6x30 TCEI DA screw | 8 -12 Nm |
| M8x55 TCEI DA screw compl.; 8.8 UNI 5931 Dacromet | 23 Nm |
| M6x16 TCEI screw | 8 -12 Nm |
| M6x30 TCEI DA screw | 8 -12 Nm |
| M6x40 TCEI DA screw | 8 -12 Nm |
| M6x60 TCEI DA screw | 8 -12 Nm |
| M24x1.5 joint | 40 Nm |
| M6x55 TCEI DA screw | 8 -12 Nm |
| M6x20 TCEI DA screw | 8 -12 Nm |
| M18x1.5 nipples fixing copper pipes | 20 Nm |
| Cover with rod | - Nm |
| M10x1.5 Magnetic cover | 20 Nm |
| Viti fissaggio volano su albero motore M8x25 | 42 Nm |
| Viti fissaggio corona avviamento su volano M6 | 18 Nm |

LUBRICATION UNIT

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|---------------------|--------------|
| M8x30 TCEI DA Screw | 25 Nm |
| M8x1.25 slot screw | 15 -18 Nm |
| M18x1.5 Cover | 40 Nm |
| M32x1.5 Cover | 40 Nm |

CRANK MECHANISM UNIT

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Connecting rod screw | 60 ÷ 62 Nm |
| MF25x1.5 EBFM ZB Nut | 120 Nm |

CHASSIS ON ENGINE UNIT

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|---------------------|--------------|
| M6x40 TCEI DA screw | 8 -12 Nm |
| Reduction | 20 Nm |

IGNITION UNIT

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|------------------------|--------------|
| M8x45 TCEI DA screw | 22 Nm |
| M10x60 TCEI DA screw | see nut |
| M10x1.5 Flanged nut | 30 Nm |
| M8x50 TBEI DA screw | - Nm |
| EBFM DA MF16x1.5 Nut | 80 Nm |
| NGK BPR 6ES Spark plug | 20 -30 Nm |
| NGK PMR8B Spark plug | 13 -15 Nm |
| M6x16 TCEI screw | 8 -12 Nm |

FUEL SUPPLY CONTROL UNIT

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--|--------------|
| M5x12 TCEI screw | 6 -7 Nm |
| Stainless steel M5x16 TBEI flanged screw | 6 -7 Nm |
| M6x25 TCEI DA screw | 8 -12 Nm |

TRANSMISSION UNIT

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--|--------------|
| Clutch bell to gearbox tightening screws | 13 Nm |
| Bearing on clutch bell retaining screws | 10 Nm |
| Lock on clutch bell screws | 24 Nm |

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Ring nut on clutch shaft | 100 Nm |
| Idle sensor on gearbox housing | 10 Nm |
| Magnetic cover | 24 Nm |
| Oil filler cap | 28 Nm |
| Joint for breather pipes | 8 Nm |

CHASSIS

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|---|--------------|
| Electronic control unit retainer + coil plates | 10 Nm |
| Electronic control unit retainer | 10 Nm |
| Tank support rubber rings to chassis retainer | 25 Nm |
| Gearbox to chassis retainer | 80 Nm |
| Coil retainer | 2 Nm |
| Engine retainer | 80 Nm |
| Left and right footrest plate to chassis upper retainer | 20 Nm |
| Right footrest plate to chassis lower retainer | 30 Nm |
| Left footrest plate to chassis lower retainer | 30 Nm |
| Right/left protection cover retainer | 6 Nm |
| Plate ring to plate retainer | 6 Nm |
| Handgrip to chassis fixing screw | 25 |
| Cover to handgrip retainer | 25 Nm |

FOOTRESTS AND LEVERS

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--|--------------|
| Footrest rubber retainer | 10 Nm |
| Rod retainer (nut) | 10 Nm |
| Gear shift lever / brake pin retainer | 10 Nm |
| Gear shift lever / pre-selector retainer | 10 Nm |
| Spring hook pin | 4 Nm |

SIDE STAND

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| Stand plate to engine retainer | 80 Nm |
| Side stand retainer pin | 10 Nm |
| Switch fixing screw | 10 Nm |
| Lock nut | 30 Nm |

CHAR - 14

CENTRE STAND

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--|--------------|
| Stand to plates fixing screw | 50 Nm |
| Pipe guide ring to plates fixing screw | 10 Nm |

FRONT SUSPENSION

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|---|---------------------|
| Speed sensor retainer | 10 Nm |
| Tube lock plate to steering base retainer | 6 Nm |
| Fork stem to lower / upper plate retainer | 25 Nm |
| Headstock ring nut | 40 Nm |
| Headstock counter ring nut | manual + 90 degrees |
| Upper plate fixing cover | 100 Nm |
| Fork hubs closing | 10 Nm |

REAR SUSPENSION

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--|--------------|
| Shock absorber to chassis retainer, 8.8 | 50 Nm |
| Double connecting rod/shock absorber retainer, 10.9 | 40 Nm |
| Single connecting rod/double connecting rod retainer, 10.9 | 50 Nm |
| Single connecting rod to chassis retainer, 8.8 | 50 Nm |
| Double connecting rod/fork retainer, 10.9 | 50 Nm |

AIR FILTER CASING

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--|--------------|
| Filter casing cover/filter casing bracket | 3 Nm |
| Blow by tank to filter casing cover retainer | 3 Nm |
| Pressure sensor retainer | 2 Nm |

OUTLET

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--|--------------|
| Exhaust pipe to engine retainer | 25 Nm |
| Exhaust pipe to compensator retainer (clamp) | 10 Nm |
| Compensator to plate retainer | 25 Nm |
| Compensator to silencer retainer (clamp) | 10 Nm |
| Lambda probe retainer | 38 Nm |
| Silencer to support retainer (screw +nut) | 25 Nm |

FRONT WHEEL

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|---------------|--------------|
| Wheel pin nut | 80 Nm |

REAR WHEEL

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|---------------------------|--------------|
| Disc retainer | 30 Nm |
| Rear wheel retainer, 10.9 | 110 Nm |

FRONT BRAKING SYSTEM

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--|--------------|
| Front brake right and left calliper retainer | 40 Nm |

REAR BRAKING SYSTEM

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--|--------------|
| Rear brake calliper retainer | 50 Nm |
| Rear brake lever pin | 15 Nm |
| Rear brake fluid reservoir retainer | 3 Nm |
| Rear brake fluid reservoir support to plate retainer | 10 Nm |
| Rear brake rod lock nut | manual |
| Brake lever spring to plate retainer | 6 Nm |
| Brake pump retainer | 10 Nm |

HANDLEBAR AND CONTROLS

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--|--------------|
| Half-handlebar to steering plate retainer | 25 Nm |
| Handlebar pipes to half-handlebar retainer | 25 Nm |
| Anti-vibration weights retainer | 10 Nm |
| Clutch pipes retainer | 20 Nm |

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| Horn retainer | 15 Nm |
| Speed sensor to front fork retainer | 12 Nm |

INSTRUMENT PANEL AND LIGHTS

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--|--------------|
| Instrument panel support to light support retainer | 10 Nm |
| Instrument panel support to fork upper plate re- | 25 Nm |
| tainer | |

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|--|--------------|
| Instrument panel retainer | 3 Nm |
| Light support to fork lower plate retainer | 25 Nm |
| Light + turn indicators retainer | 10 Nm |
| Rear light to handgrip retainer | 4 Nm |

FUEL PUMP FLANGE

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Tank breather joint | 6 Nm |
| Pump support to tank retainer | 4 Nm |

FUEL TANK

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Filler to tank retainer | 4 Nm |
| Fuel pump flange to tank retainer | 25 Nm |

CHASSIS/ FAIRINGS (FRONT)

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|----------------------------|--------------|
| Air inlet to tank retainer | 4 Nm |
| Lug to engine retainer | 25 Nm |
| Right to left lug retainer | 4 Nm |
| Front mudguard retainer | 4 Nm |

TELAIO / CARENATURE (POSTERIORE)

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|---|--------------|
| Tail section + fairings retainer | 4 Nm |
| Tail section to handgrip retainer | 4 Nm |
| Net hooks to chassis retainer | 25 Nm |
| reflector to support retainer | 4 Nm |
| reflector support to license plate holder retainer | 4 Nm |
| License plate lamp to license plate holder retainer | 4 Nm |

FINISHINGS

| Name | Torque in Nm |
|---|--------------|
| Ignition lock retainer - shear head screw | - Nm |
| Ignition lock retainer | 25 Nm |

Overhaul data

Assembly clearances

Cylinder - piston assy.

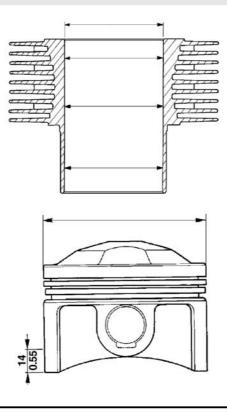
Measurement of the cylinder diameter must be done at three heights, turning the dial gauge 90°.

Check the clearance between the cylinders and pistons; if it is larger than indicated, it is necessary to replace cylinders and pistons.

The pistons of an engine must be balanced; a weight difference of up to 1.5 grams (0.0033 pounds) is admitted between them.

ADMITTED MEASUREMENTS

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|-------------------|---|
| cylinder diameter | 92.000 - 92.020 mm (3.62204 - 3.62282 in) |
| piston diameter | 91.947 - 91.967 mm (3.61995 - 3.62074 in) |
| fitting clearance | 0.048 - 0.068 mm (0.00189 - 0.00268 in) |



Piston rings

Check the sealing piston rings and the oil scraper.

On each piston there are:

1 upper piston ring;

1 middle stepped piston ring;

CHAR - 18

1 oil scraper piston ring.

The ends of the fitted piston rings are out of phase.

Fitting backlash detected between the ring thickness and seats on the piston:

Sealing rings and oil scraper 0.030 - 0.065 mm (0.00118 - 0.00256 in)

Clearance between the end of the piston rings inserted in the cylinder:

Upper sealing ring and stepped ring 0.40 - 0.65 mm (0.00158 - 0.00255 in)

Oil scraper ring 0.30 - 0.60 mm (0.00118 - 0.00236 in).

Turn the rings so that the junction ends are 120 degrees between them.

Crankcase - crankshaft - connecting rod

CAMSHAFT (CAM) SUPPORT DIAMETER AND THEIR SEATS ON THE BASE (TIMING SYSTEM SIDE)

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|------------------------|---|
| Shaft support diameter | 47.000 - 46.984 mm (1.85039 ÷ 1.84976 inch) |
| Seat diameter on base | 47.025 - 47.050 mm (1.85137 ÷ 1.85236 inch) |
| fitting clearance | 0.025 - 0.066 mm (0.00098 ÷ 0.00260 inch) |

CAMSHAFT (CAM) SUPPORT DIAMETER AND THEIR SEATS ON THE BASE (FLYWHEEL SIDE)

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|------------------------|--|
| Shaft support diameter | 32.000 - 31.984 mm (1.25984 ÷ 1.25921 inch) |
| Seat diameter on base | 32.025 - 32.050 mm (1.26082 ÷ 1.26181 inch) |
| fitting clearance | 0.025 - 0.066 mm (0.00098 ÷ 0.00260 inch) |

TAPPET-SEAT COUPLING ON BASE DATA (PRODUCTION)

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|--------------------------|--|
| Seats diameter | 22.021 - 22.000 mm (0.86697 ÷ 0.86614 inch) |
| Tappet external diameter | 21.996 - 21.978 mm (0.86598 ÷ 0.86527 inch) |
| Fitting clearances | 0.004 - 0.043 mm (0.00016 ÷ 0.00169 in.) |
| | |

Recommended products chart

RECOMMENDED PRODUCTS

| Product | Description | Specifications |
|---|--|---|
| AGIP RACING 4T 10W-60 | Engine oil | SAE 10W - 60. As an alternative for recommended oils, use top branded oils that meet or exceed the requirements of CCMC G-4 API SG specifications. |
| AGIP ROTRA MP 80 W 90 | Transmission oil | - |
| AGIP ROTRA MP/S 85 W 90 | Gearbox oil | - |
| AGIP FORK 5W or FORK 20W | Fork oil | SAE 5W / SAE 20W |
| AGIP GREASE SM2 | Lithium grease with molyb- denum for bearings and other points needing lubrication | NLGI 2 |
| Neutral grease or petroleum jelly. | Battery poles | |
| AGIP BRAKE 5.1 DOT 4 (the braking system is also compatible with DOT 5) | Brake fluid | As an alternative for recommended fluids, use top branded fluids that meet or exceed the requirements of SAE J1703, NHTSA 116 DOT 4, ISO 4925 synthetic fluid specifications. |
| NOTE | | |

NOTE

USE ONLY NEW BRAKE FLUID. DO NOT MIX DIFFERENT BRANDS OR TYPES OF OIL WITHOUT CHECKING THEIR BASE COMPATIBILITY.

INDEX OF TOPICS

SPECIAL TOOLS TOOL

Special tools BREVA V1100

SPECIAL TOOLS

| | SPECIAL TOOLS | | |
|-------------|--|---|--|
| Stores code | Description | | |
| 05.94.86.30 | Belt tension tool | | |
| 05.91.17.30 | Front cover insertion cone | 9 | |
| 05.91.25.30 | Gearbox opening | | |
| 05.90.19.30 | Internal spark plug removal | 9 | |
| 05.92.80.30 | Piston ring clamp | | |
| 05.92.72.30 | Timing system cover sealing ring punch | | |

BREVA V1100 Special tools

| Stores code | Description | |
|-------------|--|---|
| 01.92.91.00 | Wrench for removal of the cover on sump and filter | |
| 14.92.96.00 | Gearbox support | |
| 19.92.96.00 | Graduated dial to control ignition timing | |
| 17.94.75.60 | Arrow to control ignition timing | J |
| 12.91.18.01 | Tool to lock the flywheel and start-up crown | |
| 12.91.36.00 | Tool to remove the flywheel side flange | |

Special tools BREVA V1100

| Stores code | Description | |
|-------------|---|----|
| 10.90.72.00 | Tool for valve removal and refit- ting | |
| 30.90.65.10 | Tool for clutch fitting | |
| 14.92.71.00 | Tool to fit the sealing ring on the flywheel side flange | |
| 12.91.20.00 | Tool to fit the flywheel side flange together with sealing ring on the crankshaft | 0 |
| 19.92.71.00 | Tool to fit the sealing ring on the flywheel side flange | |
| 14.92.73.00 | Tool for camshaft gear sealing | To |

BREVA V1100 Special tools

| Stores code | Description | |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----|
| 65.92.84.00 | Graduated dial hub | (0) |
| 05.91.26.30 | Tool to tighten the fork pin ring nut | |
| AP8140190 | Tool for steering tightening | |
| 000019663300 | Tool for clutch shaft removal | |
| 30.91.28.10 | Clutch body locking | |

Special tools BREVA V1100

INDEX OF TOPICS

MAINTENANCE MAIN

Maintenance BREVA V1100

Maintenance chart

NOTE

CARRY OUT MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS AT HALF THE INTERVALS SHOWN IF THE VEHICLE IS USED IN WET OR DUSTY AREAS, OFF ROAD OR FOR SPORTING APPLICATIONS.

AT EVERY START-UP

Action

Engine oil pressure warning light - check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

BEFORE EACH RIDE AND EVERY 2000 KM (1250 MI)

Action

Brake pad wear - Check and clean, adjust or replace if necessary

AFTER RUN-IN (1000 KM (625 MI))

Action

Exhaust pipe flange bolts - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Transmission cables and controls - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Steering bearings and steering clearance - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Brake discs - Check and clean, adjust or replace if necessary

Engine oil filter - Replace

Fork - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

General vehicle operation - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Braking systems - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Light circuits - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Safety switches - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Transmission oil - change

Engine oil - Change

Final transmission oil - Change

Tyres - Check and clean, adjust or replace if necessary

Tyre pressure - Adjust

Engine revs at idle speed - Adjustment.

Valve clearance adjustment - Adjust

Wheels - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Bolts, nuts and screws tightening - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Battery terminals tightening - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Head stud bolt tightening - Adjust

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BREVA V1100 Maintenance

Action

Head screws tightening - Adjust

Cylinder synchronisation - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Suspensions and setting - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Brake pad wear - Check and clean, adjust or replace if necessary

EVERY 4 YEARS

Action

Fuel pipes - Replace

Brake pipes - Replacement

EVERY 5000 KM (3125 MI) - IF THE VEHICLE IS USED FOR RACING

Action

Outer spark plugs - Replace

Engine oil filter - Replace

Purge fluid present in oil drainage pipe from the filter housing - Clean

Clutch wear - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

EVERY 10,000 KM (6250 MILES) OR 12 MONTHS

Action

Outer spark plugs - Replace

Transmission oil - change

Idle mixture (CO) - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Transmission cables and controls - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Steering bearings and steering clearance - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Wheel bearings - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Brake discs - Check and clean, adjust or replace if necessary

Air filter - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Engine oil filter - Replace

General vehicle operation - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Braking systems - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Valve clearance adjustment - Adjust

Wheels - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Bolts, nuts and screws tightening - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Cylinder synchronisation - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Purge fluid present in oil drainage pipe from the filter housing - Clean

Final transmission oil - Change

Fuel pipes - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

MAIN - 3

Maintenance BREVA V1100

Action

Brake pipes - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Clutch wear - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

AFTER THE FIRST 10,000 KM (6,250 MILES) AND THEN AFTER EVERY 20,000 KM (12,500 MILES)

Action

Fork oil - Change

Fork oil seals - Replace

EVERY 20,000 км (12,500 мі) OR 24 MONTHS

Action

Inner spark plugs - Replace

Alternator belt - Adjust; replace every 50,000 km

Air filter - Replace

Fork - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Brake fluid - Change

Final transmission oil - Change

Transmission oil - change

Suspensions and setting - Check and clean, adjust, grease or replace if necessary

Brake pad wear - Check and clean, adjust or replace if necessary

Transmission fluid

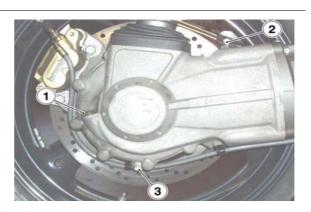
Check

- Keep the vehicle upright with both wheels on the ground.
- Unscrew and remove the level plug (1).
- The level is correct if the oil is close to the hole of the level plug (1).
- If the oil is lower than specified, top-up until it reaches the level plug hole (1).

CAUTION



DO NOT ADD ADDITIVES OR OTHER SUB-STANCES TO THE FLUID. WHEN USING A



BREVA V1100 Maintenance

FUNNEL OR ANY OTHER ELEMENT, MAKE

SURE IT IS PERFECTLY CLEAN.

Replacement

CAUTION

THE UNIT MUST BE HOT WHEN THE OIL IS CHANGED AS UNDER SUCH CONDITIONS OIL IS FLUID AND THEREFORE EASY TO DRAIN.

NOTE

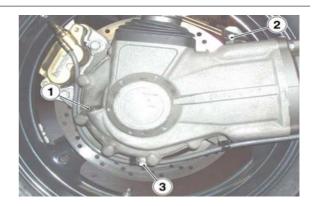
RIDE SOME km (miles) TO WARM UP ENGINE OIL

- Place a container with over 400 cm³ (25 in³) capacity under the drainage plug (3).
- Unscrew and remove the drainage plug (3).
- Unscrew and remove the breather cap (2).
- Drain the oil into the container; allow several minutes for oil to drain out completely.
- Check and replace, if necessary, the drainage plug sealing washer (3).
- Remove any metal scrap attached to the drainage plug magnet (3).
- Screw and tighten the drainage plug (3).
- Pour new oil through the filler (1) until it reaches the level plug hole (1).

CAUTION

DO NOT ADD ADDITIVES OR OTHER SUBSTANCES TO THE OIL. WHEN USING A FUNNEL OR ANY OTHER ELEMENT, MAKE SURE IT IS PERFECTLY CLEAN.

Screw and tighten the caps (1 - 2).



Engine oil

Check

CAUTION

THE ENGINE MUST BE WARM TO CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL

Maintenance BREVA V1100

NOTE

DO NOT LET THE ENGINE IDLE WITH THE VEHICLE AT STANDSTILL TO WARM UP THE ENGINE AND REACH THE OPERATING TEMPERATURE OF ENGINE OIL. OIL IS BEST CHECKED AFTER RUNNING ABOUT 15 KM (10 MILES).

- · Stop the engine.
- Keep the vehicle upright with both wheels on the ground.
- Unscrew and remove the dipstick (1).
- Clean the dipstick (1).
- Reinsert the dipstick (1) into its tube but do not screw it.
- Remove the dipstick (1).
- Check the oil level on the dipstick (1).
- Oil level is correct when it is close to the "MAX" mark.

MAX = maximum level

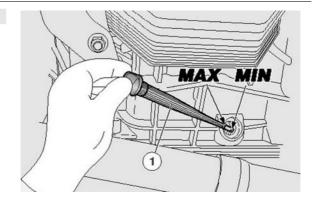
MIN = minimum level

Add engine oil if required:

- Unscrew and remove the dipstick (1).
- Top-up with engine oil getting over the minimum level marked "MIN".

CAUTION

DO NOT ADD ADDITIVES OR OTHER SUB-STANCES TO THE OIL. WHEN USING A FUN-NEL OR ANY OTHER ELEMENT, MAKE SURE IT IS PERFECTLY CLEAN.



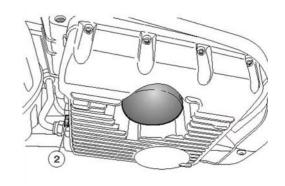
Replacement

NOTE

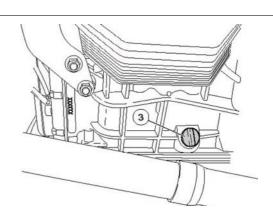
HOT OIL IS MORE FLUID AND WILL DRAIN OUT MORE EASILY AND COMPLETELY.

- Place a container with +4000 cm³ capacity under the drainage plug (2).
- Unscrew and remove the drainage plug (2).

BREVA V1100 Maintenance



- Unscrew and remove the filler cap (3).
- Drain the oil into the container; allow several minutes for oil to drain out completely.
- Check and replace, if necessary, the drainage plug (2) sealing washers.
- Remove any metal scrap attached to the drainage plug (2) magnet.
- Screw and tighten the drainage plug (2).
- Pour new oil until getting over the minimum level marked "MIN".

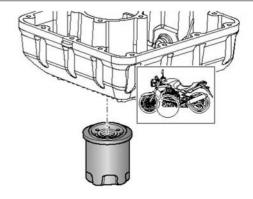


Engine oil filter

 Unscrew and remove the engine oil filter from its seat.

NOTE

NEVER REUSE AN OLD FILTER.



- Spread a thin layer of oil on the sealing ring of the new engine oil filter.
- Fit and screw the new oil filter in its seat.

Gearbox Oil

Inspection

Maintenance BREVA V1100

CHECKING AND TOPPING UP

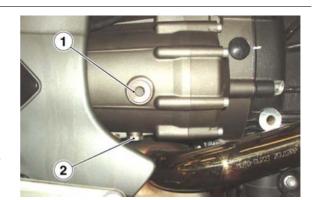
CAUTION

THE ENGINE MUST BE WARM TO CHECK GEARBOX OIL LEVEL.

NOTE

DO NOT LET THE ENGINE IDLE WITH THE VEHICLE AT STANDSTILL TO WARM UP THE ENGINE AND REACH THE OPERATING TEMPERATURE OF ENGINE OIL. OIL IS BEST CHECKED AFTER RUNNING FOR ABOUT 15 KM (10 MILES).

- Stop the engine.
- Keep the vehicle upright with both wheels on the ground.
- Unscrew and remove the cap/dipstick
 (1) placed on the gearbox right side.
- The level is correct if the oil is on the rim of the hole of the level plug (1).



If necessary:

 Top-up with oil until it reaches the dipstick opening (1).

CAUTION

DO NOT ADD ADDITIVES OR OTHER SUB-STANCES TO THE OIL. WHEN USING A FUN-NEL OR ANY OTHER ELEMENT, MAKE SURE IT IS PERFECTLY CLEAN.

Replacement

NOTE

HOT OIL IS MORE FLUID AND WILL DRAIN OUT MORE EASILY AND COMPLETELY.

- Place a container with suitable capacity under the drainage plug (2).
- Unscrew and remove the drainage plug (2).
- Unscrew and remove the filler cap (1).
- Drain the oil into the container; allow several minutes for oil to drain out completely.
- · Check and replace, if necessary, the drainage

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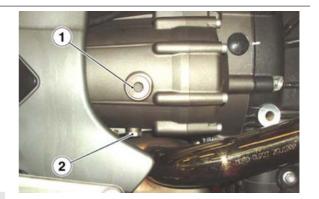
BREVA V1100 Maintenance

plug (2) sealing washers.

- Remove any metal scrap attached to the drainage plug (2) magnet.
- Screw and tighten the drainage plug (2).
- Fill with new oil until it reaches the dipstick hole
 (1).
- Tighten the filler cap (1).

CAUTION

DO NOT ADD ADDITIVES OR OTHER SUB-STANCES TO THE OIL. WHEN USING A FUN-NEL OR ANY OTHER ELEMENT, MAKE SURE IT IS PERFECTLY CLEAN.



Air filter

- Remove the fuel tank.
- Disconnect the connector from the air temperature sensor.

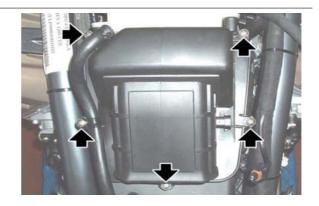


• Slide off the oil breather pipe.



Unscrew and remove the five screws.

Maintenance BREVA V1100



- Lift the filter casing cover.
- Remove the acoustic insulation panel.
- Remove the air filter.
- Cover the inlet duct with a clean cloth so that no foreign bodies could get into.



NOTE

DO NOT START THE ENGINE WITHOUT THE AIR FILTER. TO CLEAN THE FILTERING ELEMENT, USE A PRESSURE AIR JET FROM THE INSIDE TO THE OUTSIDE.

Checking the valve clearance

If the timing system is very noisy, check the clearance between valves and rockers.

NOTE

ADJUST WITH COLD ENGINE, WITH PISTON AT TOP DEAD CENTRE (TDC) IN COMPRESSION STROKE (VALVES CLOSED).

- Remove the fuel tank.
- Unscrew and remove the two screws.
- Remove the spark plugs protection.
- Disconnect both spark plug tubes.



BREVA V1100 Maintenance

- Unscrew and remove the eight screws.
- Remove the head cover.



- loosen the nut (1);
- use a screwdriver on the set screw (2) until the following clearances are obtained:
- inlet valve: 0.10 mm (0.0039 in)
- outlet valve: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in).
 - The measurement must be done using a thickness gauge (3).



CAUTION

IF CLEARANCE IS LARGER THAN RECOMMENDED, THE TAPPET WILL BE NOISY. OTHER-WISE, THE VALVES DO NOT CLOSE CORRECTLY, WHICH CAN LEAD TO PROBLEMS SUCH AS:

- PRESSURE DROP;
- ENGINE OVERHEAT;
- VALVE BURNOUT, ETC.

Braking system

Level check

Brake fluid check

- Rest the vehicle on its stand.
- For the front brake, turn the handlebar fully to the right.
- For the rear brake, keep the vehicle upright so that the fluid in the reservoir is at the same level with the plug.
- Make sure that the fluid level in the reservoir is above the "MIN" reference mark:

Maintenance BREVA V1100

MIN = minimum level

MAX = maximum level

If the fluid does not reach at least the "MIN" reference mark:

- Check brake pads and disc for wear.
- If the pads and/or the disc do not need replacing, top-up the fluid.
- If the pads and/or the disc are replaced, check the brake fluid and top-up if necessary.

Top-up

Front brake:

- Unscrew the two screws (1) of the brake fluid reservoir (2) using a Phillips screwdriver.
- Lift and remove the cover (3) and the screws (1) as well.
- Remove the gasket (4).

Rear brake:

- Unscrew and remove the cover (5).
- Remove the gasket (6).

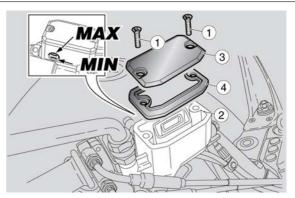
Top-up the reservoir with brake fluid to the correct level, which is between the two "MIN" and "MAX" reference marks.

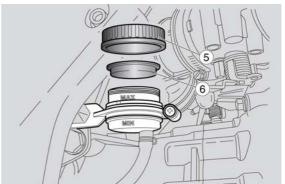


RISK OF BRAKE FLUID SPILLING. DO NOT OPERATE THE BRAKE LEVER IF THE BRAKE FLUID RESERVOIR CAP IS LOOSE OR HAS BEEN REMOVED.



AVOID PROLONGED AIR EXPOSURE OF THE BRAKE FLUID. BRAKE FLUID IS HYGRO-SCOPIC AND ABSORBS MOISTURE WHEN IN CONTACT WITH AIR. LEAVE THE BRAKE FLUID RESERVOIR OPEN ONLY FOR THE





BREVA V1100 Maintenance

TIME NEEDED TO COMPLETE THE TOPPING-UP PROCEDURE.



TO AVOID SPILLING FLUID WHILE TOPPING-UP, KEEP THE TANK PARALLEL TO THE RESERVOIR EDGE (IN HORIZONTAL POSI-TION).

DO NOT ADD ADDITIVES OR OTHER SUB-STANCES TO THE FLUID. WHEN USING A FUNNEL OR ANY OTHER

ELEMENT, MAKE SURE IT IS PERFECTLY

CLEAN.



DO NOT EXCEED THE "MAX" LEVEL MARK WHEN TOPPING-UP.

TOP UP TO THE "MAX" LEVEL MARK ONLY WHEN BRAKE PADS ARE NEW. IT IS ADVISABLE NOT TO TOP UP TO THE "MAX" LEVEL MARK WHEN THE BRAKE PADS ARE WORN BECAUSE YOU RISK SPILLING FLUID WHEN REPLACING THE BRAKE PADS.

CHECK BRAKING EFFICIENCY. IN CASE OF EXCESSIVE TRAVEL OF THE BRAKE LEVER OR POOR PERFORMANCE OF THE BRAKING SYSTEM, TAKE YOUR SCOOTER TO AN OFFICIAL MOTO GUZZI DEALER, AS IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO PURGE AIR IN THE SYSTEM.

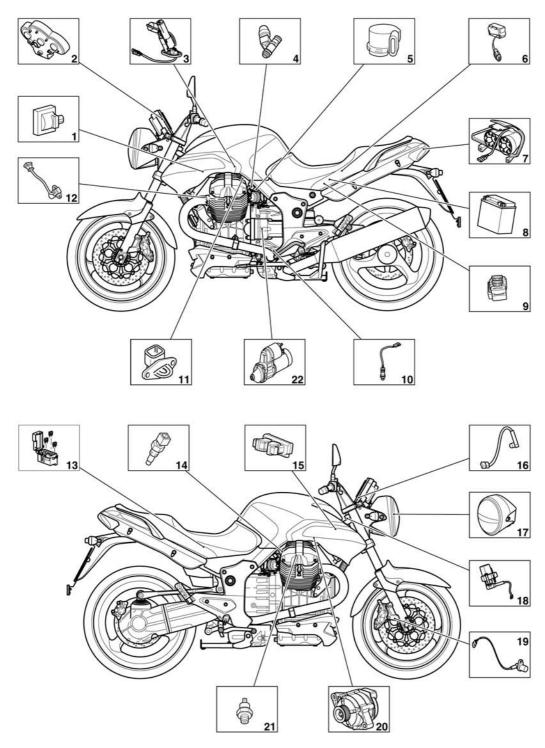
INDEX OF TOPICS

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

ELE SYS

Electrical system BREVA V1100

Components arrangement



Key:

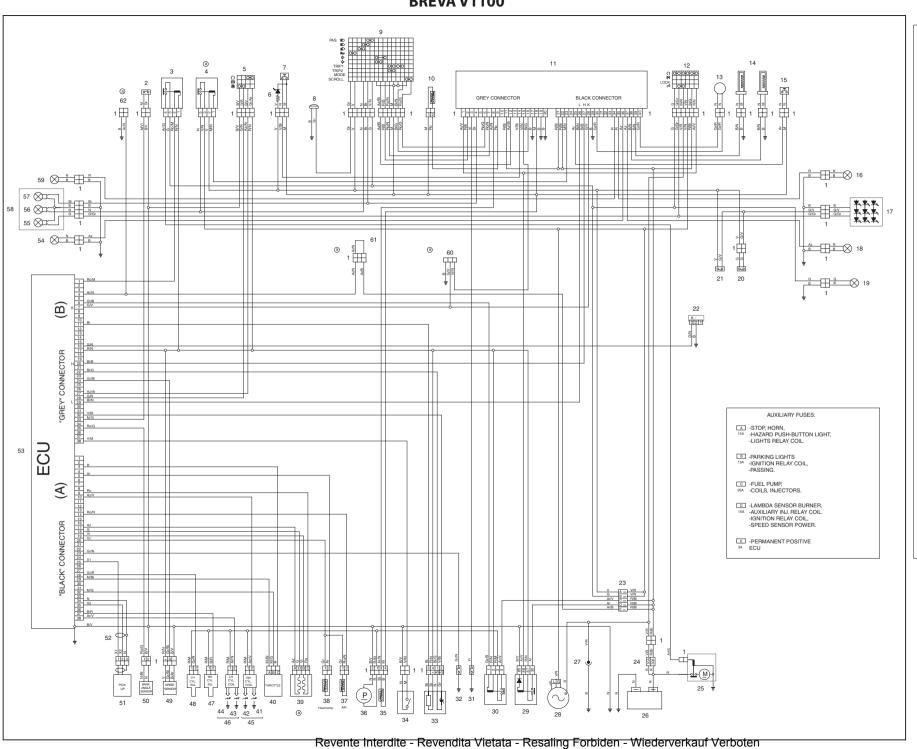
- 1 Coil
- 2 Instrument panel
- 3 Fuel pump

- 4 Injector
- 5 Throttle valve potentiometer
- 6 Fall sensor
- 7 Rear light
- 8 Battery
- 9 Main fuses
- 10 Lambda probe
- 11 Intake air temperature sensor
- 12 Engine revolution sensor
- 13 Secondary fuses
- 14 Head temperature sensor
- 15 Engine control unit
- 16 Instrument panel air temperature sensor
- 17 Front headlamp
- 18 Key lock with integrated immobilizer aerial
- 19 Speed sensor
- 20 Alternator
- 21 Oil pressure sensor
- 22 Starter motor

Electrical system installation

General wiring diagram

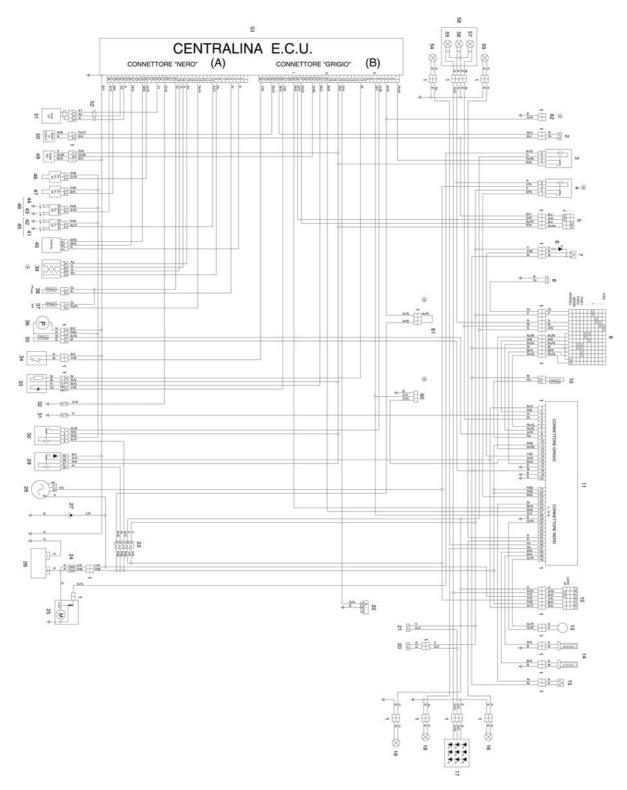
BREVA V1100



CLUTCH SWITCH IGNITION RELAY 4 LIGHTS RELAY 5 RH DIP SWITCH HAZARD PUSH-BUTTON LED HAZARD PUSH-BUTTON 9 I H DIP SWITCH 10 INSTRUMENT PANEL AIR TEMP. THERMISTOR 11 INSTRUMENT PANEL 13 IMMORILIZER ANTENNA 14 HEATED HANDGRIPS 15 HEATED HANDGRIPS COMMAND 16 RH REAR DIRECTION INDICATOR 17 TAIL LIGHT (LED)
18 LH REAR DIRECTION INDICATOR 19 NUMBER PLATE LIGHT 20 REAR STOP SWITCH 21 FRONT STOP SWITCH 22 DIAGNOSIS CONNECTOR 23 AUXILIARY FUSES 24 MAIN FUSES 24 MAIN FUSES 25 STARTER MOTOR 26 BATTERY 27 POWER OUTLET 28 GENERATOR 29 MAIN INJECTION RELAY 30 AUXII IARY INJECTION RELAY OIL PRESSURE GAUGE 32 NEUTRAL SWITCH 33 LAMBDA SENSOR 34 SIDE STAND SWITCH 35 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR 36 FUEL PUMP 37 INTAKE AIR TEMP. THERMISTOR 38 HEAD TEMP. THERMISTOR 39 AUTOMATIC AIR 40 THROTTLE SENSOR 41 RH CYL. INNER SPARK PLUG 42 RH CYL. OUTER SPARK PLUG 43 LH CYL. INNER SPARK PLUG 44 LH CYL. OUTER SPARK PLUG 45 RH CYLINDER TWIN COIL 46 LH CYLINDER TWIN COIL 47 RH CYL, INJECTOR 48 LH CYL INJECTOR 49 SPEED SENSOR 50 BANK ANGLE SENSOR 51 PICKUP SENSOR 52 PICKUP CABLE SHIELD 53 ECII 54 LH FRONT DIRECTION INDICATOR 55 PARKING LIGHT BULB 56 LOW BEAM BULB 57 HIGH BEAM BULB 58 HEADLIGHT 59 RH FRONT DIRECTION INDICATOR 60 INSTRUMENT PANEL DIAG. 61 DIODE PRE-SETTING 62 CONDENSER PRE-SETTING CABLE COLOURS Ar ORANGE M BROWN Az LIGHT BLUE N BLACK B BLUE R Red Bi WHITE G YELLOW V GREEN VI VIOLET Gr GREY Ro PINK

MULTIPLE CONNECTORS

Electrical system BREVA V1100



Key:

- 1. Multiple connectors
- 2. Clutch switch
- 3. Start-up relay
- 4. Light relay

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BREVA V1100

Electrical system

- 5. Right light switch
- 6. HAZARD button lighting LED
- 7. HAZARD button
- 8. Horn
- 9. Left light switch
- 10. Instrument panel air temperature thermistor
- 11.Instrument panel
- 12.Key switch
- 13.Immobilizer aerial
- 14. Heated handgrips
- 15. Heated handgrip control
- 16. Right rear turn indicator
- 17.Rear light (LED)
- 18.Left rear turn indicator
- 19.License plate light
- 20. Rear stop switch
- 21. Front stop switch
- 22. Diagnosis connector
- 23. Secondary fuses
- 24. Main fuses
- 25.Starter motor
- 26.Battery
- 27.Plug socket
- 28.Alternator
- 29. Main injection relay
- 30. Secondary injection relay
- 31.Oil pressure sensor
- 32. Gear in neutral switch
- 33.Lambda probe
- 34. Side stand switch
- 35. Fuel reserve sensor
- 36.Fuel pump
- 37.Intake air temperature thermistor
- 38. Head temperature sensor
- 39. Automatic air

- 40. Throttle sensor
- 41. Right cylinder inner spark plug
- 42. Right cylinder outer spark plug
- 43.Left cylinder inner spark plug
- 44.Left cylinder outer spark plug
- 45. Right cylinder double coil
- 46.Left cylinder double coil
- 47. Right injector
- 48.Left injector
- 49. Speed sensor
- 50.Fall sensor
- 51.Flywheel pick up
- 52. Pick up cable shielding
- 53.ECU
- 54.Left front turn indicator
- 55. Tail light bulb
- 56.Low-beam bulb
- 57. High-beam bulb
- 58.Front headlamp
- 59. Right front turn indicator
- 60.Instrument panel diagnosis
- 61.-
- 62.-
- 63.-
- 64.-
- 65.-

Cable colour:

- Ar orange
- Az sky blue
- **B** blue
- Bi white
- G yellow
- Gr grey
- M brown
- N black

R red

Ro pink

V green

Vi violet

Checks and inspections

Dashboard

Diagnosis

Changing the CODE

If you know the code, just enter it and then a new code that will be automatically stored in the memory. If the vehicle is new, the user code is: 00000

Resetting the CODE

This function is used to set a new code when the old one is not available; in this case, at least two of the programmed keys have to be inserted in the ignition lock.

After the first key has been inserted, the second one is requested with the following message:

INSERT KEY II

If the second key is not inserted within 20 seconds, the operation is finished.

After recognising the second key, the new code is required with the message:

ENTER NEW CODE

Once the operation is finished, the instrument panel goes back to the SET-UP menu.

DIAGNOSIS

Access to this menu (diagnosis functions), for the technical service only, after requesting a service code.

It will read: ENTER SERVICE CODE

For Breva 1100 with "switch" type instrument panel control, THE SERVICE CODE is: 36421

For Breva 1100 with "joystick" type instrument panel control, THE SERVICE CODE is: 28315

The functions in this menu are

- Exit
- ECU errors
- Instrument Panel Errors
- Delete errors
- Reset Service

Electrical system BREVA V1100

- Update
- Change Keys

ECU ERRORS

The instrument panel receives only the current errors from the control unit.

Description Error code

Throttle Valve Error DC V DC ECU 10

Throttle Valve Error DC Gnd ECU 11

Engine Temperature Error DC V DC ECU 14

Engine Temperature Error DC Gnd ECU 15

Air Temperature Error DC V DC ECU 16

Air Temperature Error DC Gnd ECU 17

Low Battery Error ECU 20

Lambda Probe Error ECU 21

Coil 1 Error DC V DC ECU 22

Coil 1 Error DC Gnd ECU 23

Coil 2 Error DC V DC ECU 24

Coil 2 Error DC Gnd ECU 25

Injector 1 Error DC V DC ECU 26

Injector 1 Error DC Gnd ECU 27

Injector 2 Error DC V DC ECU 30

Pump Relay Error ECU 36

Local Loop-back Error ECU 37

Start-up Remo. Error DC V DC ECU 44

Remo. Error Start-up DC Gnd ECU 45

Canister Error DC V DC ECU 46

Canister Error DC Gnd ECU 47

Battery Error Hig ECU 50

Generic ECU Error ECU 51

Rpm Sensor Error ECU 54

Self-adaptability Value Error ECU 55

Vehicle Speed Error ECU 56

Stepper Error AC ECU 60

Stepper Error DC V DC ECU 61

Stepper Error DC Gnd ECU 62

Not recognised error ECU 00

INSTRUMENT PANEL ERRORS

In this mode a chart is displayed showing potential errors in the immobilizer and its sensors.

This is the error decoding chart:

Description Error code

Immobilizer failure: Key code

read but not recognised DSB 01

Immobilizer failure: Key code

not read (Key not present

or transponder not working) DSB 02

Immobilizer failure: Aerial

not working (Open or short-circuited) DSB 03

Immobilizer failure: Failure of

internal controller DSB 04

Fuel sensor failure DSB 05

Air temperature sensor failure DSB 06

Oil sensor failure DSB 07

Oil pressure failure DSB 08

The instrument panel keeps all previous errors stored in its **memory**.

DELETE ERRORS

Axone cable.

This option deletes instrument panel errors only, a further confirmation is requested.

INSTRUMENT PANEL SOFTWARE UPGRADE

This function is used to program the instrument panel again with a new software through Axone. The Display reads: "Instrument panel disconnected. Now connect the diagnosis instrument"; the instrument panel will connect normally after the key is extracted-inserted.

The white connector is placed under the saddle, beside the fuse box, close to the diagnosis connector for the injection system.

Use the Ditech connector inside the Axone 2000 Aprilia-Moto Guzzi package to connect to the



Electrical system BREVA V1100

KEY CHANGE FUNCTION

This function can be used:

- 1) if one key is lost; the dealer can disable this key;
- 2) to activate up to 4 keys;
- 3) should a new key lock be necessary and thus program the new set of keys.

In the first phase the user code must be entered and, after confirming the inserted key (key I) has been programmed, the other keys must be entered too.

The procedure finishes once the 4 keys have been programmed or after 20 seconds.

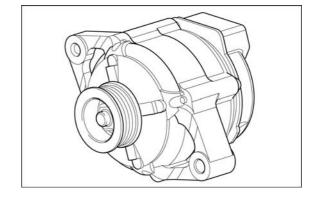
Should a new key lock be necessary, the procedure is: once the key is set to ON but the instrument panel does not recognise it, the user code is requested: enter the user code.

Now enter MENU, DIAGNOSIS (entering the service code), KEY CHANGE and program the new keys.

Battery recharge circuit

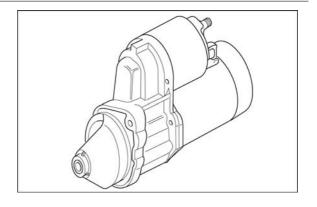
Checking the stator

Single-phase generator with regulated voltage Maximum load 40A (550W) Charging voltage 14.2 - 14.8 V (5000 rpm)



Start-up system check

pick-up input about 100 A



level indicators

Petrol pump:

Input: 3.5 A (to be measured between pins 1 and

2 with 12V voltage)

Fuel level sensor:

Resistance (to be measured between pins 3 and

4)

250-300 Ohm with fuel level equal to 0 litre

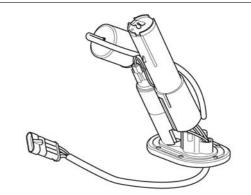
100 Ohm with fuel level equal to 11.25 litres

(20.43 pt)

10-20 Ohm with fuel level equal to 22.5 litres

(40.86 pt)

The low fuel warning light turns on with values over 230 Ohm.



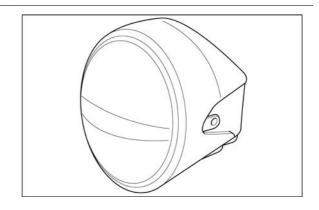
Lights list

FRONT HEADLAMP

Tail light: 12V - 5W

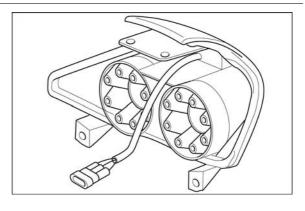
Low-beam light: 12 V - 55 W H7

High-beam light: 12 V - 65 W H9



REAR LIGHT

LED



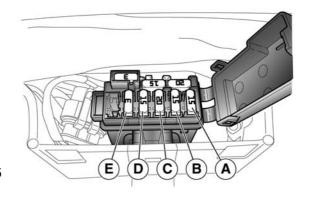
Fuses

SECONDARY FUSES

- A Stop, horn, Hazard button lighting, relay coil lights (15 A).
- B Tail lights, ignition relay coil, passing (15 A).
- C Fuel pump, coils, injectors (20 A).
- D Lambda burner, auxiliary injection relay coil, start-up relay coil, speed sensor power supply (15 A).
- E Permanent positive, ECU power supply (3A).



THERE ARE THREE SPARE FUSES (3, 15, 20 A).

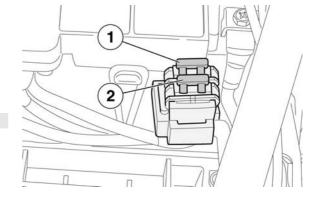


MAIN FUSES

- 1 From battery to voltage regulator (30 A).
- 2 From battery to key and auxiliary fuses C D (30 A).

NOTE

THERE IS ONE SPARE FUSE.



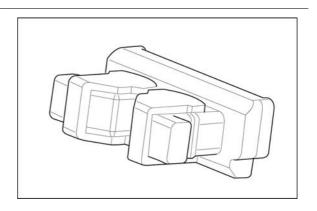
Control unit

Model: Magneti Marelli IAW 5 AM2

Black connector pins

Pin Use

- 1 Not used
- 2 Not used
- 3 Ignition potentiometer signal
- 4 Not used
- 5 Engine temperature signal
- 6 Not used
- 7 Not used



- 8 Not used
- 9 Stepper motor (+)
- 10 Right cylinder coil control
- 11 Not used
- 12 Not used
- 13 Not used
- 14 Air temperature signal
- 15 Not used
- 16 Not used
- 17 Stepper motor (+)
- 18 Stepper motor (-)
- 19 Stepper motor (-)
- 20 5V power supply (NTC sensors)
- 21 Not used
- 22 Not used
- 23 Neutral sensor signal
- 24 Not used
- 25 Engine revolution sensor signal
- 26 Not used
- 27 Not used
- 28 Left cylinder injector control
- 29 Ignition potentiometer power supply
- 30 Not used
- 31 Not used
- 32 Ignition potentiometer negative
- 33 Not used
- 34 Revolution sensor anti-jamming cable
- 35 Engine revolution sensor signal
- 36 Not used
- 37 Right cylinder injector control
- 38 Left cylinder coil control

Grey connector pins

Pin Use

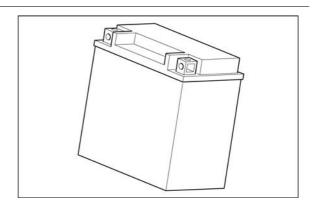
- 1 Pin 85 ignition relay control
- 2 Not used

- 3 Not used
- 4 Power supply protected from instrument panel
- 5 Not used
- 6 Pin 86 secondary relay control
- 7 Immobilizer line
- 8 Pin 85 ignition relay control
- 9 Not used
- 10 Not used
- 11 Oxygen probe negative control
- 12 Not used
- 13 Not used
- 14 Not used
- 15 Not used
- 16 K line (diagnosis)
- 17 Power supply from main relay
- 18 Not used
- 19 Not used
- 20 CAN H line (ccm/instrument panel)
- 21 Not used
- 22 Oxygen probe signal
- 23 Not used
- 24 Vehicle speed signal input
- 25 Not used
- 26 Not used
- 27 "Engine stop" signal input
- 28 Ignition signal input
- 29 CAN L line (ccm/instrument panel)
- 30 Not used
- 31 Not used
- 32 Oxygen probe power supply
- 33 Clutch sensor signal
- 34 Not used
- 35 Fall sensor signal
- 36 Not used
- 37 Not used

38 Side stand sensor signal

Battery

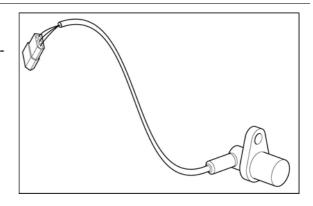
12 V - 18 Ampere/hour



Speed sensor

Active inductive sensor

3-pin connector (Power supply - Signal-Earth connection).

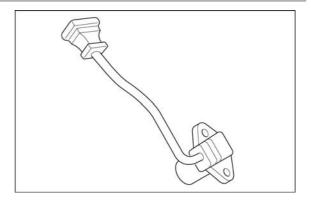


Engine rpm sensor

Measures the engine revolution speed and each cylinder timing in relation to the TDC Inductive type sensor, with three-way connector:

- positive voltage pin;
- negative voltage pin: resistance from 650 to 720 Ohm (to be measured between pins 1 and 2);
- shielding pin.

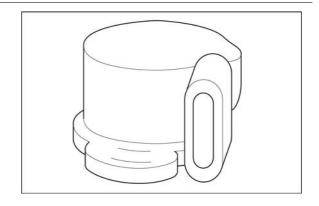
Air gap value: (measure sensor length with a depth gauge): 0.5 - 0.7 mm (0.0197 - 0.0276 in).



Electrical system BREVA V1100

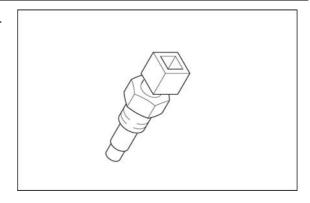
Throttle position sensor

Output voltage 0.55 - 4.4 V (variable depending on the position of the throttle valve, to be measured between pins C and A)



Engine temperature sensor

This sensor, 5V powered, features NTC specifications and sends the control unit a signal which varies depending on temperature to help manage the stoichiometric ratios during the engine speed adjustment.



ENGINE TEMPERATURE SENSOR RESISTANCE

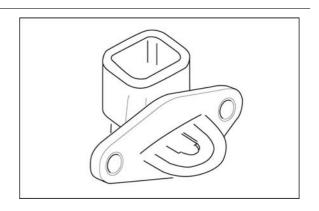
| | Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|----|-------------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Resistance at -40 °C (-40 °F) | 100.950 kOhm |
| 2 | Resistance at -30 °C (-22 °F) | 53.100 kOhm |
| 3 | Resistance at -20 °C (-4 °F) | 29.120 kOhm |
| 4 | Resistance at -10 °C (14 °F) | 16.600 kOhm |
| 5 | Resistance at 0 °C (32 °F) | 9.750 kOhm |
| 6 | Resistance at +10 °C (50 °F) | 5.970 kOhm |
| 7 | Resistance at +20 °C (68 °F) | 3.750 kOhm |
| 8 | Resistance at +30 °C (86 °F) | 2.420 kOhm |
| 9 | Resistance at +40 °C (104 °F) | 1.600 kOhm |
| 10 | Resistance at +50 °C (122 °F) | 1.080 kOhm |
| 11 | Resistance at +60 °C (140 °F) | 0.750 kOhm |
| 12 | Resistance at +70 °C (158 °F) | 0.530 kOhm |
| 13 | Resistance at +80 °C (176 °F) | 0.380 kOhm |
| | | |

ELE SYS - 16

| | Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------|
| 14 | Resistance at +90 °C (194 °F) | 0.280 kOhm |
| 15 | Resistance at +100 °C (212 °F) | 0.204 kOhm |
| 16 | Resistance at +110 °C (230 °F) | 0.153 kOhm |
| 17 | Resistance at +120 °C (257 °F) | 0.102 kOhm |

Air temperature sensor

NTC type sensor



AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR RESISTANCE

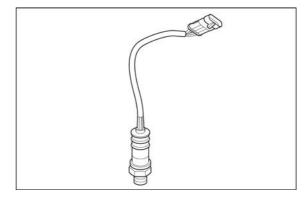
| cation | Desc./Quantity |
|----------------|---|
| 40 °C (-40 °F) | 100.950 kOhm |
| 0 °C (32 °F) | 9.750 kOhm |
| 10 °C (50 °F) | 5.970 kOhm |
| 20 °C (68 °F) | 3.750 kOhm |
| 30 °C (86 °F) | 2.420 kOhm |
| 0 °C (104 °F) | 1.600 kOhm |
| 00 °C (194 °F) | 0.280 kOhm |
| | 0 °C (32 °F) 10 °C (50 °F) 20 °C (68 °F) 30 °C (86 °F) -0 °C (104 °F) |

Lambda sensor

Oxygen sensor with heater.

Sensor voltage between 0 and 0.9 V (to be measured between pins 1 and 2).

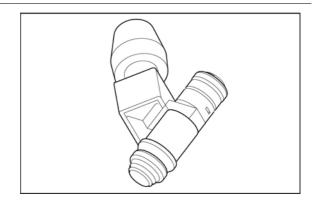
Heater resistance 12.8 ohm (to be measured between pins 3 and 4 at 20°C - 68°F).



Electrical system BREVA V1100

Injector

Resistance 14 Ohm ± 2 Ohm measured at 20 °C (68 °F)



Coil

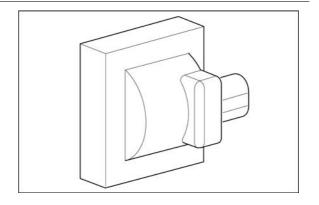
Characteristic

Primary resistance:

0.9 - 1.1 Ω (measured between pins 1 and 15)

Secondary resistance:

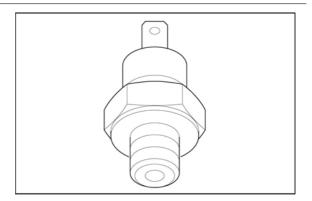
 $6.5 - 7.2 \text{ K}\Omega.$



Engine oil pressure sensor

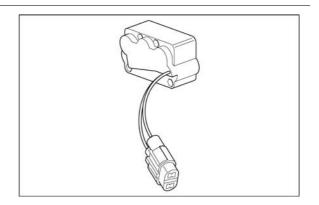
There is an oil pressure sensor failure when it is detected as not conducting (open) with the engine off and the key set to ON. This problem is signalled by the lighting of the "service" warning light, which should remain lit also when the engine is on.

There is an oil pressure failure when, with engine on and over 2000 rpm, the sensor is detected as conducting (closed). In this case, the error is indicated by the lighting of the "bulb" icon. In both cases, the instrument panel diagnosis memory is stored.



Bank angle sensor

Normally open contact, 62 kOhm resistance, with vehicle upright (straight sensor); Closed contact, 0 Ohm resistance, when the sensor is turned by 90° with respect to its fitting position.



Air temperature sensor - instrument panel

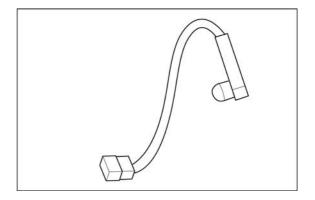
Characteristic

Resistance

10 kOhm (at 25°C - 77°F)

Resistance

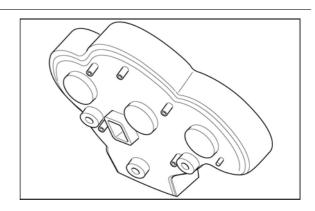
32.5 kOhm (at 0°C - 32°F)



Dashboard

PIN USE

- 1 + KEY
- 2 RIGHT INDICATOR CONTROL
- 3 OIL PRESSURE SENSOR
- 4 HIGH-BEAM LIGHT INPUT
- 5 -
- 6 SELECT 1
- 7 SELECT 2
- 8 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR
- 9 AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR
- 10 -
- 11 + BATTERY
- 12 LEFT TURN INDICATOR CONTROL



13 -

14 HAZARD

15 ANTITHEFT DEVICE LED (IF CONNECTED)

16 SELECT 3

17 SENSORS EARTH CONNECTION

18 GENERAL EARTH CONNECTION

19 GENERAL EARTH CONNECTION

20 GENERAL EARTH CONNECTION

21 + BATTERY

22 + BATTERY

23 LOW-BEAM LIGHT RELAY ACTIVATION

24 -

25 HEATED HAND GRIP CONTROL

26 CAN L

27 CAN H

28 K LINE

29 -

30 AERIAL 1

31 -

32 -

33 -

34 RIGHT REAR TURN INDICATOR ACTIVA-

TION

35 RIGHT REAR TURN INDICATOR ACTIVA-

TION

36 LEFT REAR TURN INDICATOR ACTIVATION

37 LEFT REAR TURN INDICATOR ACTIVATION

38 LEFT HEATED HANDGRIP ACTIVATION

39 RIGHT HEATED HANDGRIP ACTIVATION

40 AERIAL 2

INDEX OF TOPICS

ENGINE FROM VEHICLE

ENG VE

Engine from vehicle BREVA V1100

Removing the engine from the vehicle

- To remove the engine block, first remove the air filter casing, the oil pan guard and disconnect the battery.
- Remove the fork and the bevel gear pair.



• Disconnect the spark plug tubes.



• Disconnect the injectors connectors.



Disconnect the throttle cables.

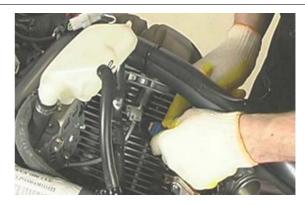




Disconnect the idle motor connector.



 Disconnect the engine temperature sensor connector.



 Disconnect the throttle valve position sensor connector.



 Disconnect the revolution sensor connector. Engine from vehicle BREVA V1100



• Disconnect the alternator connector.





 Disconnect the neutral sensor connector.



- Unscrew and remove the two screws.
- Remove the starter motor protection.



- Unscrew and remove the screw.
- Disconnect the earth leads.





 Disconnect the starter motor connectors.



 Disconnect the Lambda probe connector. Engine from vehicle BREVA V1100



- Place a container to collect the oil.
- Open the clutch bleed pipe.
- Drain clutch oil completely.



- Unscrew and remove the screw fixing the oil clutch pipe and collect the washer.
- Release the clutch pipe.



Disconnect the horn connectors.



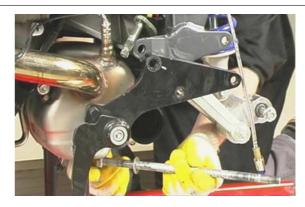
 Unscrew and remove the radiator upper fixing column.



 Unscrew and remove the lower pin nut and collect the washer.



 Remove the lower pin and collect the washer.



Remove the centre stand.



• Loosen the clamp.

Engine from vehicle BREVA V1100



 Unscrew and remove the screws and collect the washers.



• Remove the exhaust manifolds.



• Remove the catalytic converter.



- Place the engine service stand.
- Operating from both sides, unscrew

and remove the front fixing screw.

 Remove the clamps from the cable harness.



- Unscrew and remove the two screws fixing the oil vapour fitting tube.
- Move the oil vapour fitting tube aside.



 Helped by a second operator, unscrew and remove the engine upper fixing nut and collect the washer.



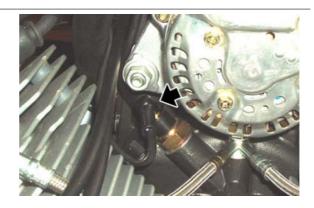
 Remove the upper pin and collect the washer.



- Partially lower the engine.
- Disconnect the oil pressure sensor

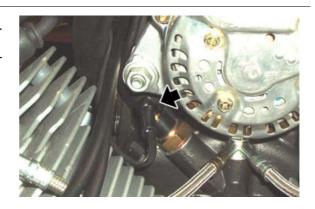
connector.

Lower the engine completely.



Installing the engine to the vehicle

- Fasten the vehicle chassis to a hoister and lift the engine to place it in its position.
- During this operation, restore the oil pressure transmitter connection.



• Insert the upper pin and its washer.



 Fit the washer and tighten the engine upper fixing nut to the specified torque.



- Fit the oil vapour fitting tube.
- Tighten the two screws.



 Operating from both sides, tighten the front fixing screw.



• Fit the catalytic converter.



Fit the exhaust manifolds.



• Fit the washers and tighten the nuts.

Engine from vehicle BREVA V1100



Tighten the clamp.



• Fit the centre stand.

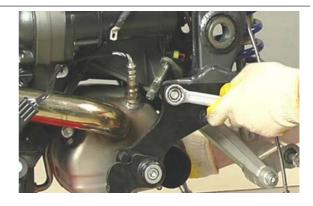


• Insert the lower pin and its washer.



• Fit the washer and tighten the engine lower fixing nut to the specified torque.

BREVA V1100 Engine from vehicle



- Fit the oil radiator.
- Screw the upper fixing column.



• Connect the horn connectors.

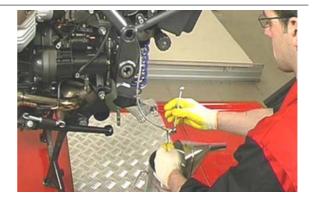


 Fasten the clutch oil pipe with the screw and its washers.



- Fit the clutch bleed pipe.
- Fill up the clutch system.

Engine from vehicle BREVA V1100



Connect the Lambda probe connector.



- Fit the starter motor connector.
- Screw the nut and place the rubber cover.



• Fit the earth leads.



• Tighten the screw.



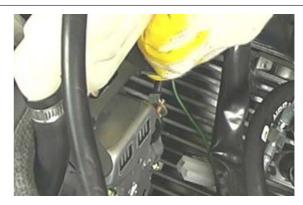
- Fit the starter motor protection.
- Tighten the two screws.



Connect the neutral sensor connector.



• Connect the alternator connectors.



Engine from vehicle BREVA V1100



 Connect the revolution sensor connector.



 Connect the throttle valve position sensor connector.



 Connect the engine temperature sensor connector.



• Connect the idle motor connector.



Correctly fit the throttle cables, adjusting clearance.





Connect the injector connectors.



• Connect the four spark plug tubes.

Engine from vehicle BREVA V1100



 Refit the entire fork, reinforcing bar, connecting rod assembly, brake calliper and the rear wheel.

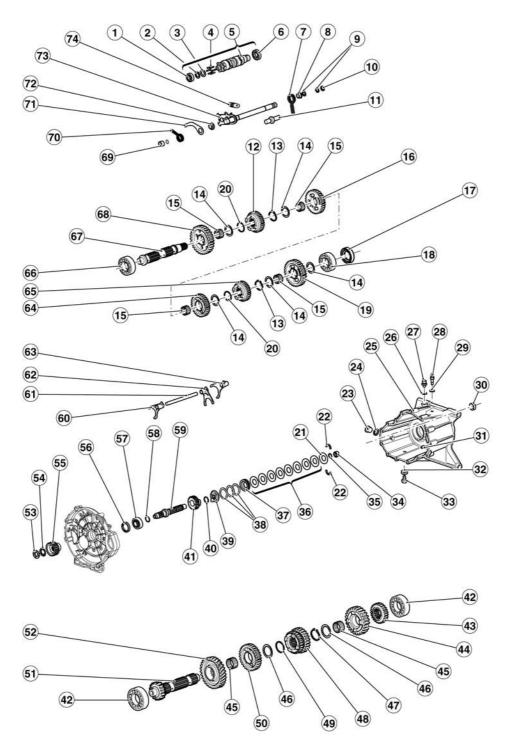


INDEX OF TOPICS

ENGINE

Gearbox

Diagram



KEY:

1. Ball bearing

- 2. Circlip
- 3. Shim washer
- **4.** Pin
- **5.** Desmodromic compl.
- 6. Ball bearing
- 7. Spring
- 8. Spacer
- 9. Circlip
- 10. Fifth wheel
- 11. Linking pin
- **12.** Gear
- 13. Circlip
- 14. Shoulder washer
- 15. Ball bearing cage
- **16.** Gear
- 17. Sealing ring
- 18. Ball bearing
- **19.** Gear
- 20. Circlip
- 21. Washer
- 22. Half ring
- 23. Oil cap
- 24. Washer
- 25. Gearbox
- 26. Aluminium gasket
- 27. Bleed cap
- 28. Neutral sensor
- 29. Gasket
- 30. Sealing ring
- 31. Bushing
- 32. Gasket
- 33. Oil drainage cap
- **34.** Roller bearing
- 35. Circlip
- 36. Belleville spring

- 37. Pressure plate
- 38. Shaped washers
- 39. Sleeve
- 40. Circlip
- 41. Transmission gear
- 42. Ball bearing
- **43.** Gear
- **44.** Gear
- 45. Ball bearing cage
- 46. Shoulder washer
- 47. Circlip
- **48.** Gear
- 49. Circlip
- **50**. Gear
- 51. Main shaft
- 52. Transmission gear
- 53. Ring nut
- 54. Washer
- 55. Clutch internal body
- 56. Sealing ring
- 57. Ball bearing
- **58.** O-Ring
- 59. Clutch shaft
- **60.** Fork
- 61. Fork shaft
- **62.** Fork
- **63.** Fork
- **64**. Gear
- **65.** Gear
- 66. Ball bearing
- 67. Secondary shaft
- **68.** Gear
- 69. Spacer
- 70. Spring
- 71. Index lever

- 72. Bushing
- 73. Pre-selector compl.
- **74.** Spring

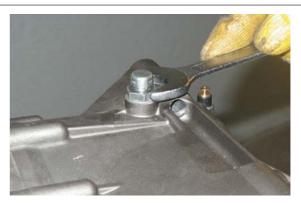
Gearbox

Removing the gearbox

- Remove the starter motor.
- Make sure the transmission is in idle.
- Unscrew and remove the screw and remove the gearbox lever.



• Unscrew and remove the cap.



 Place a container of suitable capacity under it, unscrew and remove the cap and then bleed all gearbox oil.



Unscrew and remove the three screws.



• Unscrew and remove the two screws.



• Unscrew and remove the screw.



• Remove the gearbox.



Gearbox shafts

Disassembling the gearbox

• Remove the gearbox.



Place the gearbox on the specific gearbox support tool and on a vice.

Specific tooling

14.92.96.00 Gearbox support

 Unscrew and slide off the odometer gear and collect the abutment washer that is inside the gearbox.



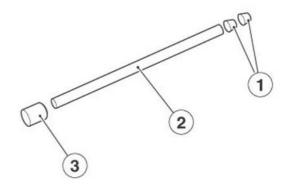
 From the outside, slide off the thrust cylinder and collect the O-Ring and the washer.



 Remove the thrust bearing and the washer.



Remove the two bushings «1» and remove the rod «2», collecting the bushing «3».



Fold the washer fins.



Using the adequate ring nut spanner and the clutch body locking tool, unscrew and remove the ring nut, collecting the clutch internal body.

Specific tooling

05.91.26.30 Tool to tighten the fork pin ring nut

30.91.28.10 Clutch body locking

Open the gearbox using the specific tool.

Specific tooling

05.91.25.30 Gearbox opening



• Release the spring.



 Pressing the selector, slide off the whole transmission lever.



Unscrew and remove the threaded reference pin.



 Use rubber bands to tie down the transmission shaft unit and extract it.



 Remove the bearings from the gearbox if necessary.



- Once the transmission shaft unit is in on a bench, remove the rubber bands, being careful with the group.
- Detach the shafts and label the forks before removal.



 Remove the forks and collect the shaft.









Replace bearings if necessary and remove the clutch shaft.



Removing the primary shaft

- Remove the main shaft.
- Operate on the main shaft from the

second gear side.



 Remove the gear of the second gear and collect the ball bearing cage.



 Remove the gear of the sixth gear and collect the shoulder washer.



• Remove the circlip.



 Remove the gear of the third and fourth gears.



 Remove the circlip and collect the shoulder washer.



 Remove the gear of the fifth gear and collect the ball bearing cage.



 Heat the shaft with a specific heater and remove the helicoidal transmission gear.



Removing the secondary shaft

- Remove the secondary shaft.
- Operate on the shaft from the grooved side.



• Remove the shoulder washer.



 Remove the gear of the second gear and collect the ball bearing cage and the shoulder washer.



• Remove the circlip.



• Remove the gear of the sixth gear.



 Remove the circlip and collect the shoulder washer.



 Remove the gear of the fourth gear and collect the ball bearing cage.



 Remove the gear of the third gear and collect the ball bearing cage and the shoulder washer.



• Remove the circlip.



Remove the gear of the fifth gear.



- Remove the circlip, the shoulder washer and remove the gear of the first gear, collecting the ball bearing cage.
- Remove the bearing if necessary.



Disassembling the clutch shaft

- Remove the gearbox from the engine block.
- Remove the gearbox.
- Insert the clutch shaft in the special tool for removal.

Specific tooling

000019663300 Tool for clutch shaft removal

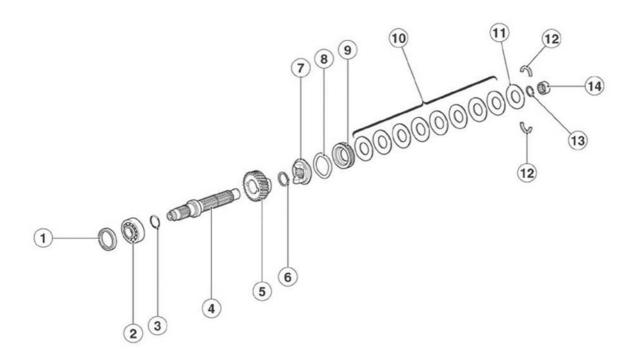


- Compress the Belleville springs (10) until releasing the two half-rings (12).
- Remove the Belleville springs (10).
- Remove the washer (11).
- Remove the shaped washers (8).
- Remove the sleeve (7).
- Remove the circlip (6).
- Remove the transmission gear (5).
- Collect the clutch shaft (4).

CAUTION

VEHICLES WITH CHASSIS NUMBER FROM ZGULP00076M114085 TO ZGULP00076M114231 MAY PRESENT SOME NOISE PROBLEMS AT IDLE SPEED.

TO REDUCE THIS NOISE, ON THE CLUTCH SHAFT FIT TWO SHAPED WASHERS (8) BESIDES THE ONE ALREADY PRESENT IN THE ASSEMBLY



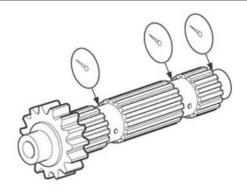
Checking the primary shaft

Measure coaxiality of the main shaft with a dial gauge and a centring device and replace it if not complying with specifications.

Characteristic

Secondary shaft coaxiality limit

0.08 mm (0.0031 in)



Check transmission gears for signs of pitting and wear and replace damaged gears if necessary.

Check the gear fitting teeth for cracks, damage and wear and replace those damaged if necessary.

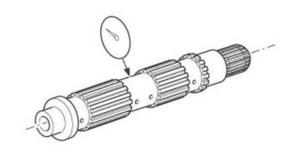
Check the transmission gears movement and, if it is not regular, replace the damaged part.

Checking the secondary shaft

Measure the coaxiality of the secondary shaft with a dial gauge and a centring device and replace it if not complying with specifications.

Characteristic Secondary shaft coaxiality limit

0.08 mm (0.0031 in)



Check transmission gears for signs of pitting and wear and replace damaged gears if necessary.

Check the gear fitting teeth for cracks, damage and wear and replace those damaged if necessary.

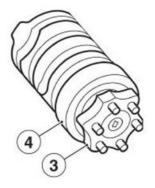
Check the transmission gears movement and, if it is not regular, replace the damaged part.

Checking the desmodromic drum

Check gear drum for damage, scratches and wear and replace the desmodromic if necessary.

Check the desmodromic segment «3» for damage and wear and replace it if necessary.

Check the desmodromic bearing «4» for damage and cracks and replace it if necessary.

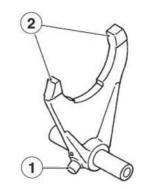


Checking the forks

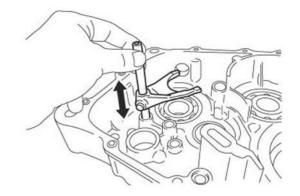
NOTE

THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE IS VALID FOR ALL TRANSMISSION FORKS.

- Check the transmission fork cam roller
 «1» and the transmission fork tooth
 «2» for damage, deformation and
 wear.
- Replace the transmission fork if necessary.



 Check the transmission fork movement and if it is not regular, replace the transmission forks.



Fitting the primary shaft

NOTE

TO REFIT, FOLLOW THE SAME INSTRUCTIONS AS FOR REMOVAL BUT IN REVERSE ORDER.
REMEMBER TO REPLACE ALL SEALING RINGS, CIRCLIPS AND SAFETY RINGS PREVIOUSLY REMOVED.

Fitting the secondary shaft

NOTE

TO REFIT, FOLLOW THE SAME INSTRUCTIONS AS FOR REMOVAL BUT IN REVERSE ORDER.
REMEMBER TO REPLACE ALL SEALING RINGS, CIRCLIPS AND SAFETY RINGS PREVIOUSLY REMOVED.

Assembling the clutch shaft

NOTE

TO REFIT, FOLLOW THE SAME INSTRUCTIONS AS FOR REMOVAL BUT IN REVERSE ORDER.
REMEMBER TO REPLACE ALL SEALING RINGS, CIRCLIPS AND SAFETY RINGS PREVIOUSLY REMOVED.

Assembling the gearbox

NOTE

TO REFIT, FOLLOW THE SAME INSTRUCTIONS AS FOR REMOVAL BUT IN REVERSE ORDER. REMEMBER TO REPLACE ALL SEALING RINGS, CIRCLIPS AND SAFETY RINGS PREVIOUSLY REMOVED.

Flywheel

Removing the flywheel

- Remove the clutch.
- Place the locking tool on the flywheel and unscrew the six sealing screws of the flywheel, operating diagonally and in stages.
- Remove the locking tool.

cod.12.91.18.01

Specific tooling

12.91.18.01 Tool to lock the flywheel and startup crown

• Remove the flywheel.



Checking

• Check that the flywheel shows no scorings on the disc faying surface.

 Check that the support surfaces on the crankshaft are not deformed; if they are, replace the flywheel.

Installing the flywheel

• Position the flywheel.

NOTE

RESPECT THE FLYWHEEL POSITIONING REFERENCES.

CAUTION

THE SCREWS MUST BE REPLACED WITH NEW ONES AT THE FOLLOWING REFITTING AS THEY ARE SUBJECT TO HIGH LOADS AND STRESS.



- Position the locking tool on the flywheel and tighten the six flywheel sealing screws operating diagonally and in stages.
- Fit the clutch.

Specific tooling

12.91.18.01 Tool to lock the flywheel and startup crown



Generator

Removing the generator

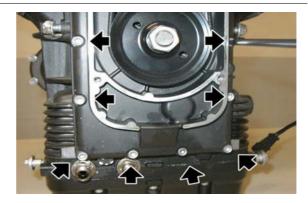
 Unscrew and remove the six screws and collect the bushings.



Remove the cover.



Unscrew and remove the eight screws.



Unscrew and remove the two screws.



• Unscrew the nut collecting the screw.



Loosen the screw.



 Loosen the nut and undo the set screw so that the alternator slides down.



Completely loosen and remove the screw.



 Remove the belt and the alternator with pulley.



- Using a compressed air gun, unscrew and remove the nut and collect the spacer.
- Remove the lower pulley.



Unscrew and remove the two screws.



- Remove the alternator frame.
- Remove the sealing ring if necessary.



Tensioning the belt

- Remove both fuel tank side fairings.
- Remove the right exhaust manifold.
- Remove the control unit.
- Unscrew and remove the fixing screw of the engine oil recovery tank.



• Unscrew and remove the spacer.



- Unscrew and remove the five fixing screws of the timing system cover.
- Remove the timing system cover.
- Loosen the set screw lock nut.



- Using the belt tensioning tool (code 05.94.86.30), tension the belt to the prescribed torque.
- Screw the set screw.
- Tighten the lock nut.

Specific tooling

05.94.86.30 Belt tension tool



Installing the generator

 If the sealing ring has been previously removed, replace it using the punch of the timing system cover sealing ring.

Specific tooling

05.92.72.30 Timing system cover sealing ring punch



- Replace the gasket and place the alternator frame using the front cover insertion cone.
- Remove the insertion cone afterwards.

Specific tooling

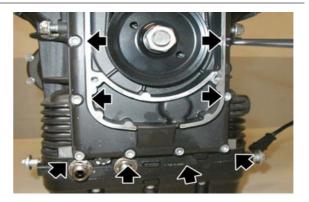
05.91.17.30 Front cover insertion cone

• Tighten the two screws.





- Tighten the eight lower screws.
- Operating diagonally and in stages, tighten the ten fixing screws on the alternator fitting.



Position the lower pulley and the spacer.

Tighten the nut to the prescribed torque.



 Position the alternator and the timing system belt.



Position the screw and pre-tighten it.



• Position the screw and tighten the nut.



 Using the belt tensioning tool (code 05.94.86.30), tension the belt to the

prescribed torque and screw the set screw.

- Remove the belt tensioning tool.
- Lock the set screw in position by screwing the lock nut.

Specific tooling

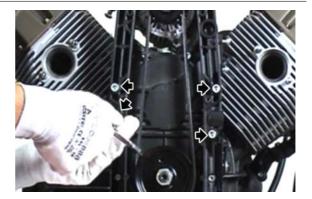
05.94.86.30 Belt tension tool

Tighten the alternator fixing screws.





Tighten the four screws, operating diagonally and in stages.



- Position the timing system cover.
- Tighten the five screws, operating in oblique direction and in stages.



Starter motor

Removing the starter motor

 Unscrew and remove the two screws and collect the washers.



Slide off the starter motor.



Clutch side

Disassembling the clutch

- Remove the gearbox from the engine.
- Use the locking tool and the clutch spring compression tool on the flywheel.

Specific tooling

30.90.65.10 Tool for clutch fitting

12.91.18.01 Tool to lock the flywheel and startup crown



 Unscrew and remove the eight sealing screws from the crown gear on the engine flywheel.



• Remove the start-up crown gear.



Extract from the inside of the engine flywheel:

• the clutch disc.



• The intermediate disc.



• The second clutch disc.



The pressure plate disc cover.



The pressure plate disc with springs.



Checking the clutch plates

Driven plates

Check that the supporting surfaces with the driven plates are perfectly smooth and even and that the external toothing that works inside the flywheel is not damaged, otherwise, replace the plate.

Crown gear for start-up

Check that the supporting surface with the driven plate is perfectly smooth and even.

Also check that the toothing where the starter motor pinion works is not chipped or scratched; otherwise, replace it.

Checking the clutch housing

Check that the teeth do not show any marks on the plate faying areas and that the toothing inside the clutch bell is in good conditions.

Checking the pusher plate

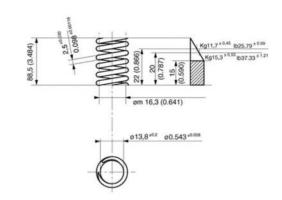
Pressure plate

Check that the plate does not show signs of wear on the opening where the control cap works, and that the supporting surfaces with the driven plate are perfectly even.

Checking the springs

Check that the springs are still flexible and are not deformed:

- Springs compressed at 22 mm
 (0.8661 in) must bear a load of 11.25
 ÷ 11.70 kg (24.80 ÷ 25.79 pounds);
- Springs compressed at 20 mm
 (0.7874 in) must bear a load of 14.75
 ÷ 15.30 kg (32.52 ÷ 33.73 pounds).



Assembling the clutch

Insert the components in the clutch bell in the following order:

• the pressure plate with springs.



 Make sure that the reference marked on the pressure plate tooth is aligned with the reference on the flywheel.





 Use the locking tool and the clutch spring compression tool on the flywheel.

Specific tooling

30.90.65.10 Tool for clutch fitting

12.91.18.01 Tool to lock the flywheel and startup crown



- Remove the locking tool.
- Fit the clutch disc.

Specific tooling

12.91.18.01 Tool to lock the flywheel and startup crown



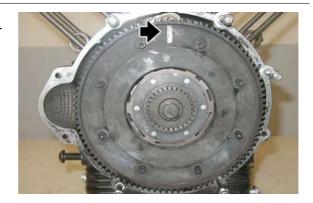
• The intermediate disc.



The clutch disc.



Place the crown gear aligning its reference with that on the flywheel.



- Tighten the eight screws sealing the crown gear to the flywheel to the prescribed torque
- Remove the special tool for clutch spring compression.

Specific tooling

30.90.65.10 Tool for clutch fitting



- Insert the pressure plate disc cover.
- Install the gearbox unit.



Head and timing

Removing the head cover

NOTE

THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS REFER TO REMOVING ONLY ONE COVER BUT APPLY TO BOTH COVERS.

 Unscrew and remove the eight screws and collect the bushings.



 Remove the head cover and collect the gasket.



Removing the cylinder head

• Remove the rockers rods.

 Unscrew and remove the outer spark plug.



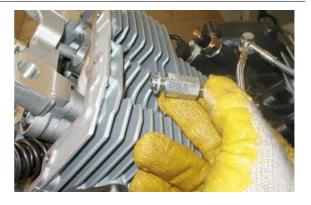
 Loosen the nut and disconnect the pipes that deliver oil to the head.



Unscrew and remove the threaded cap.



 Unscrew and remove the joint of the pipe that delivers oil to the head and collect the washer.



 Using the suitable special tool, unscrew and remove the inner spark

plug.

Specific tooling

05.90.19.30 Internal spark plug removal

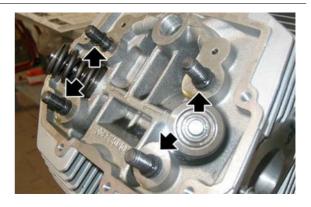


 Unscrew and remove the two screws and collect the two washers.





 Slightly detach the cylinder head and remove the four O-rings.



 Remove the head and collect the gasket.



Cylinder head

Removing the rocker arms

NOTE

THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS REFER TO REMOVING ONLY ONE HEAD BUT APPLY TO BOTH HEADS.

- Remove the head cover.
- Rotate the crankshaft to TDC position in combustion phase (closed valves) for the left cylinder.
- · Unscrew and remove the two screws.



• Remove the rockers shafts.



Remove the rockers and collect the three washers.



Removing the valves

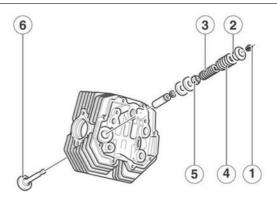
- Remove the head.
- Place the special tool (code 10.90.72.00) on the upper retainer and at the centre of the head of the valve to be removed.



Specific tooling

10.90.72.00 Tool for valve removal and refitting

- Tighten the tool screw until fitted, and then hit the tool head (where the upper retainer works) with a mallet so that the two cotters (1) get detached from the upper retainer (2).
- Once the two cotters (1) are detached, screw these cotters until they can be slid off the valve seats; unscrew the tool and remove it from the head.
- Remove the upper retainer (2).
- Remove the internal spring (3).
- Remove the external spring (4).
- Remove the lower retainer (5) and the shimming washers if necessary.
- Remove the valve (6) from inside the



head.

Checking the valve guides

Use a punch to extract the valve guide from the heads.

The valve guides should be replaced only if the clearance between them and the stem cannot be eliminated by simply replacing the valves.

To refit the valve guides on the head, follow this procedure:

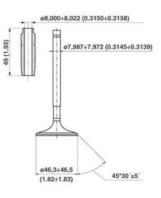
- Heat the head in an oven at about 60°C (140°F).
- Lubricate the valve guide.
- Fit the circlips.
- Press the valve guide with a punch.
- Use a reamer to bore the holes the valve stems slide through so that the inside diameter is at the prescribed value. The interference between the seat on the head and the valve guide must be 0.046 0.075 mm (0.0018 0.0030 in)

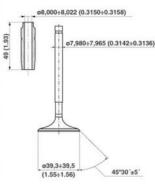
VALVE AND GUIDES COUPLING DATA CHART (INLET)

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Valve guide inside dia- meter mm (in) | 8.000 ÷ 8.022 (0.3150 ÷ 0.3158) |
| Valve stem diameter | 7.972 ÷ 7.987 (0.3139 ÷ 0.3145) |
| Fitting clearance mm (in) | 0.013 ÷ 0.050 (0.0005 ÷ 0.0020) |

VALVE AND GUIDES COUPLING DATA CHART (OUTLET)

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Valve guide inside dia- | 8.005 ÷ 8.022 (0.3152 ÷ |





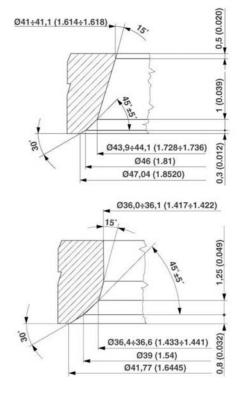
| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| meter mm (in) | 0.3158) |
| Valve stem diameter mm (in) | 7.965 ÷ 7.980 (0.3136 ÷ 0.3142) |
| Fitting clearance mm (in) | 0.025 ÷ 0.057 (0.0010 ÷ 0.0022) |

Checking the cylinder head

Check that:

- the faying surfaces with the cover and the cylinder are not scored or damaged, jeopardising a perfect sealing.
- Check that the tolerance between the valve guide holes and the valve stems is within the prescribed limits.
- Check the valve seats are in good conditions.

The valve seats should be reamed with a mill. The seat inclination angle is 45° +/- 5. After milling, it is necessary to grind them to ensure a good coupling and a perfect sealing between the ring nuts and the valve heads.

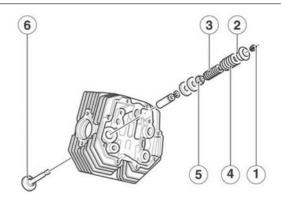


Installing the valves

NOTE

THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS REFER TO REMOVING ONLY ONE HEAD BUT APPLY TO BOTH HEADS.

- Place the valve (6) inside the head.
- Place the lower retainer (5) and the shimming washers.
- Place the external spring (4).
- Place the internal spring (3).
- Insert the upper retainer (2).
- Place the two cotters (1) on the seats on the valves.
- Compressing the spring with the special valve tool, install the valve cotters.



Specific tooling

10.90.72.00 Tool for valve removal and refitting

NOTE

UPON REFITTING, PLACE THE O-RING COR-RECTLY ON THE VALVE.



Remove the special tool



Installing the rocker arms

CAUTION

UPON REFITTING, ALWAYS REPLACE THE O-

RINGS



CAUTION

UPON REFITTING, DO NOT INVERT THE POSITION OF THE ROCKER SUPPORTS SO AS NOT TO COMPROMISE LUBRICATION.

CAUTION

THE NEW LUBRICATION SYSTEM IS VALID FROM ENGINE NUMBER N° KP15051 ON.



- Install the rocker rods if they have been previously removed.
- Install the rocker support and replace the four O-rings.



Place the four washers and screw the four nuts.



Place the six washers and install the rockers.



Insert the rocker shafts.



- Rotate the crankshaft to TDC position in combustion phase (closed valves) for the left cylinder.
- Tighten the two screws.



Timing

Chain removal

- Remove the engine assembly.
- Remove the alternator.
- Clearly indicate the distribution timing marks that should be restored at the next refitting (left cylinder TDC).



Using the adequate tool, lock the ignition crown.

Specific tooling

12.91.18.01 Tool to lock the flywheel and startup crown



 Unscrew the central sealing nut of the camshaft gear and collect the washer.



• Remove the cotter.



 Unscrew and remove the central sealing nut of the timing system control

gear on the crankshaft and collect the washer.



 Unscrew and remove the oil pump gear nut and collect the washer.



- Remove the chain tensioner and collect the spring.
- Slide off the three gears together with the chain.

CAUTION

BE CAREFUL WITH THE OIL PUMP PULLING COTTER.



Removing the rods

- Remove the rockers.
- Unscrew and remove the four nuts and collect their washers.



• Remove the rocker support.



Remove the two rocker rods



Removing the tappets

- Remove the engine assembly.
- Remove both heads.
- Slide off and remove the tappets from their seat on both sides.



Removing the phonic wheel

- Remove the timing chain.
- Slide off and remove the tone wheel and collect the pin.



Removing the camshaft

- Remove the timing chain.
- Remove the tone wheel.
- Remove the tappets.
- Remove the rods.
- Unscrew and remove the three screws and collect the washers.



Remove the flange.



• Remove the camshaft.



Installing the camshaft

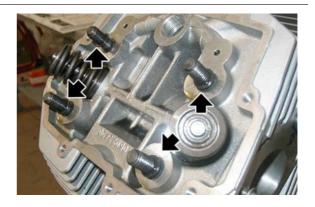
NOTE

FOR TIMING SYSTEM REFITTING, IT IS NECESSARY TO HEAT THE ENGINE WITH A SUIT-ABLE HEATER IN ORDER TO INSERT THE CAMSHAFT CORRECTLY AND WITHOUT DAM-AGING IT.

Follow the camshaft removal instructions but in reverse order.

Installing the rods

- Install the head if it has been previously removed.
- Replace the four O-rings.



• Install the two rocker rods.

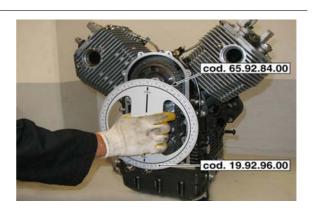


Cam timing

Timing

To check distribution timing, follow these instructions:

- Obtain a clearance between rockers and valves of 1.5 mm (0.059 in);
- Place the hub for graduated dial and the relative graduated dial on the crankshaft slot, inserting the spacer and fixing it to the shaft with the nut.



Specific tooling

65.92.84.00 Graduated dial hub

19.92.96.00 Graduated dial to control ignition timing

 With a screw, fasten the specific arrow to the threaded hole to the left of the base.

Specific tooling

17.94.75.60 Arrow to control ignition timing



 Fit the dial gauge support and then the gauge itself on the left outer spark plug hole.

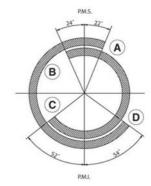


 Rotate the crankshaft until the left cylinder piston is actually at the top dead centre (with valves closed).

the references (on the timing system gears and the engine pinion) are perfectly aligned, so that looking through the checking hole on the gearbox, the reference line marked 'S' is perfectly aligned with the reference marked at the centre of the hole.



- Align the arrow point with the zero
 TDC. on the graduated dial.
- Observing the timing system diagram, check timing considering that:
- A intake start opens 22° before TDC
- B outlet end closes 24° after TDC
- C outlet start opens 52° before BDC
- D intake end closes 54° after BDC



- Screw the dial gauge support and then the gauge itself on the right cylinder outer spark plug hole.
- With a screw, fix the arrow to the threaded hole to the right of the base.
- Turn the disc clockwise until the reference marked with letter 'D' is aligned with the reference at the centre of the checking hole on the gearbox (valves closed).
- Repeat the operations described above for the left cylinder.
- After the check and if everything is correct, operate as follows to restore the operation clearance between rocking levers and valves (intake 0.10 mm (0.0039 in), outlet 0.15 mm (0.0059 in).
- Remove the graduated dial hub, the graduated dial, the arrow, the dial gauge support and the gauge itself.
- Refit the spark plugs and finish the refit.

Specific tooling

65.92.84.00 Graduated dial hub

19.92.96.00 Graduated dial to control ignition timing

17.94.75.60 Arrow to control ignition timing

Measuring air gap

Unscrew and remove the two screws and remove the sensor.



• Insert a suitable plain washer on the sensor and note its thickness.





 Place the sensor on the timing system cover and cause it to make contact with the tone wheel.



 Measure the clearance between the fixing plate and the cover with a thickness gauge. Subtract the plain washer value from this measurement to obtain the clearance between the sensor and the tone wheel.



• Remove the washer and insert the sensor after applying adequate sealing paste on the fixing plate, then tighten the screws to the torque.

Cylinder-piston assembly

Removing the cylinder

NOTE

THE OPERATIONS DESCRIBED BELOW REFER TO REMOVING ONLY ONE HEAD BUT APPLY TO BOTH HEADS.

- Remove the head.
- Remove the gasket.



 Slide off the cylinder from the stud bolts, paying attention not to damage the piston.



Disassembling the piston

NOTE

THE OPERATIONS DESCRIBED BELOW REFER TO REMOVING ONLY ONE HEAD BUT APPLY TO BOTH HEADS.

- Remove the cylinder.
- Cover the base opening with a clean cloth.
- Disengage the pin lock.



Remove the pin.



- Label the piston crown on the outlet side to remember its position when refitting.
- Remove the piston.



Fitting the piston

NOTE

THE OPERATIONS DESCRIBED BELOW REFER TO REMOVING ONLY ONE HEAD BUT APPLY TO BOTH HEADS.

Place the piston.

NOTE

ENG - 54

CHECK THE PISTON DIRECTION ACCORDING TO THE REFERENCES ON THE PISTON CROWN. DO NOT ASSEMBLE PISTONS AND CYLINDERS OF DIFFERENT SELECTION TYPES.



• Insert the pin.



Insert the pin lock.



Installing the cylinder

- Fit the piston.
- Remove the cloth used to prevent foreign bodies coming into the crankcase.
- Turn the rings so that the junction ends are 120 degrees from each other.
- Lubricate piston and cylinder.
- Using a specific tool for piston ring clamps, place the cylinder.

CAUTION

DURING THIS OPERATION, PAY ATTENTION NOT TO DAMAGE THE PISTON.

Specific tooling

05.92.80.30 Piston ring clamp

 Remove the piston ring clamp tool and finish positioning the cylinder.

Specific tooling

05.92.80.30 Piston ring clamp

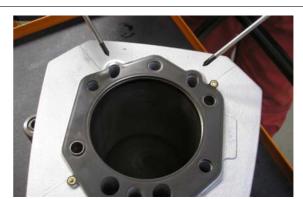


CAUTION

UPON REFITTING DO NOT INVERT THE POSITION OF THE CYLINDER GASKET SO AS NOT TO COMPROMISE LUBRICATION.

CAUTION

THE NEW LUBRICATION SYSTEM IS VALID FROM ENGINE NUMBER N° KP15051 ON.



• Place the gasket on the cylinder base.



• Fit the head.

Installing the head cover

- Replace the gasket and fit the head cover.
- Place the bushings and cross tighten the eight screws.





Installing the cylinder head

- Fit the valves if they have been previously removed.
- Replace the gasket between head and cylinder.
- Fit the head.



 Place the two washers and tighten the two screws.





 Using the suitable special tool, screw the inner spark plug.

Specific tooling

05.90.19.30 Internal spark plug removal



 Insert the washer and screw the joint of the pipe that delivers oil to the head



• Screw the threaded cap.



 Connect the pipes that deliver oil to the head and screw the nut.



Install the outer spark plug.



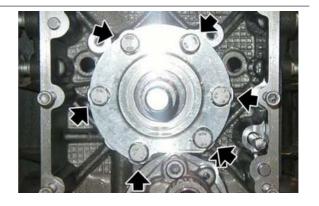
 Replace the gasket and install the head cover.



Crankcase - crankshaft

Removing the crankshaft

- Remove the connecting rods.
- Loosen and remove the six fixing screws and collect the washers.
- Remove the crankshaft flange on the alternator side.



 Loosen and remove the eight fixing screws and collect the washers.



- Using the suitable special tool, remove the crankshaft flange.
- Remove the sealing ring if necessary.

Specific tooling

12.91.36.00 Tool to remove the flywheel side flange



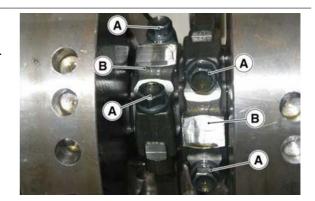
Remove the crankshaft afterwards.



Disassembling the connecting rod

BREVA V1100 Engine

- Remove the heads.
- Remove the cylinders and the pistons.
- Remove the clutch.
- Remove the flywheel.
- Remove the timing system.
- Remove the oil sump.
- Loosen the coupling screws 'A' from inside the base and remove the connecting rods 'B'.



Desc./Quantity

Inspecting the crankshaft components

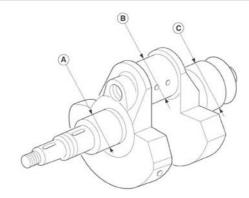
Specification

Check the surfaces of the main journals; if they are scored or oval-shaped, reface them (observing the undersize charts), and replace the flanges and the main journals.

FITTING CLEARANCES

| Specification | Desc./Quantity | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
| veen the bearing and the main journal on the | 0.028 ÷ 0.060 mm (0.00110 ÷ 0.0 | |

| Between the bearing and the main journal on the timing system side | 0.028 ÷ 0.060 mm (0.00110 ÷ 0.00236 in); |
|--|--|
| Between the bearing and the main journal on the flywheel side | 0.040 ÷ 0.075 mm (0.00157 ÷ 0.00295 in) |
| Between the bearing and the connecting rod pin | 0.022 ÷ 0.064 mm (0.00087 ÷ 0.00252 in) |



MAIN JOURNAL DIAMETER ON THE TIMING SYSTEM SIDE (A)

| | • |
|--------------------|--|
| Regular production | 37.975 mm (1.49507 inch) 37.959 mm (1.49444 inch) |
| | |

CRANKPIN DIAMETER (B)

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|--------------------|---|
| Regular production | 44.008 ÷ 44.020 mm - (1.73259 ÷ 1.73307 in) |

Engine BREVA V1100

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|--|---|
| 'Blue' bushing half-shell regular production | 44.008 ÷ 44.014 mm (1.73259 ÷ 1.73283 in) |
| 'Red' bushing half-shell regular production | 44.014 ÷ 44.020 mm (1.73283 ÷ 1.73307 in) |

FLYWHEEL MAIN JOURNAL DIAMETER (C)

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Regular production | 52.970 mm (2.08542 inch) |
| | 53.951 mm (2.12405 inch) |

Checking the connecting rod

CAUTION

FLAMMABLE VAPOURS ARE PRODUCED AND METAL PARTICLES CAN BE EJECTED AT HIGH SPEED DURING THIS OPERATION, SO WORK IN A ROOM FREE OF NAKED FLAMES OR SPARKS AND MAKE SURE OPERATORS WEAR SAFETY GOGGLES.

CONNECTING RODS

When examining the connecting rods, check that:

- Bushings are in good conditions, their clearance and the pins;
- Shaft parallelism;
- Connecting rod bearings.

These are thin shell bearing, anti-friction alloy that does not allow for any adaptation; replace them immediately if meshing or wear marks are found.

Upon replacing the bearings it may be necessary to ream the crankshaft pin.

Before reaming the crankpin, measure the pin diameter comparing it with the maximum wear allowed, as indicated in the figure; this defines what kind of undersizing the bearing should have and to which diameter the pin should be reamed.

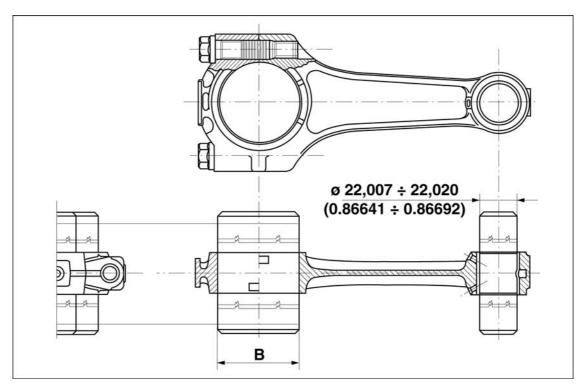
Checking shaft parallelism

Check shafts for squaring before fitting them.

It is therefore necessary to check that the head holes and the rod small end are parallel and on the same plane.

The maximum parallelism and plane error of the two shafts of the head and rod small end, measured at 200 mm (7.873 inch) should be +/- 0.10 mm (0.00393 inch).

BREVA V1100 Engine



CONNECTING ROD BEARING THICKNESS

| S | pe | cifi | са | tic | n |
|---|----|------|----|-----|---|
| _ | _ | • | | | |

Desc./Quantity

| Connecting rod bearing regular (production) | 1.535 - 1.544 mm (0.06043 - 0.06079 in) |
|--|---|
| 'Blue' connecting rod bearing regular (production) | 1.539 - 1.544 mm (0.06059 - 0.06079 in) |
| 'Red' connecting rod bearing regular (production) | 1.535 - 1.540 mm (0.06043 - 0.06063 in) |

CRANKPIN DIAMETER (B)

Specification

Desc./Quantity

| Regular production | 44.008 ÷ 44.020 mm - (1.73259 ÷ 1.73307 in) |
|--|---|
| 'Blue' bushing half-shell regular production | 44.008 ÷ 44.014 mm (1.73259 ÷ 1.73283 in) |
| 'Red' bushing half-shell regular production | 44.014 ÷ 44.020 mm (1.73283 ÷ 1.73307 in) |

PIN AND BUSHING COUPLING DATA

Specification

Desc./Quantity

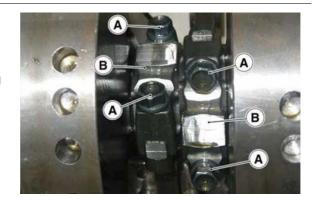
| fitted and machined bushing inside Ø mm (inch) | 22.007 mm (0.86641 inch) - 22.020 mm (0.86692 inch) |
|--|---|
| pin Ø mm (inch) | 21.994 mm (0.86590 inch) - 21.998 mm (0.86606 inch) |
| Clearance between pin and bushing mm (inch) | 0.009 ÷ 0.026 mm (0.000354 ÷ 0.001024 inch) |

Assembling the connecting rod

Place the connecting rods and the caps (B) on the crankshaft and fasten them with new

Engine BREVA V1100

- screws (A).
- Remember these recommendations:
- The screws fixing the connecting rods to the crankshaft must be replaced with new ones at the following refitting as they are subject to high loads and stress;
- The fitting clearance between bearing and connecting rod pin is 0.028 mm (0.0011 inch) minimum and 0.052 mm (0.0020 inch) maximum;
- The clearance between the shim washers of the connecting rod and those of the crankshaft is comprised between 0.30 mm (0.01181 in) and 0.50 mm (0.01968 in);
- Lock the screws on the caps with a torque wrench at the prescribed torque.



Installing the crankshaft

- Place the crankshaft supporting flanges correctly, observing their fitting directions indicated by the holes;
- Seal the two bottom rear fixing screws with Teflon tape to avoid oil leaks.
- Use the sealing ring fitting tool on the flywheel side flange to fit the sealing ring on the flange.

Specific tooling

19.92.71.00 Tool to fit the sealing ring on the flywheel side flange

- Use the camshaft gear sealing tool to fit the flange with its sealing ring.
- To complete the refitting, follow the operations described for removal but in reverse order.

Specific tooling

BREVA V1100 Engine

14.92.73.00 Tool for camshaft gear sealing

Lubrication

Oil pump

Removing

- Drain all the engine oil.
- Remove the alternator.
- Remove the timing system.
- Remove the shim washer.



- Unscrew and remove the three screws fixing the oil pump.
- Remove the oil pump.



Installing

- Place the oil pump.
- Tighten the three screws fixing the oil pump.



• Place the shim washer adequately so

Engine BREVA V1100

that the timing chain do not wear out the base.

- Fit the timing system.
- Fit the alternator.
- Top-up with engine oil.



Removing the oil sump

NOTE

TO REMOVE THE OIL SUMP, PLACE A SUITABLE CONTAINER UNDER IT TO COLLECT THE USED OIL AND DRAIN OUT ALL OIL.

CAUTION

THE NEW LUBRICATION SYSTEM IS VALID FROM ENGINE NUMBER N° KP15051 ON.

• If necessary, the filter can be removed with the suitable special tool.

Specific tooling

01.92.91.00 Wrench for removal of the cover on sump and filter

 Unscrew and remove the oil level plug and collect the O-Ring.



 Unscrew and remove the fourteen screws fixing the oil sump to the engine base.



BREVA V1100 Engine

 Unscrew and remove the four screws and remove the engine oil sump cover.



Unscrew and remove the two screws.



- Unscrew and remove the two screws.
- Remove the mesh filter and collect the gasket.



 Remove the black flange and collect the gasket.



• Unscrew and remove the plug.

Engine BREVA V1100



Remove the thermostatic valve.



- Unscrew and remove the pressure relief valve plug.
- Remove the pressure relief valve components





Refitting the oil sump

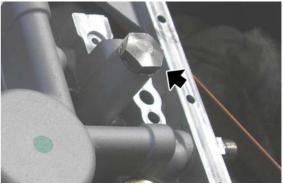
• Place the pressure relief valve com-

BREVA V1100 Engine

ponents correctly.

Screw the pressure relief valve plug.





 In case of overpressure, the engine oil goes back into the oil sump through the hole indicated in the picture.



• Place the thermostatic valve.



CHECK THAT THE ENGINE OIL PASSAGE HOLE IS NOT CLOGGED.



• Tighten the thermostatic valve plug.

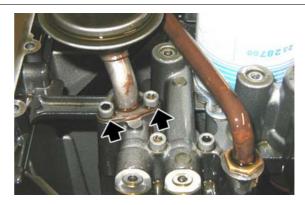
Engine BREVA V1100



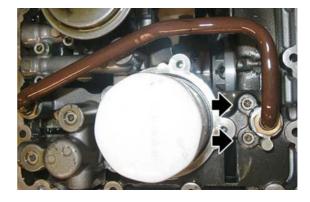
 Place a new gasket and refit the black flange.



 Place a new gasket and refit the mesh filter tightening the two screws.



• Tighten the two screws.



- Place the oil sump cover.
- Tighten the four screws.

BREVA V1100 Engine

- Refit the oil sump on the base.
- Fill engine oil up to the correct level.



Blow-by

 Loosen the oil return pipe sealing joint and remove the oil return pipe from the crankcase.



• Remove the clamp.



 Release the two straps retaining the oil breather pipe.



Engine BREVA V1100

Remove the two oil breather pipes.



- Unscrew and remove the oil return pipe positioning screw.
- Release the oil return pipe



Remove the complete blow-by system.



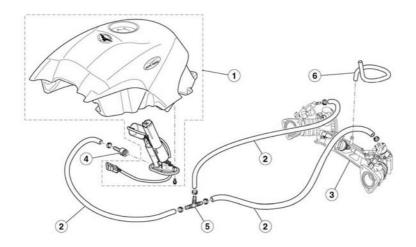
INDEX OF TOPICS

POWER SUPPLY

INJEC

Power supply BREVA V1100

Circuit diagram



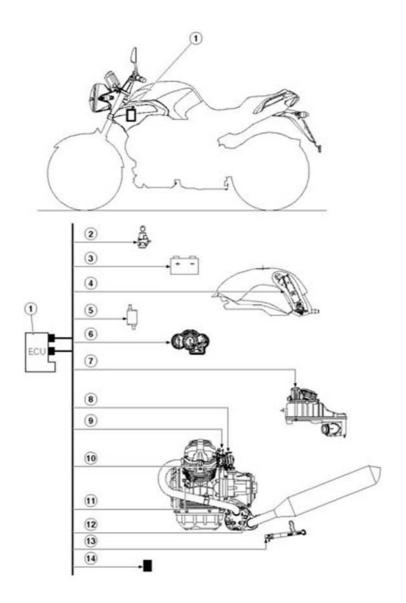
Key:

- 1. Fuel tank assembly
- 2. Fuel pipe
- 3. Throttle body
- 4. Joint
- 5. Three-way joint
- 6. Pipe

Injection

Diagram

BREVA V1100 Power supply



Key:

- 1. Control unit
- 2. Ignition switch
- 3. Battery
- 4. Fuel pump
- 5. Coils
- 6. Instrument panel
- 7. Air temperature sensor
- 8. Throttle valve position sensor
- 9. Injectors
- 10. Engine temperature sensor
- 11. Crankshaft position sensor
- 12. Lambda probe

Power supply BREVA V1100

- 13. Side stand
- 14. Fall sensor

Cylinders synchronisation

With engine off, connect the Axone
 2000 tool to the diagnosis connector
 and to the vehicle battery.





- Turn on the scanner.
- Screw the joints connecting the vacuometer pipes on the inlet pipe holes.
- Connect the vacuometer pipes to the relative joints.
- Set the key to ON.
- Make sure there are no errors in the control unit; otherwise, solve them and repeat the procedure.
- Make sure the left throttle is fully in.



DO NOT TOUCH THE THROTTLE ABUTMENT SCREW OR THE THROTTLE BODY MUST BE REPLACED. CHECK THAT THE THROTTLE RETURN CABLE IS NOT TAUT.



• The Axone should display the adjustable parameters screen.

BREVA V1100 Power supply

- Autodetect the throttle position.
- Turn the key to "OFF" and leave it for at least 30 seconds.
- Turn the key back to "ON" and restore the Axone session.
- Check that the "Throttle" value reading is 4.7 +/- 0.2°. If the value is incorrect, replace the control unit and repeat the procedure from the start.
- Completely close the two by-pass screws on the throttle bodies.
- Start the engine.
- Take the engine to the prescribe temperature: 60 °C (140 °F).
- Make the engine rev at 2000/3000
 rpm and with the vacuometer check
 that the difference between the two
 pressures is maximum 1 cm Hg (1.33
 kPa).

If this condition is detected:

take the engine back to idle and check
the depression values so that they are
aligned between the two cylinders.
Otherwise, open only the screw with
higher depression, using the by-pass
screws, to compensate.





If there is a larger difference:

- work on the set screw of the throttle body connecting rod to reduce the pressure difference in the two pipes.
- Repeat the procedure "Throttle position autodetection" as explained above.



Power supply BREVA V1100

- Bring the engine back to idle and check the depression values so that they are aligned between the two cylinders.
- Otherwise, open only the screw with higher depression, using the by-pass screws, to compensate.

Recovery function

If the signal of the following sensors is interrupted, the control unit determines some values to keep the engine running or it uses a different parameter. The instrument panel and the Axone also signal the problem.

RECOVERY FUNCTION

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|------------------------------|---|
| air temperature | 25 °C (77 °F) |
| engine temperature | 30 °C (86 °F) with linear increase from the air temperature at ig- nition |
| barometric pressure | 1010 hPa |
| throttle valve potentiometer | 2.9° at idle, otherwise variable. |
| idle motor | fixed value variable depending on the vehicle |

Using axone for injection system

Injection

Iso screen page

ISO

This display shows general data regarding the control unit, for example software type, mapping, control unit programming date



BREVA V1100 Power supply

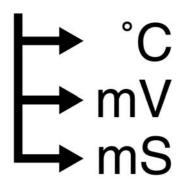
ISO DISPLAY

| IOO DIOI LAT | |
|---------------|----------------|
| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
| Mapping | - |

Engine parameter reading screen page

ENGINE PARAMETER READING

This display shows the parameters measured by the several sensors (engine revs, engine temperature, ...) or values set by the control unit (injection time, ignition advance, ...)



ENGINE PARAMETER READING DISPLAY

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|----------------------|---|
| Engine revs | Engine revolutions per minute: the minimum value is set by the control unit cannot be adjusted |
| Injection time | - ms |
| Ignition advance | - ° |
| Air temperature | °C Temperature of the air taken in by the engine, measured by the sensor in the filter casing. This is not the temperature indicated by the instrument panel |
| Engine temperature | °C |
| Battery voltage | V |
| Throttle | Value corresponding to the throttle when closed (approximate value between 4.5 and 4.9°) (left throttle supported by the end of stroke screw). If a different value is read, it is necessary to activate the parameter "Throttle positioner autodetection" and obtain this value. |
| Atmospheric pressure | 1015 mPa (approximate values) The sensor is inside the instrument panel |
| Lambda probe | 100 - 900 mV (approximate values) Signal when energised that the control unit receives from the lambda probe: inversely proportional to the presence of oxygen |
| Lambda integrator | When the control unit uses the lambda probe sig- |

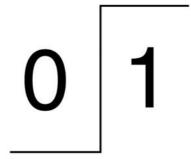
Power supply BREVA V1100

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| | nal (see the 'Lambda' parameter on the 'Device status' display) this value should be close to 0% |
| Vehicle speed | - km/h |
| Target engine revs | 1150 rpm (approximate values) Parameter valid at idle, setting depends especially on the engine temperature: the control unit will try to keep the engine running at this revs, acting on the ignition advance and the stepper motor |
| Stepper base | 70 - 100 (approximate values) Steps corresponding to the stepper motor reference position |
| CL stepper | 70 - 150 (approximate values) Steps set by the control unit for the stepper motor. At idle, steps so that the engine keeps the target engine revs set by the control unit |
| Stepper regulator | Difference between current steps of motor at idle and those at the reference position |
| Virtual throttle angle from stepper | 0° With engine not at idle speed, this value indicates the throttle degrees corresponding to the stepper motor air flow |

Device status screen page

DEVICE STATUS

This display show the status (ON/OFF only) of the vehicle devices or the operation condition of some vehicle systems (for example, lambda probe functioning)



DEVICE STATUS

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|-------------------|--|
| Engine status | ON/run/power-latch/stopped operation conditions |
| Throttle position | Released / pressed indicates if the throttle potentiometer is open or closed |
| Stand | Retracted / expanded |
| | |

BREVA V1100 Power supply

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|-------------------|--|
| | indicates the position of the side stand (only with gear engaged) |
| Ignition | Enabled / disabled indicates if the control unit consents engine start-up |
| RUN / STOP switch | Run / stop indicates the position of the safety switch |
| Clutch | No / Yes indicates the clutch sensor status |
| Gear engaged | No / Yes indicates the gear sensor status |
| Fall sensor | Normal / Tip over indicates the vehicle fall sensor status |
| Lambda | Open loop / Closed loop Indicates if the control unit is using (CLOSED) the lambda probe signal to keep the stoichiometric combustion. At idle CLOSED only if: Air T over 20°C (68°F) and engine T over 30°C (86°F) and engine on for at least 2-3 minutes |
| Synchronisation | Synchronised / Not synchronised Indicates if the control unit detects the revolution sensor signal correctly |

Devices activation screen page

DEVICES ACTIVATION

This displays is used to delete errors in the control unit memory and activate some systems controlled by the control unit



DEVICE ACTIVATION

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|-----------------|---|
| Left coil | operation for 2.5 m, 5 times |
| Right coil | operation for 2.5 m, 5 times |
| Left injector | Operation for 4 m, 5 times |
| Right injector | Operation for 4 m, 5 times |
| Deleting errors | By pressing the 'enter' button, the stored errors |

Power supply BREVA V1100

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|-----------------|--|
| | (MEM) become part of the historical data (STO). In the next connection between the Axone and the control unit, the historical errors (STO) are no longer shown |
| Fuel pump | Operation for 30" |
| Stepper control | For 4", advancement control of 32 steps; for the next 4", retrocession control of 32 steps and so on for 30" |

Errors display screen page

ERRORS DISPLAY

This displays shows potential errors detected in the vehicle (ATT) or stored in the control unit (MEM) and it is possible to check error deletion (STO)



ERROR DISPLAY

| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Pressure sensor | Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit: recovery function noticeable for customer. Careful with the air pressure sensor in the instrument panel |
| Air temperature | Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit: recovery function hardly noticeable for customer. |
| Engine temperature | Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit: recovery function. |
| Throttle actuator position sensor | Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit: recovery function noticeable for customer. |
| Lambda probe | Possible short circuit on the earth lead, battery or open circuit or plausibility: recovery function hardly noticeable for customer. |
| Left injector | Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit. If both injectors do not work, the engine does not work |
| Right injector | Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit. If both injectors do not work, the en- |

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BREVA V1100 Power supply

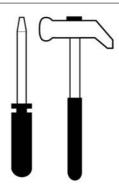
| Specification | Desc./Quantity |
|--------------------------|--|
| | gine does not work |
| Fuel pump relay | Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit: the engine does not start. |
| Left coil | Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit. If both coils do not work, the engine does not work. |
| Right coil | Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit. If both coils do not work, the engine does not work. |
| Idle regulator | Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit: recovery function noticeable for the customer due to no idle management |
| Battery voltage | Battery voltage detected is too low (7V) or too high (16V) for a certain period |
| Starter diagnosis | Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or open circuit. |
| Engine revolution sensor | Possible open circuit. |
| Lambda heater | Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or lambda probe heating circuit open. |
| Speed sensor | Possible short circuit in the earth lead, battery or speed sensor circuit open: also possible lack of supply from the control unit |
| CAN line diagnosis | Possible error on the CAN line: short circuit or line break or no signal or plausibility error detected. |
| RAM memory | Possible internal control unit error. Also check the control unit supply and earth connections |
| ROM memory | Possible internal control unit error. Also check the control unit supply and earth connections |
| Microprocessor | Possible internal control unit error. Also check the control unit supply and earth connections |
| Checksum eprom | Possible internal control unit error. Also check the control unit supply and earth connections |

Adjustable parameters screen page

ADJUSTABLE PARAMETERS

This display is used to adjust some control unit parameters

Power supply BREVA V1100



ADJUSTABLE PARAMETERS

Specification

Desc./Quantity

Throttle positioner autodetection Allows the control unit to

Allows the control unit to detect the closed throttle position: just press the enter button

INDEX OF TOPICS

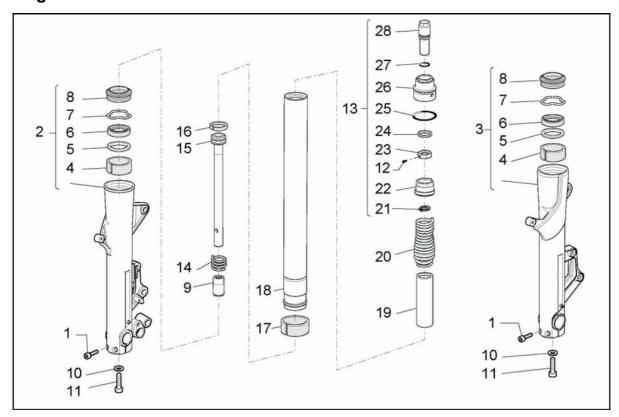
Suspensions

Suspensions BREVA V1100

Front

Front fork

Diagram



KEY:

- 1. Screw
- 2. Right sleeve
- 3. Left sleeve
- 4. Upper bushing
- **5**. Cap
- 6. Sealing ring
- 7. Locking ring
- 8. Dust guard
- 9. Buffer
- 10. Washer
- 11. Screw
- **12.** Pin

BREVA V1100 Suspensions

- 13. Complete cover
- 14. Counter spring
- **15.** Complete pumping member
- **16.** Ring
- 17. Lower bushing
- **18.** Stem
- 19. Preload tube
- 20. Spring
- 21. Locking ring
- 22. Bushing
- 23. Nut
- 24. Fifth wheel
- 25. O-Ring
- 26. Cap body
- 27. O-Ring
- 28. Rigging pin

Removing the fork legs

 Undo the screws fixing the front mudguard and remove it.



- Unscrew the speed sensor screw, remove the clamps from the cable harness.
- Remove the speed sensor.



Suspensions BREVA V1100

 Undo the screws fixing the front brake callipers and remove them from their seat.



- Support the front part of the vehicle.
- Remove the nut fixing the wheel pin.
- Collect the sealing washer.



Loosen the screws on the wheel pin terminals.



 Hit the wheel pin slightly with a rubber hammer so that the hole on the opposite side is exposed.



 Remove the wheel pin by inserting a screwdriver in the holes on the pin. BREVA V1100 Suspensions



 During extraction, support the wheel and then remove it.



 Collect the spacer from the front wheel right side.



 Support the fork stem and loosen the screws on the upper and then the lower plate.



Suspensions BREVA V1100



Remove the fork stem.



Draining oil

To drain out the oil follow these operations:

- · Remove the fork.
- Unscrew the complete upper closing cap. Pay attention to the possible thrust that the spring can cause to the loosened cap.
- Be careful not damage the O-Ring during extraction.
- Press the stem inside the wheel holder sleeve.
- Remove the spring.
- Be careful not damage the O-Ring during extraction.





BREVA V1100 Suspensions

- Press the stem inside the wheel holder sleeve.
- Remove the spring.



- Drain out all the oil inside the stem.
- Collect the preload tube.



NOTE

FOR EASY DRAINAGE OF THE OIL INSIDE THE PUMPING MEMBER ROD, PRESS THE STEM IN THE WHEEL HOLDER SLEEVE TO PUMP OIL OUT.



- Carefully check each part of the stem and make sure that there are no damaged elements.
- If there are no damaged or worn elements, refill the stem; otherwise, replace the damaged elements.

Disassembling the fork

- Drain out all the oil in the stem.
- Block the wheel holder sleeve with a vice.
- Undo the bottom screw and remove it together with its gasket.

Suspensions BREVA V1100



 Remove the dust scraper using a screwdriver as a lever.

CAUTION

BE CAREFUL NOT TO DAMAGE THE SLEEVE RIM AND THE DUST SCRAPER.





 Remove the locking ring inside the sleeve using a thin screwdriver.

CAUTION

BE CAREFUL NOT TO DAMAGE THE SLEEVE RIM.



 Slide off the stem from the wheel holder sleeve together with the lower bushing, sealing ring, cap, upper BREVA V1100 Suspensions

bushing and the entire pumping member.

NOTE

WHEN REMOVING THE STEM FROM THE WHEEL HOLDER SLEEVE SOME PARTS MAY REMAIN INSIDE THE SLEEVE. IF THIS OCCURS, THESE PARTS MUST BE REMOVED AFTERWARDS, BEING CAREFUL NOT TO DAMAGE THE SLEEVE RIM AND THE UPPER BUSHING SEAT









Checking the components

Stem

Check the sliding surface for scorings and/or scratches.

These scorings can be eliminated rubbing with wet sandpaper (grain 1).

Suspensions BREVA V1100

If the scorings are deep, replace the stem.

Use a dial gauge to check that the stem bending is below the limit value.

If over the value, replace the stem.

CAUTION

A BENT STEM SHOULD NEVER BE STRAIGHTENED BECAUSE ITS STRUCTURE WOULD BE WEAKENED AND USING THE VEHICLE MAY BECOME DANGEROUS.

Characteristic

Bending limit:

0.2 mm (0.00787 in)

Sleeve

Check that there are no damages and/or cracks; otherwise, replace it.

Spring

Check the spring is in good conditions.

Check the following components are in good conditions:

· upper bushing;



- lower bushing;
- pumping member.

If there are signs of excessive wear or damage, replace the affected component.

CAUTION

REMOVE ANY IMPURITY IN THE BUSHINGS, TAKING CARE NOT TO SCRATCH THEIR SURFACE.

Replace the following components with new ones:

sealing ring;

BREVA V1100 Suspensions



dust guard;



• O-Ring on the cap.



Reassembling the fork

CAUTION

ALL COMPONENTS MUST BE CAREFULLY WASHED AND DRIED WITH COMPRESSED AIR BEFORE REFITTING.

- Carry out any necessary service operation.
- On the stem, fit the entire pumping unit together with counter spring and ring.

Suspensions BREVA V1100



 Check that the upper guide bushing is fitted on the wheel holder fork leg.



- Insert the lower sliding bushing in the seat on the stem.
- Refit the stem in the wheel holder fork leg pressing it until it stops.



 Screw the bottom screw and tighten it to the prescribed torque.



 Insert the cap and the well lubricated sealing ring in the stem. BREVA V1100 Suspensions

 Use a suitable inserting tool to push the sealing ring in the fork leg until it stops.





• Fit the locking ring.



- Fit the dust scraper.
- Pour oil into the stem so that it also fills the internal grooves of pumping member rod.
- Pump with the stem, making sure the oil has filled the pumping member rod completely.
- Insert the spring and the preload tube.
- Place the cap on the stem, taking care not to damage the O-ring.
- Tighten the cap to the prescribed



Suspensions BREVA V1100

torque.

Filling oil

- Block the wheel holder sleeve in a vice.
- Pour oil into the stem.
- Pump the stem, making sure the oil has completely filled the pumping member rod.

Characteristic

Oil quantity (for each stem):

 $400 \pm 2.5 \text{ cm}^3 (24.4 \pm 0.15 \text{ cu.in}).$



• Insert the preload tube and the spring.





 Place the cap on the bearing tube, taking care not to damage the O-ring.



BREVA V1100 Suspensions

• Tighten the cap to the prescribed torque.



Installing the fork legs

Insert the fork stem in position.



• Insert the wheel pin so that the stems are aligned.



 Tighten the screws on the fork plates to the prescribed torque.



Suspensions BREVA V1100



- Remove the wheel pin
- Place the right side wheel with spacer.
- Insert the pin.



Tighten the terminal screws (nut side)
 to lock the wheel pin



- Insert the sealing washer on the wheel pin.
- Tighten the nut fixing the wheel pin to the prescribed torque
- Make sure the stems are aligned making the fork work.



• Tighten the terminal screws that lock the wheel pin to the prescribed torque.

BREVA V1100 Suspensions



 Fit the brake callipers tightening the fixing screws to the prescribed torque.

CAUTION

AFTER FITTING THE BRAKE CALLIPERS, OP-ERATE THE FRONT BRAKE LEVER SEVERAL TIMES



- Fit the speed sensor.
- Tighten the speed sensor screw.
- Secure the speed sensor cable harness with clamps.



• Fit the front mud guard.



Steering bearing

Suspensions BREVA V1100

Adjusting play

 Unscrew the upper bolt on the headstock.



 Operating on both half-handlebars, remove the lower fastening screw to the fork plate.



- Operating on both half-handlebars, remove the two upper fastening screws to the fork plate.
- Remove both half-handlebars but keep them connected to the cables.



 Operating from both sides, remove the fastening screw of the front cowl under the instrument panel.



• Lift the front cowl towards the instru-

BREVA V1100 Suspensions

ment panel being careful not to force the hazard button and the temperature sensor cables.



 Remove the upper screw fastening the light holder fitting.



 Operating from both sides, remove the screw fastening the light holder fitting to the lower fork plate.

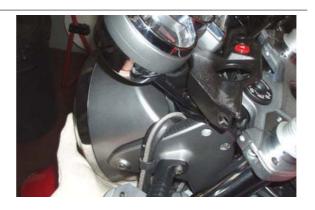


 Operating from both sides, remove the screw fixing the fork stems to the upper plate.



 Move the light holder fitting a few centimetres forward, together with the Suspensions BREVA V1100

headlamp and instrument panel.



 Slide off the fork upper plate moving it towards the instrument panel.



 Rivet the safety washer on the headstock.

CAUTION

UPON REFITTING REPLACE THE SAFETY WASHER WITH A NEW ONE.



Unscrew the upper ring nut.

CAUTION

UPON REFITTING TIGHTEN THE UPPER RING NUT MANUALLY AND THEN FORCE IT SLIGHTLY UNTIL THE NOTCHES ARE ALIGNED WITH THE RING NUTS.



Remove the safety washer.

BREVA V1100 Suspensions



 Adjust the preloading of the steering bearings with the special tool.

NOTE

GET THE ADEQUATE SPECIAL TOOL.

Specific tooling

AP8140190 Tool for steering tightening



Suspensions BREVA V1100

INDEX OF TOPICS

CHASSIS

Swinging arm

Removing

- To remove the fork, first remove both footrest supporting plates and the exhaust silencer.
- Slide off the rear brake calliper from the disc and release the brake pipe.
- Remove the cover.



- Engage first gear.
- Unscrew and remove the four screws, collecting the spacers and the antidust ring.



 Unscrew and remove the fixing nut of the connecting rod assembly and collect the screw.



- Unscrew and remove the fixing nut of the reinforcing bar.
- Remove the screw.
- Fix the reinforcing bar to the chassis with a clamp.



 Remove the clamp from the dust guard cap.



Loosen the two fork terminal screws.



• Loosen the ring nut.

Specific tooling

05.91.26.30 Tool to tighten the fork pin ring nut



 Helped by a second operator, remove the pin and remove the fork with

cardan shaft.



Checking

- Check that the universal joint is not damaged, the gear teeth inserting in the sleeve grooves and the grooves on the joint are not deformed or damaged; otherwise, replace the joint.
- Check that the rubber bellows are not cut or pierced; otherwise, replace it.
- Check that the fork pin threads and the fork fixing nuts are not damaged, deformed or flattened; otherwise, replace them.
- Check that the sleeve grooves are not damaged, deformed or deteriorated; otherwise, replace the sleeve.
- Check that the sleeve outer toothing and grooves are not damaged.



Installing

- Spread a thin layer of lubricating grease all along the fork pin.
- Fit the ring nut in the fork pin and screw it manually.



- Working on both sides, grease the cardan shaft cables with the recommended product from the recommended products table.
- Block the fork, insert the universal joint, align the holes and, at the same time, helped by a second operator, insert the pin completely.
- Tighten the fork pin.



• Use the suitable box-spanner to tighten the ring nut.

Specific tooling

05.91.26.30 Tool to tighten the fork pin ring nut



• Tighten the two fork terminal screws.



- Fit the dust guard cap in the gearbox.
- Lock the dust guard cap with a new clamp.



- Place the reinforcing bar in its seat.
- Insert the screw.
- Screw the fixing nut of the reinforcing.



- Place the connecting rod assembly on the fork.
- Insert the screw.
- Tighten the fixing nut of the connecting rod assembly.



 Place the anti-dust ring between the rim and the cardan shaft taking care to mount it with the collar facing the transmission unit.



- Place the rear wheel on the fork.
- Tighten the four screws with their

- spacers and the anti-dust ring.
- Place the cover.
- Place the rear brake calliper on the disc and the brake pipe on the fork.



Bevel gears

Removing

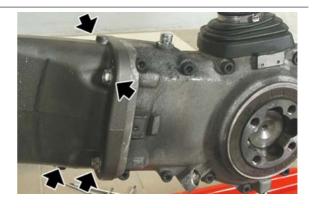
 To remove the gearbox, first remove the exhaust silencer and the rear wheel.



- Unscrew and remove the fixing nut of the reinforcing bar.
- Remove the screw.
- Fix the reinforcing bar to the chassis with a clamp.



• Unscrew and remove the four screws.



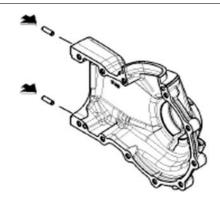
 Remove the transmission casing sliding off the universal joint.



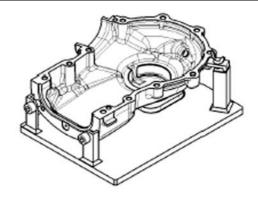
Checking

Casing unit fitting

Assemble the dowel pins to the casing with the buffer and a hammer.



Assemble the casing to the special fastening tool. Clean the casing faying surfaces carefully.



Heat the casing.



Insert the support group in the casing.



Assemble the cap and the ring.



Fit the cap on the support.

Fit the clamp.



Screw the clamp with the specific pliers.



Apply the prescribed sealant to the casing.



Fit a new sealing ring using the buffer. Lubricate the sealing ring.

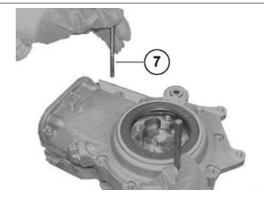


Assemble two centring stud bolts with M8 thread in the threaded holes of the casing as shown in the picture.



Fit the casing.

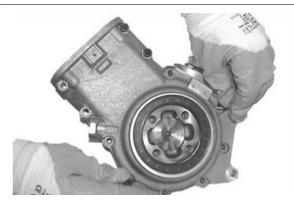
Remove the two dowel pins.



Assemble the fixing screws (7).

Tighten the screws (7) to the prescribed torque.

Remove excessive sealant.



Assemble the ring to the casing.



Tighten the fixing screws to the prescribed torque.



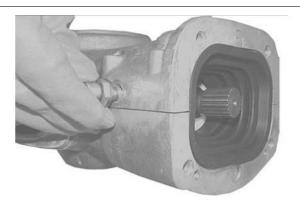
Fit the cap with the washer.

Screw the cap to the prescribed torque.



Fit the breather with the washer.

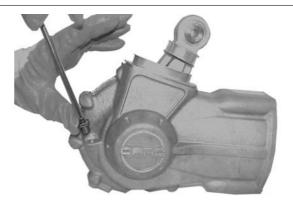
Screw the breather to the prescribed torque.



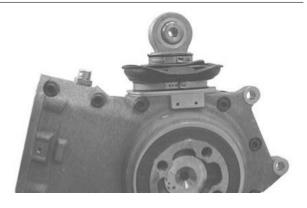
Fill the transmission with the prescribed oil.

Fit the cap with the washer.

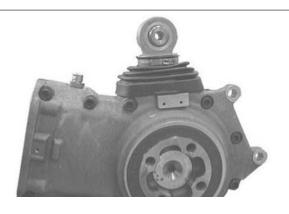
Screw the cap to the prescribed torque.



Assemble the cap with the clamps.



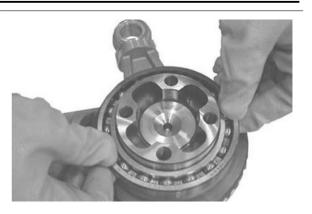
Fit the cap in its seat.



Wheel axle unit

REMOVAL

Remove the bearing from the wheel axle with a suitable extractor.



Turn the unit over.

Remove the bearing from the wheel axle with a suitable extractor.



FITTING

Heat the bearings to 100°C (212 °F).



Assemble the bearings to the wheel axle.



Turn the unit over.

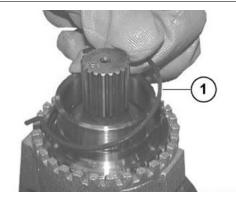
Assemble the bearings to the wheel axle.



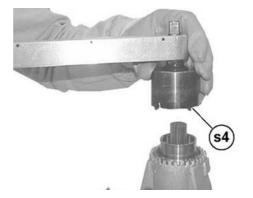
Pinion unit

REMOVAL

Remove the stop ring (1) from the ring nut.



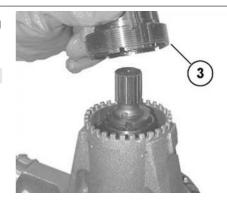
Unscrew the ring nut (2) with the special spanner (s4).



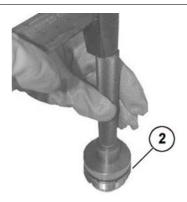
Remove the ring nut (2) and remove the sealing ring from the ring nut.

NOTE

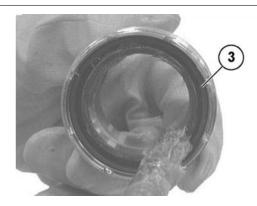
THIS OPERATION DESTROYS THE SEALING RING.



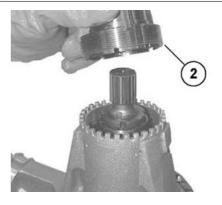
Assemble the sealing ring (3) to the ring nut (2) with the buffer CA715855 (see Fig.1) and a hammer.



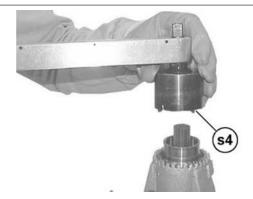
Lubricate the sealing ring (3).



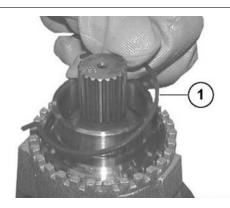
Assemble the ring nut (2).



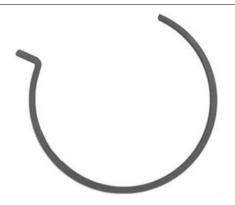
Tighten the ring nut (2) with the special spanner (s4) to the prescribe torque.



Insert the stop ring (1) in the ring nut (2) in the indicated direction.

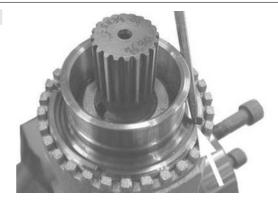


Assembly position of the stop ring (1).

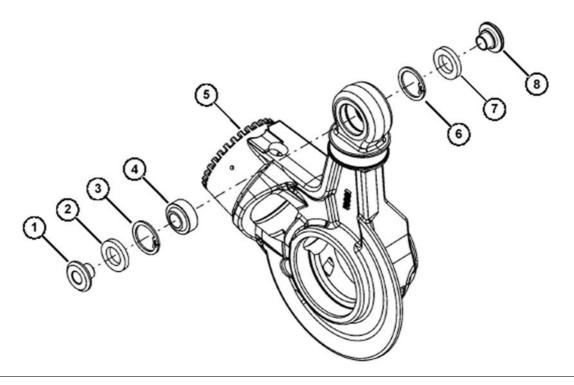


CAUTION

MAKE SURE THE STOP RING IS IN ITS SEAT.



Support unit



REMOVAL

Remove the bushing (1) with a punch.

Turn the support (5) over and remove the other bushing (8).

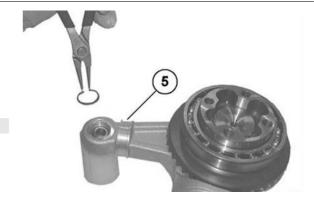


Remove the sealing rings (2) and (7) with a screwdriver.

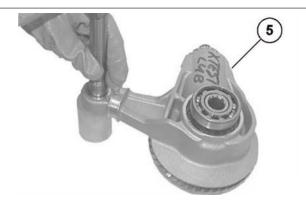
Remove the stop rings (3) and (6) from the support (5) with suitable pliers.

NOTE

THIS OPERATION DESTROYS THE SEALING RING.

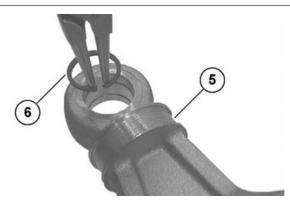


Remove the ball joint (4) with a suitable buffer and a rubber hammer.



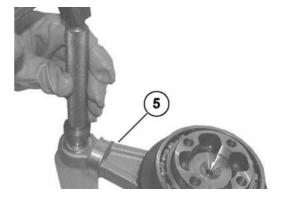
FITTING

Fit the stop ring (6) in the support (5) with suitable pliers.

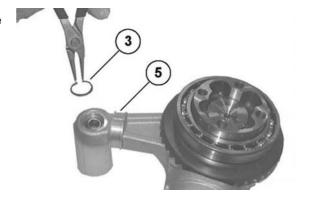


Turn the support (5) over.

Assemble the ball joint (4) with the buffer and a rubber hammer.



Fit the stop ring (3) in the support (5) with suitable pliers.



Manually assemble the new sealing rings (2) and

(7).

Assemble the bushing (1).

CICL - 18

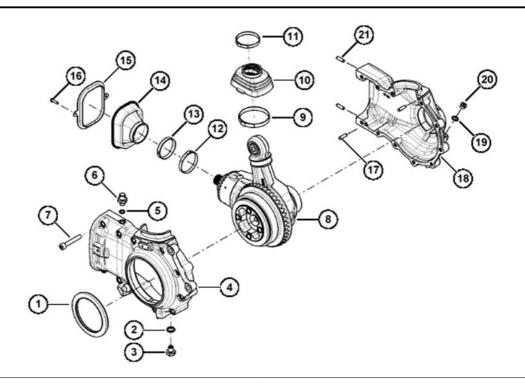


Drive the bushing (1) in with a plastic hammer.

Turn the support (5) over and assemble the other bushing (8).



Casing unit removal

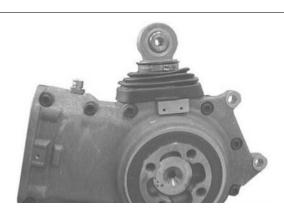


Remove the cover (20).

Remove the plug (3) to drain out the oil.

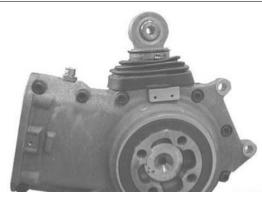


Lift the cap (10).



Remove the clamps (9) and (11).

Remove the cap (14).



Remove the screws (16).

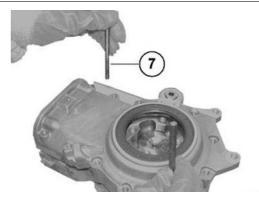


Collect the ring (15).



Remove the screws (7).

Remove the casing (4).



Remove the clamp (12).



Remove the cap (14).



Collect the ring (13).



Remove the support unit (8).



TROUBLESHOOTING

| Possible Cause | Operation |
|---|--|
| Fitting error of the radial seal or seal damaged Sliding surface of the wheel axle seal spoiled or damaged | Replace the sealing ring and fit it correctly with the suitable tool Replace the wheel axle |
| Casing not sealed 2. Closing screws of the casing shells not tightened to the prescribed torque. | Open the casing shells, clean the surfaces, seal it and reassemble the casing Tighten the closing screws to the correct torque |
| Dirt between sealing ring and casing 2. Worn sealing ring fitted 3. Plug not tightened to the prescribed torque | Clean and tighten to the correct torque Replace the sealing ring Tighten the plug to the correct torque |
| Damaged cap 2. Retaining clamps or closing cover slacken 3. Fitting error of the radial seal or seal damaged 4. Sliding surface of the wheel spacer seal spoiled or damaged | Replace the cap Screw the clamp with suitable pliers Replace the sealing ring and fit it correctly with the suitable tool Replace the spacer |
| Cap damaged 2. Internal retaining clamp or external closing clamp loose | Replace the cap Screw the internal or external clamp with suitable pliers |
| Bevel gear pair fitting error 2. Bevel gear pair toothing spoiled or damaged | 1. Replace the bevel gear pair |
| 1. Ball bearings on the wheel axle damaged | 1. Replace the wheel bearings |

Installing

 Insert the transmission casing on the fork making sure that the universal joint engages correctly.



 Tighten the four screws to the prescribed torque operating diagonally.



- Place the reinforcing bar in its seat.
- Insert the screw.
- Tighten the reinforcing bar fixing nut.



 Place the anti-dust ring between the rim and the cardan shaft taking care to mount it with the collar facing the transmission unit.



- Place the rear wheel on the fork.
- Tighten the four screws with their spacers and the anti-dust ring.
- Place the cover.
- Place the rear brake calliper on the disc and the brake pipe on the fork.



INDEX OF TOPICS

BRAKING SYSTEM

BRAK SYS

Braking system BREVA V1100

Front brake pads

Removal

Turn the pins and remove both split pins.



• Remove both pins.



• Remove the damping plate.



• Extract one pad at a time.

CAUTION

AFTER REMOVING THE PADS, DO NOT OP-ERATE THE BRAKE CONTROL LEVER OR THE CALLIPER PLUNGERS COULD GO OUT OF THEIR SEATS RESULTING IN BRAKE FLU- BREVA V1100 Braking system

ID LEAKAGE.



Rear brake pads

Removal

- Unscrew and remove the two screws.
- Remove the brake calliper from the disc.
- Turn the pin and remove the split pin.
- Remove the split pin.





• Remove the pin.



Extract one pad at a time.

CAUTION

AFTER REMOVING THE PADS, DO NOT OPERATE THE BRAKE CONTROL LEVER OR THE CALLIPER PLUNGERS COULD GO OUT OF THEIR SEATS RESULTING IN BRAKE FLUID LEAKAGE.

Insert two new pads, placing them so that the holes are aligned with the calliper holes.

CAUTION

ALWAYS REPLACE BOTH PADS AND MAKE SURE THEY ARE CORRECTLY POSITIONED IN-SIDE THE CALLIPER.

- Insert the pin.
- Place the split pin.
- Check the brake fluid level in the reservoir.



Bleeding the braking system

Front

If there is air in the hydraulic system, it acts as a bearing, absorbing a large part of the pressure from the brake pump and minimising calliper efficiency during braking.

The presence of air is signalled by the "sponginess" of the brake control and poor braking efficiency.





CONSIDERING THE DANGER FOR VEHICLE
AND RIDER, IT IS STRICTLY NECESSARY,
AFTER REFITTING BRAKES AND RESTORING

BREVA V1100 Braking system

THE BREAKING SYSTEM TO THE REGULAR USE CONDITIONS, THAT THE HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT BE AIR PURGED.

NOTE

THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS REFER TO ONLY ONE FRONT BRAKE CALLIPER BUT APPLY TO BOTH CALLIPERS. THE VEHICLE MUST BE ON LEVEL GROUND TO BE PURGED. WHILE PURGING THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM, FILL THE RESERVOIR WITH THE NECESSARY QUANTITY OF BRAKE FLUID. CHECK THAT, DURING THE OPERATION, THERE IS ALWAYS BRAKE FLUID IN THE RESERVOIR.

- Remove the protection rubber cover from the bleed valve.
- Insert a transparent plastic pipe in the front brake calliper bleed valve and insert the other end of this tube into a container to collect the fluid.
- Quickly operate and release the front brake lever several times, keeping it completely twisted afterwards.
- Loosen the bleed valve 1/4 of a turn so that the brake fluid flows into the container. This will release tension on the brake lever and will make it go to the end of stroke.
- Close the bleed valve again before the lever reaches the end of the stroke.
- Repeat the operation until the fluid draining into the container is completely free of air bubbles.



NOTE

WHILE PURGING THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM,
FILL THE RESERVOIR WITH THE NECESSARY QUANTITY OF BRAKE FLUID. CHECK
THAT, DURING THE OPERATION, THERE IS
ALWAYS BRAKE FLUID IN THE RESERVOIR.

- Screw the bleed valve and remove the pipe.
- Top up restoring the correct brake fluid level in the reservoir.
- Refit the rubber protection cap.

If there is air in the hydraulic system, it acts as a bearing, absorbing a large part of the pressure from the brake pump and minimising calliper efficiency during braking.

The presence of air is signalled by the "sponginess" of the brake control and poor braking efficiency.





CONSIDERING THE DANGER FOR VEHICLE
AND RIDER, IT IS STRICTLY NECESSARY,
AFTER REFITTING BRAKES AND RESTORING
THE BREAKING SYSTEM TO THE REGULAR
USE CONDITIONS, THAT THE HYDRAULIC
CIRCUIT BE AIR PURGED.

NOTE

THE FOLLOWING OPERATIONS REFER TO ONLY ONE FRONT BRAKE CALLIPER BUT APPLY TO BOTH CALLIPERS. THE VEHICLE MUST BE ON LEVEL GROUND TO BE PURGED. WHILE PURGING THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM, FILL THE RESERVOIR WITH THE NECESSARY QUANTITY OF BRAKE FLUID. CHECK THAT, DURING THE OPERATION, THERE IS ALWAYS BRAKE FLUID IN THE

BREVA V1100 Braking system

RESERVOIR.

- Remove the protection rubber cover from the bleed valve.
- Insert a transparent plastic pipe in the front brake calliper bleed valve and insert the other end of this tube into a container to collect the fluid.
- Quickly operate and release the front brake lever several times, keeping it completely twisted afterwards.
- Loosen the bleed valve 1/4 of a turn so that the brake fluid flows into the container. This will release tension on the brake lever and will make it go to the end of stroke.
- Close the bleed valve again before the lever reaches the end of the stroke.
- Repeat the operation until the fluid draining into the container is completely free of air bubbles.

NOTE

WHILE PURGING THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM,
FILL THE RESERVOIR WITH THE NECESSARY QUANTITY OF BRAKE FLUID. CHECK
THAT, DURING THE OPERATION, THERE IS
ALWAYS BRAKE FLUID IN THE RESERVOIR.

- Screw the bleed valve and remove the pipe.
- Top up restoring the correct brake fluid level in the reservoir.
- Refit the rubber protection cap.

Rear - combined

If there is air in the hydraulic system, it acts as a bearing, absorbing a large part of the pressure from the brake pump and minimising calliper efficiency during braking.



The presence of air is signalled by the "sponginess" of the brake control and poor braking efficiency.

CAUTION

CONSIDERING THE DANGER FOR VEHICLE AND RIDER, IT IS STRICTLY NECESSARY,
AFTER REFITTING BRAKES AND RESTORING THE BREAKING SYSTEM TO THE REGULAR
USE CONDITIONS, THAT THE HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT BE AIR PURGED.

THE VEHICLE MUST BE ON LEVEL GROUND TO BE PURGED. WHILE PURGING THE HY-DRAULIC SYSTEM, FILL THE RESERVOIR WITH THE NECESSARY QUANTITY OF BRAKE FLUID. CHECK THAT, DURING THE OPERATION, THERE IS ALWAYS BRAKE FLUID IN THE RESERVOIR.

- Remove the rubber protection cover from the bleed valve.
- Insert a transparent plastic pie in the rear brake calliper bleed valve and insert the other end of this tube in a container to collect the fluid.
- Quickly operate and release the rear brake lever several times, keeping it completely twisted afterwards.
- Loosen the bleed valve 1/4 of a turn so that the brake fluid flows into the container. This will release the tension on the brake lever and will make it go to end of stroke.
- Close the bleed valve again before the lever reaches the end of the stroke.
- Repeat the operation until the fluid draining into the container is completely free of air bubbles.

NOTE

WHILE PURGING THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM,
FILL THE RESERVOIR WITH THE NECESSARY QUANTITY OF BRAKE FLUID CHECK
THAT, DURING THE OPERATION, THERE IS
ALWAYS BRAKE FLUID IN THE RESERVOIR.







- Screw the bleed valve and remove the pipe.
- Top up restoring the correct brake fluid level in the reservoir.
- Refit the rubber protection cover.

INDEX OF TOPICS

CHASSIS

Chassis BREVA V1100

Air box

- Remove the fuel tank.
- Disconnect the connector from the air temperature sensor.



• Remove the oil breather pipe.



 Unscrew and remove the two screws from the oil vapour recovery reservoir.



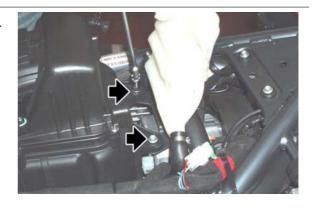
 Unscrew and remove the tube guide screw on the air filter casing.



BREVA V1100 Chassis

Move the oil vapour recovery reservoir aside.

 Unscrew and remove the two front screws from the air filter casing.



 Operating from both sides, loosen the clamp and slide off the sleeve from the throttle body.



- Lift the air filter casing and slide off the fuel depression pipe.
- Remove the air filter casing.



Fuel tank

- Remove the saddle.
- Operating from both sides, unscrew and remove the screw.

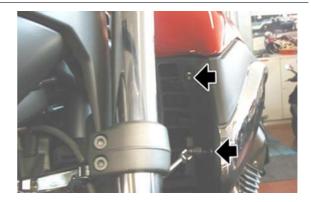


Chassis BREVA V1100

 Operating from both sides, lift the side fairing to remove it and slide it off the pin.



 Operating from both sides, unscrew and remove the two front screws.



• Unscrew and remove the rear screw.



 Lift the fuel tank and remove the pipes from the "T" joint.



• Disconnect the connector.

BREVA V1100 Chassis



• Disconnect the fuel pipe.



Remove the fuel tank sliding it off.

